

COUNCIL OF FOUR WITH THE FOREIGN MINISTERS TAKE UP FINAL DETAILS

Referendum Determined On for Schleswig-Holstein, and the Adriatic, Morocco and Various Minor Ques- tions Are Considered.

WILSON MAY STAY FOR TREATY SIGNING

**German Delegation of 200
Expected to Arrive April**

24—Paris Paper Says President "Remains Great Friend of France."

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, April 18.—The Council of Four yesterday discussed questions relating to Schleswig-Holstein, Heligoland and the Adriatic. While the Council was in session the foreign

The council decided that the Schleswig-Holstein question would be settled in accordance with the

conclusions of the territorial commission, which recommended that the matter should be adjusted by a referendum, arrangements to be made to insure the impartiality of the conditions under which it is held.

The Foreign Ministers also took up the draft of articles . . . the peace treaty providing for the recognition by Germany of the British position in Egypt and the passing over of the Sultan's rights under the Suez Canal convention; the acceptance by Ger-

many of allied prize court decisions and likewise an article dealing with the future status of Morocco.

discussing with them phases of the situation in which they are particularly interested.

French In Accord With U. S.

The negotiations between the representatives of the allied and asso-

completed Tuesday, the *Echo de Paris* says it learns from an authoritative source. The newspaper adds that at no time has the understanding between France and the United States been closer, and that the

The Gaulois says that the final agreement on the frontiers between Jugo-Slavia and Italy will be incor-

"The time has come to destroy the legend tending to represent President Wilson as adopting regretfully such a solution," says the *Petit Parisien*, in commenting upon the settlement of

the question relative to the left bank of the Rhine by the Council of Four. "There may have been divergencies as to methods but there was an agreement on principle and an agreement on the realization of that principle."

"Wilson Our Great Friend."

"Not the least interesting feature of the prolonged discussion was to see President Wilson apply himself passionately to the task of solving the problem and still not injuring

the rights of France. He uttered a phrase one day which France ought to know. He declared with an accent coming from the heart: "It would be the sorrow of my life if the great peace we are making should be jeopardized by any difficulties."

"The man who threw his country into the war for France remains our great friend."

German Government to send representatives to Versailles for the meeting of the peace congress on April 25. It is expected that the German delegation will reach Versailles about April 24. The complete German peace mission probably will number

The German delegates will reside in a wing of the Hotel des Reservoirs, adjoining the Prefecture of Police. French delegates or members of their staffs will occupy the rest of the hotel, which

one time the home of Mme. de Pompadour. Most of the French delegates from the other countries probably will go to Versailles daily to attend the meetings with the German delegates at the Trianon Palace Ho-

tel, where the Supreme War Council has had its headquarters. The meetings with the Germans, it seems probable, will continue for 10 or 15 days. The treaty of peace will be signed in the famous Hall of Mirrors in the palace at Versailles.

President Wilson's Plans.
The indications are that the proceedings may move with such dispatch that President Wilson can re

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REPORT TO U. S. ON KOREA REVOLT AND JAPANESE CRUELTY

Description of Insurrection
for American Government
in Series of Accounts
Written by American.

SCORES KILLED IN THE RURAL DISTRICTS

In Cities, However, Where
Foreigners Reside, the Mil-
itary Abstained From Fir-
ing on Crowds.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, March 20.—The Korean insurrection, announced as a passive revolution against Japanese rule, will be brought to the attention of the American Government in a series of graphically written reports. One of these has just been read by a correspondent of the Associated Press. It was written by an American, and recites the sensational events from March 1, when the revolt began, until March 15, when the report was started on its way to the American Minister at Peking. According to this story, the Koreans who sought publicly to demonstrate their demands for independence were violently treated, scores being killed and hundreds injured. The report summarizes these features of the insurrection as follows:

The revolution began Saturday afternoon, March 1, in many large cities in Korea, and spread like wildfire to the country. It was well planned, the plotters representing all classes. A proclamation of independence signed by 23 men had previously been issued. Twenty-nine of these men gathered in Seoul on Feb. 28, and after the meeting, where the proclamation was read, met at a dinner party. Later they telephoned to the police that they were ready to go to jail, whereupon the authorities took them to prison.

Violence in Rural Districts.
“In Seoul and Pyeongyang and other cities, where foreigners resided, the military abstained from firing on the crowds, but in the remote and violence of the most terrible description has been practiced. Unresting crowds have been fired upon, scores of people killed and hundreds wounded. Churches have been wrecked, private homes entered, and young men and school girls, in particular, dragged off to prison where most of them have been flogged and a few held for trial.”
“Here in Pyeongyang, where the treatment of the people has been much milder than in the rest of the country, I have personally witnessed or heard directly from witnesses of so many terrible scenes that I can hardly bear to write them.”
“Five theological seminary students, men who had just arrived in Pyeongyang that morning, while quietly resting in their rooms, were taken to the police station and, although protesting their innocence of plotting against the Government, were given 25 lashes applied at full strength.”

Girls Dragged by Hair.
“Two girls were dragged by the hair from a house near the mission hospital, tied to a telegraph post by their hair, horribly beaten by deputized firemen and then left to die.”
“One man, 65 years old, was caught by soldiers and beaten and kicked until he could not walk. Then he was dragged off to jail. Before he had gone 400 yards another squad of soldiers repeated the ceremony, and at the jail, where the punishment was continued, the victim collapsed and was sent home in aricksha.”

“While the crowds were parading the streets, the police and soldiers ran their weapons deliberately into unresisting bystanders because they happened to be in the way.”
“In front of the prefect's office, one defenseless Korean was run down and killed by two firemen armed with pikes. The corpse was dragged along the ground and away by the slayers.”

Foreigners in Danger.
“Old men, women and children have been indiscriminately abused, beaten, cut down with swords, struck by firemen armed with pikes, officially flogged at the police station, pierced by bayonets, and never a man has resisted the military. The passive revolt has been true to its name here. ‘Because we foreigners can remain here during the continuance of the trouble.’”

Little News Permitted to Come Out of Seoul by Japanese.

PEKIN, April 16.—Little news is permitted to come out of Seoul since April 1, but dispatches indicate that conditions in Korea are still serious. The Korean Daily News of April 1 to April 4 has not been permitted distribution, though the issue of April 5 and 6 have arrived. This paper reports that on April 1 an assembly of from 400 to 500 persons gathered in one of the principal streets in Seoul, troops were called out and fired, killing about 60 and wounding 70 others. Numerous arrests were made.

PEACE TERMS DENOUNCED BY THE GERMAN PRESS

Lichowsky Declares Peace of Violence Must
Be Absolutely Rejected—“Shameless
Mockery of 14 Points.”

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, Tuesday, April 15.—Semi-official French announcements of the conditions to be laid down in the treaty of peace are denounced by the German press. Prince Lichowsky, in an article in the Tageblatt, declares France “forgets that instead of leading to disarmament, an unjustly extorted peace will bring forth only more armaments, throwing into the shade all former armaments, because a mailed fist peace can be maintained only by the mailed fist.”

Declaring that a peace of violence must be absolutely rejected, he concludes:

“Nobody can recommend the war against us. Neither can we be starved, without the common enemy, communism and terrorism, throwing all mankind back into its primitive state.”

“No German Government can sign such terms,” the Vorwaerts declares. “The Entente statesmen must themselves settle with the inhabitants of the Saar Valley, who are thoroughly German, and they may find that the sums proposed as indemnity cannot be extracted, even if the last sheet is taken from our beds.”

The Lokal Anzeiger says: “The solution of the Saar question, which is proposed means the covering of naked annexation with a fig leaf,” says the Boersen Courier. “Mr. Wilson seems to have approved of a plan that would be the most tremendous political defeat he could experience.”

Peace Must Be One of Conciliation.
Says President Ebert.

COPENHAGEN, April 15.—According to a dispatch from Copenhagen, the German press has denounced the following message to the National Assembly:

**COUNCIL OF FOUR
WITH FOREIGN MINISTER
CONSIDER DETAILS**
Continued From Page One.

main for the signing of the treaty, and thus be able to take back the completed document.

This is the main aim of the President intimates when their attention was called to the reports in French papers that his departure had been fixed for April 28. It was declared that most of the intentions have been formed, and that the progress gave promise that the President would remain long enough to see the Congress working in the country.

Preliminary to the Germans' arrival a plenary session of the peace conference is to be held at the foreign office for determination of the final course to be pursued by the allies before entering into relations with the German plenipotentiaries. One plan under consideration is for the Council of Four to hold the first meeting with the Germans and deliver the document. This would not be a public session, and its main purpose would be to arrange effective disposal of the business without prolonged discussion.

An alternative plan is for the entire membership of the peace conference to proceed to Versailles for a formal session, at which the treaty would be delivered. President Wilson, E. D. Moreau, the members of the council, and officers of the protocol are working out these details.

In addition to other questions discussed by the German Foreign Ministers yesterday was the question whether the cost of occupation of the left bank of the Rhine would be borne by the Germans or the allies.

Raw Material for Germany.
An official statement on a meeting of the Supreme Economic Council says:

“The Supreme Economic Council held its fifth meeting at the Ministry of Commerce on Monday, under the chairmanship of Van der Meulen.”
“It was decided in view of the large number of questions coming before the council, which particularly affect Belgium, that the Belgian Government should be invited to nominate a representative who shall have the right to attend the meetings of the council and of its sections.”

“The disposal of surplus stocks of raw material in possession of the allied Governments for sale to the German Government during the period prior to the treaty of peace, under arrangement to be worked out by a special commission in conjunction with the blockade and finance sections of the council, was discussed.”
“The council again considered the serious deficiencies in the Italian coal situation and a committee was appointed for the immediate increase of the insufficient supply.”

Other Reparation Claims.
Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey are not particularly promising debtors, but the problem of German compensation for damages done by the enemy is a very difficult one from which to withdraw.

France Not Forgotten.
The delegates, said Lloyd George, had never forgotten that France had gone through and they had not forgotten to what she was entitled—not merely security against a repetition of the German attack, but a feeling of security against it. The conference had come to a unanimous conclusion on all the questions before it, including a decision that to publish the peace terms before they were discussed with the enemy would be a first-class blunder. Their premature publication, he contended, could only serve to encourage the resistance of the enemy.

“The National Assembly, as the competent representative of the German people, expressed unanimously on April 10, the expectation that the Government would agree only to a peace based on understanding and conciliation and would reject any treaty which would sacrifice the present and future of the German people and the world.”

“I welcome this pronouncement as a declaration of inflexible will of the German people, that the coming peace shall be a peace of lasting understanding and conciliation among the nations and that it must not be a peace which leaves the possibility of permanently observing the principle of understanding and conciliation.”

“The National Assembly and the Government are working with devotion and energy to fulfill the great task of giving peace, bread, work and a new Constitution to a great nation. The task is difficult to fulfill as long as those who have in their minds the idea of the world peace allow themselves to be dominated by feelings of hatred and revenge and by means of the hunger blockade and by threatening our children with the death of the German people to despair.”

“Five months ago we accepted our enemies' terms. We agreed with them on the basis for a conclusion of peace. We have fulfilled the hard armistice conditions, disbanded our army and surrendered enemy prisoners, but peace is still withheld from us. Though defenseless and economically exhausted, we still are cut off by the blockade and our demands are still detained, which is equivalent to a continuation of the war. It is a burden such as no nation has yet been compelled to endure.”

“We have done everything to obtain peace from our enemies and to liberate our nation from this intolerable state. The responsibility for all the consequences which must follow the continuance of the present situation for us and the world must fall on their shoulders.”

White House Hears of Excellent Progress at Paris.
WASHINGTON, April 16.—Distinct improvement in the general peace conference situation was reported to the White House today from Paris. It was indicated that excellent progress was being made toward concluding the negotiations.

**SITUATION STILL
FULL OF PERIL, SAYS
ENGLISH PREMIER**
Continued From Page One.

time for their work, as a blunder might precipitate a universal war which might be either near or distant. After his reference to this point to what he characterized as the time-saving process of building up the league of nations, and his appeal for freedom for the conference to finish its labor without further harrying, he continued along this line to point to the dangers of not allowing the conferees the calm deliberation they required.

The question of Russia was one of the most complex problems ever dealt with by any body of men, Lloyd George pointed out. One difficulty was that the Russian Government “There is an organization controlling central Russia, but there is nobody who can say it is even a de facto Government for the whole of Russia,” he declared. “Even if we could, under any circumstances recognize the Bolshevik Government, we cannot recognize it as the de facto Government in Russia.”

“It is just like a volcano which is still in eruption, and the best we can do is to provide security for those dwelling on its remotest and most accessible slopes, and arrest the flow of lava so that it shall not scorch other lands.”

Matter for Russian People.
After saying that there was no question of recognizing the Russian Soviet Government and that such a proposition had never been discussed, he proposed, the Premier said, was a fundamental principle of British foreign policy never to interfere with the internal affairs of other countries. The Government of Russia was a matter for the Russian people.

It was at this point that the Premier declared that it was not the duty of the British Government to commit the country to a gigantic enterprise in order to improve Russian conditions, much as the Government deplored those conditions, pointing out that Russia was a country very easy to invade, but a very difficult one from which to withdraw.

France Not Forgotten.
The delegates, said Lloyd George, had never forgotten that France had gone through and they had not forgotten to what she was entitled—not merely security against a repetition of the German attack, but a feeling of security against it. The conference had come to a unanimous conclusion on all the questions before it, including a decision that to publish the peace terms before they were discussed with the enemy would be a first-class blunder. Their premature publication, he contended, could only serve to encourage the resistance of the enemy.

“I am here to say that every pledge we have given is incorporated in the demands put forward by the allies,” he asserted. “We stand by them because we believe they are just. We want a peace that is just, not vindictive. We want a stern peace, because the ocean demands it, but it must be designed to gratify vengeance, but to vindicate justice. Every clause and every term in the conditions must be justified. Above all, we want to protect the future against a repetition of the horrors of this war.”

Criticism Newspaper Attacks.
The Premier said he was going back to Paris if the House wanted to go. Whoever went, he declared, must have the full confidence of the Parliament and carry out its pledges to the utmost of his power.

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U. S. TANK SERGEANTS HISSED BY CANADIANS

“Treat ‘Em Rough” Was Title
of American Play and Audience
Took It as Cue.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 15.—Since an audience here hissed Sergt. Shea and Sergt. Bowman, U. S. Tank Corps, off the stage a fortnight ago, the managers of local theaters have been more than overcautious with warnings to new acts against too much Americanism.

Ziegfeld's Follies, with Frank Carter substituting the word “Canadian” for “American” in the ballad of the soldier who never got licked, is getting by nicely this week.

Following newspaper agitation, cuts from the movies, particularly the news weeklies, are being made by the direct authority of the Provincial Government wherever Old Glory waves too freely.

Frankly, an anti-American feeling is not deeply based with many, but all the more vocal, is appearing under provocation but increasingly.

Won't Give Doughboys Credit.
Explanation is found in the sensibility of the Canadian soldiers, many being veterans of three years in France. They believe that the war was not won by the doughboys, and they say so very emphatically.

While these men returned in hundreds before the armistice, now they come in thousands.

“The Treat ‘Em Roughs,” was the title of the American tankers' act, and after their one brief appearance on the Canadian stage the actors admitted laughingly they had been treated roughly enough.

Most American actors realize national sentiment here, and without losing any self-respect decline to play up American pride of achievement while in a foreign country. They appear at night, perform ones for the convalescent soldiers and are welcomed. American soldiers, particularly officers, move in the best society here with perfect comports.

Inflamed by Stories.
Considerable strain is caused by the eternal harping of American magazines on the superiority of the American fighters. Stories that the “English” were good only to run away simply infuriate their Canadian comrades, many believing this Sinn Fein propaganda.

American movie scenes are eliminated mainly to make proportions better, as new films of British and almost none of Canadian origin are available.

“We won the war,” shouted a transport load of doughboys to a Canadian officer as soon as they recognized his uniform, according to his wrathful story before the Canadian Club here a fortnight ago.

Theatrical speaking, Canadians are tired of too much New York. The veterans consider they have seen greater cities than New York, citing London and Ypres, for example.

But American things are not unduly troubling Canadians and solid respect for America's abilities and sacrifice remain.

**STEAMBOAT GOLDEN EAGLE
GOES ON ROCKS AT ALTON**

Carrying Freight and a Few Passengers, Bound for Calhoun

The steamboat Golden Eagle, bound from St. Louis to Calhoun County (Ill.) points, went on the rocks at Alton about 11 a. m. today. She carried freight and a few passengers.

A high wind was blowing and it is supposed this carried the boat ashore, though there was some indication that the machinery was out of order. The boat had passed through the swinging bridge just below Alton and was heading for its regular landing when persons on shore saw it suddenly swerve and start downstream toward the bridge, whose pivot pier had been closed behind it.

There was frantic sounding of the boat's whistle and the bridge was opened in record-breaking time. However, the boat did not go through the bridge again, but landed on a stone pier just above the bridge. The boat was in such a position that the passengers easily walked ashore.

Hadley's Father-in-Law Dies.
By the Associated Press.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 15.—Charles S. Lee, a pioneer grain merchant of Kansas City and father-in-law of former Gov. Herbert S. Hadley, died here yesterday. He had been engaged in the grain business here almost continuously since 1839.

JUDGE DYER TALKS OF QUITTING
Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CAPE GIRARD, Mo., April 15.—Judge David P. Dyer, of St. Louis, who is sitting here in the United States District Court, today said he might retire at any time. The statement was made from the bench after he had announced that execution on a \$400 fine in a postoffice robbery case would be stayed for six months or until the next term of court.

The Judge said he might not be here at that time, as he had been thinking of retiring, but that his successor would handle the case as well as he would.

Franklin Bank
Is made of MANGANESE STEEL and weighs seventeen tons.
This is but one of the safe-guards in this most modern BANK BUILDING.
A large number of Five Dollar bills have been found in the vaults in order to meet the present demand for this size box.
Corner Broadway and Washington Avenue

“Got You, Steve!” Exclaims Gleeful “M’Sieu San Louis”

Distinguished Baby Emigrant Comes From
Washington, D. C., to Bring Gladness to the
City's Children as an Easter Gift.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 15.—“Steve,” a baby hippopotamus, the latest acquisition to the St. Louis Zoo, arrived at the express dock at Union Station shortly before noon today from the Washington (D. C.) Zoo.

A reception committee, consisting of Chris A. Windmiller, secretary of the Zoo Board, and Charles Culliff, superintendent of construction, were on hand to greet him.

“Steve” was purchased six months ago for \$1500 from the National Zoological Park at Washington. He is 23 months old and weighs 1245 pounds. In the opinion of experts his size will increase at a rate that will enable him to tip the scales at 6000 pounds within five years.

He came in a strongly reinforced crate, eight feet long and four feet

high and wide, which occupied a special express car. W. H. Blackburn, head keeper of the Washington Zoo, made the trip with him.

Upon arrival Steve was transferred to a waiting auto truck and taken to the Forest Park Zoo, where his bath, nicely tempered on account of the chill weather, was awaiting him. At a cost of \$897 the Zoo Board has insured an individual concrete tank for Steve, with a steam-heating arrangement so that the water may be heated.

Steve was born March 23, 1917, and weighed 49 pounds at birth. He eats ground oats, vegetables, bran, bananas, and has a special fondness for loaves of bread soaked in milk. The Zoo Board will present him Sunday as an Easter gift to the children of St. Louis.

**SOLDIER VOTE DEFEATS
NEW ZEALAND PROHIBITION**

The “Drys” Had a Majority Which Has Now Been Materially Over-

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, April 16.—The vote of New Zealand soldiers has wiped out the majority for prohibition, which was rolled up in that commonwealth on April 11, according to a dispatch to the Central News from Christ Church.

In the New Zealand election the prohibition forces claimed a majority of more than 12,000 votes. It was announced at that time that the ballot given by 40,000 soldiers had not been counted. An indication of the trend of the soldier vote was given, however, when New Zealand soldiers in England voted, the anti-prohibition forces having 15,839 votes out of approximately 20,000.

**BOY ON WAY TO SCHOOL HURT
FATALLY IN FALL FROM CAR**

Louis Mahler, 8 years old, son of Louis F. Mahler, 6002 West Cabanne avenue, shoe machine manufacturer, was fatally injured at 10 o'clock this morning when he fell from the trailer of a Hodiament street car just east of Goodfellow avenue. His skull was fractured. He died in an ambulance on the way to St. Luke's Hospital.

E. D. S. ward, 120 Highland avenue, said the boy and other passengers, as they alighted at Goodfellow avenue, he got started up before he was off. He clung to the car as it started and fell from the car as it proceeded about 25 feet and then jumped. His head hit the street.

The boy was on his way to the Dozier School, Goodfellow and Maple avenues, four blocks from his home. He was late in leaving home and for that reason took the street car. His mother learned of the accident when he was on his way to hospital, but he did not learn of his death until after she reached there.

**NAVAJO BEN RUNS FOR MAYOR
BUT DOESN'T GET A VOTE**

“Honest Injun” Takes Matter Tranquilly and Will Go Back to Selling Herbs.

Returns from the election at Millstadt, Ill., yesterday proved conclusively that Navajo Ben is politically an “honest Injun.” Ben, who divides his time equally between dispensing justice and dispensing Indian remedies, aspired recently to rise from the office of Justice of the Peace to that of Mayor, and he shed his war bonnet into the ring.

He went to the polls yesterday and voted. When the votes were cast last night not a single one had been cast for Ben for Mayor. He says he is satisfied with the result and will continue to deal in herbs and equity.

**GOV. GARDNER
WORRIED OVER
“MUD ROADS” BILL**
Continued From Page One.

idence they will win and that the Governor will sign the measure and possibly do it today.

Revenue and Salaries.
They are pointing to the Governor's statement at the beginning of the Legislature that he would veto all salary increase bills unless additional revenue was provided. This at the time was taken to mean that the Governor would feel that he would be compelled to ignore the merits of the salary measure and it is the general belief on all sides that all the salary bills which so far have passed both Houses have been fully justified by conditions. But the fact remains that not one revenue bill has passed both Houses, while some of them have been killed outright, yet the Governor has signed bills increasing the salaries of the County Superintendents of Schools in the 114 counties of the State an average of \$500 a year each; the salaries of 30 Circuit Judges \$1500 a year each, and has approved a measure increasing the number of Supreme Court Commissioners from four to six, adding \$15,000 a year to the State payroll.

\$14,000 Pierce Fine Is Affirmed.
The United States Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed a decree of the Federal Court here awarding the Government a judgment of \$14,000 against Clay Arthur Pierce and stockholders in the Waters-Pierce Oil Co. The Government sued to collect a fine of that amount imposed by a Federal court in 1914 in the Federal Court of Louisiana for violation of the act prohibiting rebates on interstate shipments.

MAYOR TO VETO BILL FOR MORGAN CUT-OFF

Favors Substitute Measure to Eliminate “Island” at Grand and Delmar.

Mayor Kiel said today that he would veto the bill creating the so-called Morgan cut-off, connecting Morgan street and Delmar boulevard, to permit the passage of a substitute measure which will eliminate an island which construction under the present measure would create at Delmar boulevard and Grand avenue.

The new measure, as suggested by Harland Bartholomew, engineer of the City Plan Commission, provides for the condemnation of three additional buildings on the north side of Delmar west of Grand, eliminating the island and leaving a triangular space which, he suggests, be used for parking of automobiles. The need of parking space is a substitute measure which will eliminate an island which construction under the present measure would create at Delmar boulevard and Grand avenue.

**SENATOR REED WANTS EVERYONE
TO SUPPORT VICTORY LOAN**

Hopes It Will Be End of Issuing Bonds to Pay for European

WASHINGTON, April 16.—In concluding his address here last night in opposition to the league of nations covenant, United States Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, made an appeal to all citizens to support the coming Victory Loan and declared: “I hope this will be the end of European wars.”

Regarding the league, Senator Reed reiterated his statement that amendments to the constitution came through criticism voiced on this side of the Atlantic, and asserted that further changes were necessary.

J. O. B. MERKEL'S FUNERAL
Services Will Be Under the Auspices of Masons.

The funeral of John O. Bernhard Merkel, of the Merkel Engraving Co., will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at 2007 Gage street, St. Louis, at the residence of Mrs. A. F. & A. M., will conduct the funeral.

Death was caused by apoplexy, following a sudden stroke while he was riding in his son's automobile Sunday afternoon. He was in the engraving business here for 33 years, the Merkel firm being one of the oldest in the city in the line of business. Merkel, four sons and a daughter survive him.

Kansas Joins in Bird Suit
By the Associated Press.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 16.—An intervening action to bring Kansas into the suit brought by the State of Missouri to enjoin Federal Game Wardens from enforcing the migratory bird treaty act, will be filed in the Federal Court at Kansas City, Kan., today by Richard J. Hopkins, Attorney-General. A bill passed by the recent Legislature directing the Attorney-General to contest the claims of the Government, was vetoed by Gov. Allen.

Jefferson Salary Bill Signed.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—Gov. Gardner approved the House bill last night increasing the salary of 32 Circuit Judges from \$1200 to \$1400. The Circuit Judges of St. Louis, Kansas City, Buchanan, Jasper, Greene and St. Louis, who are excepted, but every other Circuit Judge in the State will be the beneficiary of an increase in his salary of \$200 a year.

Good House-keepers

have always chosen
Grape-Nuts for
its appetizing food
values.

Just now its excellent sugar-saving properties commend this wonderful cereal food.

No raise in price, during or since the war.

Goggles

Your driving glasses should be fitted and adjusted with the same skill as your regular glasses. Your eyes are surely worth this attention.

Erker's

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 12, 1878.
Published Daily by the Pulitzer Publishing Co., Twelfth and Olive streets.
Member Audit Bureau of Circulations.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.
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GARDNER ADVISED AGAINST ROAD BILL BY FEDERAL BUREAU

Chamber of Commerce Discussion Brings Out Fact That Governor Suppressed Telegram From Washington.

MCCULLOUGH SPEAKS, UPHOLDING MEASURE

After Meeting Here St. Louis Organization Wires Governor Urging Veto of Bill.

Following a meeting called by the Executive Committee of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, at which State Senator F. H. McCullough, author of the McCullough-Morgan road bill, was present to defend the measure, a telegram was sent by the committee to Gov. Gardner urging that he veto the bill.

The decision to send the telegram came after several hours' arguments for and against the bill. The champions of the measure were Senator McCullough and former State Senator John Malang of Joplin, now secretary of the State Highway Board. Those who spoke against it were L. J. Brooks, president of the Hard Roads Committee of Missouri, and Chairman of the Good Roads Committee of the Chamber of Commerce; A. C. McKibbin, former State Highway Commissioner; Roy F. Britton and F. W. A. Vesper.

Statements that St. Louis and other cities in Missouri would be required to furnish the funds to carry on the work of building dirt roads from which the cities would derive no benefit, were denied by Senator McCullough, and Malang denied that the funds raised would or could be "frittered away" by spreading the appropriations out thinly over all the counties in the State which need roads, and for which McCullough's bill provides roads at a cost of \$1200 per mile, with the counties matching dollars with the Federal appropriation for any sum in excess of that amount necessary for construction.

McCullough Explains Bill

McCullough said that he had taken the Hawes road measure as a basis for his bill, but had improved upon it. He declared the Hawes act did not provide for expending unmatched Federal aid money, and that the State would have only \$3,200,000 for this purpose, which would leave \$6,124,804 unmatched, and with no provision by which it could be expended for road improvements.

His measure called for an initial appropriation of \$1200 per mile for construction of adaptable road projects, he said, explaining that by this the measure meant roads complying with the law, adaptable to carrying the traffic in the particular community in which the road was built, and projects which had received the approval of the State Highway Department and the Federal Bureau of Public Roads.

It was to this matter which Louis J. Brooks and other speakers referred when they declared Gov. Gardner had suppressed a telegram he is said to have received from the Federal Bureau of Public Roads in which that organization recommended strongly against signing the McCullough-Morgan bill.

Brooks said he had wired a friend in Washington to learn if Gov. Gardner had telegraphed a copy of the measure to the Bureau and what decision had been reached. His reply, he said, was that the Governor had been advised against signing the bill because, in its present form, it would not permit most effective Federal co-operation to the desired end of producing permanent and effective roads because of the established initial cost of \$1200 per mile and because the appropriations would be spread out too thin over all the counties. McCullough said the man who sent the telegram acted without proper authority.

Brooks' statement led to a motion by John F. Roberts demanding that a telegram be sent to Gov. Gardner urging him to veto the bill and to explain why he had suppressed the telegram referred to by Brooks. The motion was not acted upon at the time, but was later taken up by the Executive Committee and the message urging his veto of the bill sent.

Auto Dealers Against Bill.
F. W. A. Vesper, president of the National Automobile Dealers' Association, spoke against the bill, saying that to carry out its provisions would be to spend \$7,200,000 to advertise a bond issue for \$60,000,000 two years hence, and A. C. McKibbin declared that the bill was "inoperative, clumsy, vague, crude, by drawn and could in no way compare with the Hawes act." He declared Gov. Gardner will retard good roads construction if he signs the bill.

Roy F. Britton declared that Missouri's roads needed improving, but that if the program calling for 3500 miles of improved roads could not be carried out in two years it would be utterly impossible to carry out a program calling for 6000 miles. He said it would be a step forward to concentrate efforts on a smaller program and build roads which would be of permanent quality.

Former Senator Malang, speaking for the measure, pleaded with the committee not to send the telegram to Gov. Gardner and urged closer co-operation among the city and country interests. He said the ad-

ministrative provisions of the bill were not topheavy and said that it was not impractical. "You're scared beyond necessity," he said. "If the Kansas City Automobile Club indorses this measure and think it is a step forward in the establishment of permanent good roads, why is it not also good for St. Louis? He denied that the money could be dissipated by being spread out too thinly over the counties, because of the check on the law in the Federal Bureau of Public Roads in Washington.

A statement issued last night by

the National Automobile Dealers' Association, through F. W. A. Vesper, president, says in part: "The McCullough-Morgan bill is a mere bait to the politicians to wave before their constituents and will not build roads or adequately maintain them. Senator McCullough says that the amount of money allotted by the bill is not determined by the \$1200 a mile restriction in the measure, but is fixed according to the needs of the community for a road and the adaptability of that road. The appropriation is measured, not by its 'adaptability' but by its 'grab-

ability,' in our opinion.

"He claims for his bill an equitable distribution of State funds. Is there anything equitable in taking the money derived from the sale of automobile license tags and distributing it over a road that an automobile can't use six months out of the year? Is there anything equitable in taking \$235,000 a year from St. Louis automobilists and distributing it among counties that do not raise \$10,000 a year from automobilists? What Senator McCullough means is not an equitable distribution but an equivalent distribution.

a mile for mile distribution without regard to the method by which the money is raised for the purpose for which it is to be used.

"The most repulsive portion of the act is that it has not been approved by the Federal authorities and actually has been disapproved by them. It is repugnant to the very principles of Federal aid."

SCHOOL GIRL TAKES POISON
Wanted to Die Rather Than Continue Her Studies.
Mary McKinley, 14 years old, living with her parents, Edward and Lulu McKinley, 3817 Texas avenue, was taken to the city hospital at 9:30 o'clock last night suffering from poisoning. Her condition was said to be serious.

her parents that she attend school against her wishes. She mixed the poison with water and drank it.

I was Bald

A large bald spot on my head was covered with a full hair growth and now at the age of 65 I still have as much hair as anyone could desire. Many convincing reports proving efficacy of Kotalin. Contains genuine bear oil and other potential ingredients. Has induced hair growth when all else failed. Test KOTALIN for yourself. It is for men, women and children's hair. Obtain Kotalin at any drug store, or write for free brochure to J. Hart Brittain, 30 N. Station E., New York City.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Something back of our service

Personal service is an important feature of our organization. It is backed up by great variety of goods to choose from; assured all-wool quality of fabrics; highest standard of tailoring and our test of wear guarantee of satisfaction

Dress up for Easter; buy Hart Schaffner & Marx stylish clothes

THE most correctly styled and tailored clothes you can buy are here in large selections of the most beautiful patterns you've ever seen. Pure all-wool fabrics, hand-tailored in the season's newest styles for men and young men—models specially designed for large men, small men and all sized men.

Our large buying facilities enable us to offer you the extreme clothes values regardless of which price you pay—we carry the greatest stock of fine clothes in St. Louis. You'll find here patterns and fabrics which other stores are unable to show and you're sure to be satisfied with any selection you make—we guarantee that

\$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$50 \$60 \$75



Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Waist-seam suits for young men single and double breasted models

THIS is the new lively idea for Spring—we'll show it to you in single and double-breasted suits in many variations, braided models with pockets, cuffs and collar trimmed—crescent pockets, slash pockets—military backs, plaited backs, panel backs. These waist-seam suits by Hart Schaffner & Marx are recognized as the authentically correct style for Spring.

We're showing these new waist-seam suits for young men in a great variety of beautiful fabrics and patterns—exquisitely silk lined—handsomely hand tailored

\$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$50 \$60

Special values featured at \$35

Business men's suits, \$50

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX high quality suits for dignified business men are shown here in new, lively Spring styles correctly designed along conservative lines—big selections of beautiful patterns, many never shown here before—exquisite hand tailoring—rich, silk lining—qualities of workmanship and materials such as found only in high-grade custom-tailored garments selling at 50% to 75% more than our prices. Extra values at \$50.

Other good values, \$55, \$60, \$75

Authentic fashions in haberdashery, shoes and hats shown on our first floor

The St. Louis Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Wolff's

Washington Avenue at Broadway

Women's novelty Handkerchiefs of fine lawn, printed in various colored designs in beautiful border effects. Each one is hem-stitched. Special, 12½¢ each. (Main Floor.)

"Welcome Home" Banners



—should hang in every American home—not only for your boy but for all the boys who are coming home. We have a splendid assortment of these Banners, from the very small sizes to the large Bunting Flags. Small sizes priced 15¢ and upward. Large Banners, \$1.50 and upward. Also a big assortment of American and Allied Flags of wool, silk and cotton—from the very smallest to the large 15x25-foot size. (Main Floor.)

Boys' Easter Suits

With Extra Knickerbockers

\$16.50 \$18.50 to \$20

THESE Suits are of wool fabrics made in the new waistline models and are carefully tailored. Both pairs of trousers cut extra full and lined throughout. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Boys' Topcoats and Reefers, \$7.45 to \$18.50. We have received some new models in Boys' Coats. They are good-looking styles in blue serge, fancy mixtures or black-and-white checks. Sizes 2½ to 10 years.

Suits for Little Boys, \$7.45 to \$10.50. Smart styles in navy blue serge, Shepherd checks and fancy mixtures. Each Suit has a separate washable collar. Sizes 2½ to 8 years.

Easter Headwear for Boys and Children. Straws in all colors, \$1.50 to \$6.50. The new Tams, \$1.48 to \$2.95. Caps in all colors, 98¢, \$1.48 and \$2.00. Hats for the older boys, \$1.48 to \$3.95. (Second Floor Annex.)

STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

STORE HOURS 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.



Shoes for the Entire Family

IN a shoe section that specializes in Shoes for every member of the family, you will find assortments of all the newest Shoes and at prices that will make it of advantage to you to come here when there are Shoes to buy. The children will need new Shoes for Easter, and tomorrow we are featuring Children's Low Shoes at special prices.

Men's Shoes

HURLEY Brothers Shoes — This well-known line of strictly high-grade Shoes is carried in our men's shoe department. They may be had in mahogany calfskin, black kidskin and gunmetal kidskin—it's only a matter of which you prefer. There are all widths and sizes. Prices are \$9 to \$12 the pair.

Mahogany Calfskin Shoes, in high cut styles, are made over smart English lasts and have Goodyear welted soles and rubber heels. A pair, \$5

Children's Low Shoes

\$2.50 to \$4.50 Pr.

FOR "the little feet that are never still" there are ankle strap or instep strap Pumps that will look pretty with white stockings or colored socks. They come in patent leather, tan calfskin or black bearskin. The insoles are absolutely smooth and free from tacks and threads. These are "Kewpie Twin" make shoes. Prices range from \$2.50 to \$4.50, according to size.

Women's Shoes

—or rather we should say Women's Pumps and Oxfords—for these are fashion's favorite footwear this Spring.

Easter Pumps, Oxfords and Colonials are offered at a special price. They are of black or gray suede, black satin, brown kid, bright glazed kid and patent leather and have thin soles and high curved heels. The Colonial Pumps have large, square, fancy buckles. All sizes and widths. \$6 at the pair.

Other fine Dress Pumps and Oxfords and also Colonials in tan kid, black satin, patent leather, glazed kid and white washable kid—all widths and sizes. Price \$7.00 to \$12.00 the pair. (Main Floor.)

Tomorrow many little girls will be shopping for Easter Hats. The Junior Millinery Section is making special displays of Hats for girls in every new style to be had. Prices are \$2.48 to \$4.98. (Third Floor.)

A Great Easter Sale of Men's High-Grade Shirts

Values Are Exceptional in These Shirts for

\$2.95



If you have a new suit to wear Easter, be sure that the Shirt you wear with it is correct. We are offering some fine Fiber-Silk Shirts, Silk-Bosom Shirts and Silk-Stripe Shirts at a price that makes it possible for every man to have a good-looking new Shirt to wear Easter.

This is an exceptional group from every standpoint—each Shirt is perfect and shows excellent workmanship. There is an excellent variety of colored stripes on either light or dark grounds. All sizes 14 to 17½. Special, \$2.95. (Main Floor Annex.)

Our Greatest Sale of Outer-Apparel in the Downstairs Store

Our Purchase of the Surplus Stock of Kurlander Bros. & Harfield, Comprising Suits, Capes, Coats and Dresses for Women and Misses

—about 2800 garments in all—bringing to you the greatest saving opportunity the Downstairs Garment Section has ever presented. It is a most timely event for those who are interested in new Easter apparel and have deferred their purchases.

The vast selection of styles, the splendid quality of the garments and the extremely low prices which prevail, make this occasion one of extreme interest. We include in this sale 500 garments from our own stock, which are offered at corresponding savings. Two of the styles in this sale are illustrated.

No phone or mail orders will be filled. No garments sent C. O. D. None subject to exchange. They are all arranged in five immense groups to facilitate choosing. Extra selling space and extra salespeople to serve you.

Group 1—**\$5**
Choice,

Suits—of serge and poplin, in navy, Copenhagen, tan, brown, green and Shepherd checks.

Coats—in belted and flare styles of cheviot, serge, velour and taffeta—black and colors, also plaids.

Dresses—of silk taffeta, poplin and foulards, in colors and black.

Sizes for women and misses.

Group 2—**\$7.50**
Choice

Suits—of poplin and serge, tailored and trimmed styles. Coats and Capes—of taffeta, velour, serge, moire and jersey, in black and colors. Belted styles, pockets and buttons.

Dresses—of taffeta, crepe de chine and taffeta combinations, in a variety of styles. Of many there is but one of a kind.

Sizes for women and misses.

Group 3—**\$10**
Choice

Suits—of taffeta silk, serge and poplin, in belted as well as tailored and trimmed styles.

Coats—of velour, taffeta, fancy weave, mixtures and serge—many half lined. In black and colors.

Dresses—of taffeta and Georgette combination and crepe de chine. Navy, gray, green, tan and black.

Sizes for women and misses.

Group 4—**\$12.50**
Choice,

Suits—many silk lined—of serge, gabardine, poplin, in navy, gray, green, black, tan and rookie. Tailored and smart trimmed styles.

Dresses—of silk taffeta, crepe de chine and taffeta combination in rose, green, navy, gray and black.

Capes and Coats—in a great variety of styles. Capes of velour and serge. The Coats of gabardine, poplin and velour. In colors and black.

Sizes for women and misses.

Group 5—**\$15**
Choice,

Suits—of men's-wear serge, gabardine and poplin, silk, peau de cygne and pussy-willow lined. Box styles, Russian blouse and tailored styles, with belt, vest, buckles and braid trimmed.

Dresses—of Georgette, taffeta and crepe de chine, in henna, gray, navy and green.

Capes, Dolmans and Coats—of velour, taffeta, serge and Bolivia, in a variety of styles. Half lined. Black and colors.

Sizes for women and misses.



New Dress Materials

Wash Satin—In the much-wanted flesh and ivory, for outergarments and undergarments. Excellent quality. 36 inches wide. A yard, \$1.49. Georgette Crepe—In ivory, flesh and black, in a quality that gives unusual service. 40 inches wide. A yard, \$1.49.

Black-and-White Shepherd Checks—In different sizes and of correct weight for suits, dresses and skirts. 42 inches wide. A yard, 85¢. Rich Mercerized-Finish Sateen Linings—In black and colors; good quality, 36 in. wide. A yard, 39¢. (Downstairs Store.)

White Voiles, 23c a Yard

Soft-finished White Voiles, made of combed yarns. 39 inches wide. (Downstairs Store.)

Women's Low Shoes

Pumps and Oxfords

\$3.75 Pair



ALL new, up-to-date styles, in patent leather, black glazed kid and washable white kid. Many of them have the full French heels, hand-turned soles or flexible sewed soles. All sizes.

White Pumps and Oxfords \$3.00

Women's White Canvas Pumps and Oxfords, with full French heels covered to match. All sizes. (Downstairs Store.)

Gloves

For Easter Wear at 49c and 89c

Women's fine, light-weight Chamoisette Gloves, of best quality, in black, white and gray, with either self or contrasting heavily embroidered backs. Two clasps. A pair, 49c.

Women's Gloves of very fine quality Milanese silk, heavy weight, in black and white only, with self-embroidered backs. Two clasps. These are slight seconds from one of the best manufacturers. At a pair, 89c. (Downstairs Store.)

'Kerchiefs

Kiddies' Jap. Silk Handkerchiefs, with pretty printed picture designs that are especially pleasing to the little folks. Each, 50¢.

Handkerchiefs for Men, soft finished cambric, neatly hem-stitched, at 3 for 19c.

Women's Handkerchiefs—Fine silky batiste, embroidered in one-corner floral effects in white, with all-around scalloped edges. Each, 15c. (Downstairs Store.)

Children's Dresses

at **\$1.00**



A SPECIAL purchase of 300 garments brings some unusual values in pretty Gingham Dresses. They come in a choice selection of plaids and checks, trimmed in contrasting colors. High-waisted style. Sizes 2 to 6 years. (Downstairs Store.)

Silk Neckwear for Men

Very Specially Priced at

48c

MEN'S large flowing-end Scarfs, made of high-grade silk, in figured, checked and striped designs—patterns which are new and attractive.

Men's Silk Neckwear, 25c. Flowing-end style, and in figured and floral designs, as well as solid colors.

Men's Shirts of Unusual Quality, 85c. Made of soft-finish percale. Have French cuffs, band style, and five-button front. Sizes 14 to 17. (Downstairs Store.)



Easter Candy

29c Pound

Bright-colored, assorted small Candy Eggs, priced special for Thursday at 29c pound.

Chocolate Marshmallow Eggs at 12c dozen. (Downstairs Store.)

Curtains

New Felt and Scotch Net Curtains, in a large variety of styles, both dainty and elaborate patterns. White and ivory shades. At a pair, \$2.39.

Sunfast Madras, figured styles, in a full range of colors, suitable for any room. Full bolts, insuring sufficient quantity for one's needs. At a yard, 49c. (Downstairs Store.)

Rugs

Heavy grade Felt Linoleum Rugs, in two-piece style, and patterns that are suitable for kitchens and dining rooms. Slightly imperfect. 9x12-foot size, at \$6.87.

Felt Linoleum Rugs, in the 6x9-foot size, \$3.47.

Brussels Rug Samples, which are the quarter sections of room-size rugs, measuring 4½x6 feet, with border on one end and one side—bound on all edges, at \$3.29. (Downstairs Store.)

Women's Silk Stockings

at 95c Pair

PURE Thread Silk Stockings, in black, white, African brown, tan, gray and other wanted colors. Made with seam up the back.

Silk Stockings, 69c Pair. Women's Pure Thread Silk Stockings, in black and colors. Made with lisle garter tops, also in dropstitch effects. Irregulars of a well-known brand.

Lisle Stockings, 29c Pair. Women's "Burson" Mercerized Lisle Stockings, in black and white. Slightly irregular.

Men's and Women's Hose, 19c Pair. All are made with a silky finish, fine gauge, and are well reinforced. They wear and wash well. Some subject to slight imperfections. (Downstairs Store.)

Thursday—"American Lady" Corsets

at **\$1.35**

A NEW Spring model, in low bust style, neatly trimmed and with supporters attached. Sizes 20 to 30.

Pink Bandeaux, 29c

Bust Confiners, to be worn under sheer blouses. Good fitting, with straps over shoulder. Sizes 34 to 44. (Downstairs Store.)





Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Wha-da-ya-mean, Style?

Here's one answer—our double-breasted waist-seam

IT'S a simple matter to put a waist-seam in a suit and say, "That's style." But the waist-seam alone doesn't make style; it's just an attractive detail. The style must be designed and tailored into a suit; it's the drape, the lines, the expression.

You get everything in our clothes; correct style, all-wool fabrics, careful tailoring. Satisfaction or your money back—you decide it

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx waist-seams; new, stylish, all-wool; many variations here Satisfaction or your money back

Wolff's

Washington at Broadway

DISPLAYS OF WAR EQUIPMENT TO AID VICTORY LOAN

Exhibition of Heavy Artillery to Begin Saturday and Will Include Parade of a Howitzer.

Three displays of war equipment and methods, publicity features of the Victory Loan campaign, will take place here within the next few days. The first is an exhibition of heavy artillery, which will begin Saturday. The second is the tank demonstration, in connection with Sunday afternoon's inspirational mass meeting in Forest Park, when the biggest Easter parade ever seen in St. Louis is expected. The third is the visit of a German submarine, which is to come up the Mississippi river from New Orleans, the day of its arrival not having been announced.

The artillery exhibit is carried on a special train sent out by the Army Coast Artillery Corps. The train is manned by 12 officers and 113 enlisted men with gold service chevrons, a number having also the Distinguished Service Cross. It is in charge of Lieutenant-Colonel Spurgis and Maj. E. Vallart, adjutant. The equipment of the artillery exhibit includes a reconnaissance car, a three-inch anti-aircraft gun, a 240-mm. 8 1/2-inch trench mortar, three agile baby tractors which, according to their operators, can "turn around on a dime," a six-inch long-range Filsou gun, an eight-inch howitzer, a 36-inch searchlight mounted on a truck, a movable power plant, carrier pigeon station, radio field set, and a large display of work done by the Coast Artillery enlisted specialists' school.

An idea of how St. Louis would be bombarded will be given by the Searchlight company Saturday night. The apparatus will be set up at points of vantage and the powerful rays will be directed against "targets" under the direction of the artillery observer. The lights will also "spot" any "enemy" planes that might be flying over the city for the benefit of the anti-aircraft batteries. Artillery Band to Appear.

The parade and demonstration will be held Saturday and the guns will be parked for inspection by the public Sunday morning and part of the afternoon. The train will depart for Chicago Sunday night. During the demonstration and inspection Saturday, the Coast Artillery Band of 30 pieces will give a concert.

At Sunday afternoon's rally, four camouflaged tanks will be shown in action, demolishing trenches, plowing through barbed wire entanglements and machine gun nests. Shell holes, containing explosives, will also add to the realism of the tanks' advance. Capt. M. J. Meyer, who commanded a tank battalion in the Argonne, will drive a tank in a demonstration.

The German submarine assigned to the Mississippi Valley, which separated from a U-boat fleet at the Bermudas, is believed to be near New Orleans, and after it arrives there the schedule for its journey up the Mississippi will be announced. It will probably proceed above St. Louis to Alton, and probably to Hannibal, Mo., and Quincy, Ill.

First Subscription Announced. The Great Lakes Naval Training Station has been asked to send a hydroplane, or two planes, to fly over the submarine and bomb it from the air, to demonstrate the fate which actually overtook a number of such craft.

A moving picture scenario for use in local picture show houses during the campaign has been prepared by four St. Louis newspaper cartoonists: A. B. Chapin, D. R. Fitzpatrick, H. J. Tuttle and Otto Hartman.

The first subscription to the Victory Loan reported here is that of the Jefferson Hotel Co., for \$10,000, which was announced by J. Hugh Powers, vice president of the Mercantile Trust Co.

Two hundred speakers in the coming campaign took luncheon yesterday at the loan headquarters, Seventh and Locust streets, and were addressed by William R. Compton and J. C. Van Riper.

Your Druggist Sells N-Tabs. A laxative headache remedy, 10c.—ADV.

DECORATIONS CONFERRED ON MEN OF FIRST DIVISION

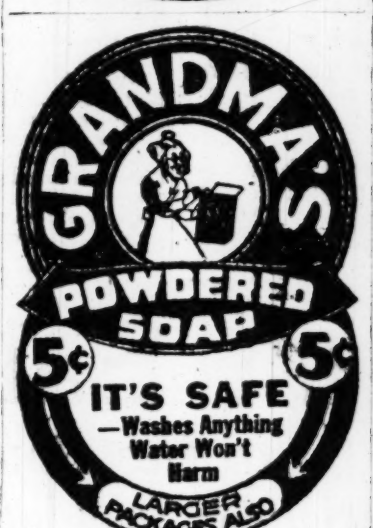
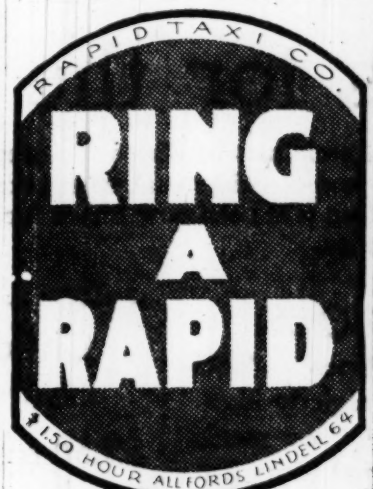
Veteran Fighters Reviewed in Germany by Gen. Dickman and Gen. McAndrew.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. COBLENZ, April 15.—One of the most beautiful sights in the American army of occupation was witnessed today when the veteran First Division was drawn up in a valley near Montabaur under Major-General Edward F. McGlachlin, who officers and men were decorated by Major-General Joseph T. Dickman, the army commander.

In the narrow valley in the bright morning sunshine the regiments were massed along one side like blocks of khaki against a background of green. The men marched past in company formation, while a band of 125 pieces played a stirring Sousa march. Along the skyline of the cup-shaped valley watching the ceremonies from afar were silhouetted the inhabitants of the surrounding towns. For nearly an hour the men marched with eyes turned right as they passed the reviewing Generals. These included: James W. McAndrew, chief of staff of the expedition; Harold B. Pike, head of the expedition's educational system; Malin Craig, chief of staff of the army of occupation; Edward F. McGlachlin, commanding the First Division, and Frank Parker, commanding the

First Brigade. The steady, unbroken columns finally disappeared at double time over the hills in the distance.

Prior to the review the heroes of Soissons, Exermont, Sedan and other fights in which the division was engaged were called forward and Major-General Dickman pinned American, French and Belgian decorations on their coats. Those receiving distinguished service crosses were Maj. Rice M. Youell of Barton, Va.; Capt. Paul T. Carter of Knoxville, Tenn.; Capt. George T. Phipps of Evansville, Tenn.; Sgt. Alvin P. Duncan of Smithville, Miss.; Sgt. Frank Stillwell of Kansas City, Mo.; and Privates George S. Caldwell of McKeesport, Pa.; George S. Caldwell of New Buffalo, Mich.; and Arthur Long of Roberts, Mont. Several hundred French war crosses were awarded. Copyright 1919 by the Chicago Daily News.



SIMPLE WAY TO END DANDRUFF

There is one sure way that has never failed to remove dandruff at once, and that is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need), apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have. You will find all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.—ADV.



IF HE DRINKS

Give Him TESCUM POWDERS Secretly

Any mother, wife or sister can stop the Drink Habit if she wants to do so. Thousands of women are happy today, because they gave their husbands, sons or "brothers" Tescum Powders. These powders are tasteless and harmless and can be given in either liquid or solid food.

You take no risk as Tescum Powders are sold under a steel-bound money-refund guarantee by Enderle, Johnson Bros., Pauley, Wolff-Wilson and other druggists.—ADV.

D.D.D.

THE Lotion for Skin Disease

We have witnessed such remarkable results with this soothing wash of oils that we offer you a bottle on the guarantee that unless it does some good for you, it costs you not a cent, 50c. and 1.00.

Write to: Druggist, 1001 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo. P. Merker, Dist., East St. Louis.—ADV.

Phosphorated MALT

Strengthens Vitalizes

Reinvigorates and invigorates every nerve and detaches the body from the "Dead End" of a full statement soon to appear in this paper.—ADV.

DERWILLO

The invisible face powder. Cannot be detected. Stays in utility with all. Instantly beautifies the complexion. Absorbs all oil and dirt. See large announcement soon to appear in this paper.—ADV.

Briggs-Vanderwoort-Barney

OLIVE AND LOCUST FROM NINTH TO TENTH

New Frocks for Easter

\$35.00 to \$69.50

Unusually attractive frocks of taffeta, crepe de chine, Georgette, foulard, satin and moire are shown in the greatest diversity of styles in all of the fashionable colors. In this showing there are models for all occasions—and for every type of figure.

Beads, embroidered designs, tiny plaitings, tucks, braid and ribbon have been used skillfully by adept designers. The skirts are draped and plain, while the newest sleeve features and collar effects are shown.

Dainty Organdie and Georgette collars and vestees appear on several models—in short, everything which will add to the attractiveness of the frocks has been employed. There are many navy blue, black and white models included—and of course the shades so much sought this season are all here.

Quality Vanderwoort Frocks you will appreciate because of their smartness. Costume Salon—Third Floor.



New Capes, Coats and Dolmans

for Easter

\$37.50 to \$150.00

The newest Capes and Dolmans of tricolette, tricotine, evora, satin, moire and serges are shown in models suitable for general and afternoon wear. Some are richly trimmed with braid and self buttons, while others show collars of beautiful silk and novelty buttons for ornamentation.

These distinctive, elegant Wraps are very graceful in appearance and will cover the dainty frocks in the most attractive manner.

Every Cape and Dolman in the showing is beautifully tailored and lined with splendid quality silk in many novel color combinations. There is a varied assortment of colors for your selection.

Women's Coat Shop—Third Floor.

Dainty New Easter Blouses

Attractively Priced

Stylish Blouses of excellent quality washable satin in flesh and white have a smart rolling collar and turn-back cuffs. Pretty pearl buttons complete this attractive blouse. Price \$5.00

Lovely Blouses of Georgette crepe in the newest Spring shades and styles—some with round or square necks—with the collar, cuffs and vestee trimmed with rows of pretty Val. lace. Price \$5.95

Other distinctive models of Georgette crepe range in price from \$7.50 to \$12.50

Blouse Shop—Third Floor.

Easter Suggestions for Little Tots

There are many dainty garments for the tiniest in the house shown in the Infants' Wear Shop—practical, attractive things at moderate prices.

Handmade Christening Caps in many pretty styles \$2.50

Handmade Dresses for babies up to 2 years \$2.95

Suits for little chaps in Oliver Twist style, made of good quality White Poplin; sizes up to 2 years \$2.95

Smocked Dresses—sizes up to 6 years—of white lawn \$3.95

White Voile Dresses, trimmed with fine laces; sizes up to 6 years \$4.95

Short White Pique Coats, effectively hand-embroidered; sizes to 2 years \$5.00

Pique Afghans, embroidered with sprays and hand scallops \$6.95

Silk Pongee Dresses, sizes 4 and 6 \$7.50

Infants' Wear Shop—Third Floor.



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ROW AT DINNER AT CRY OF "TO HELL WITH AMERICAN FLAG"

Man Who Insulted "Old Glory" During Senator Chamberlain's Speech Attacked But Escaped.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The address by United States Senator George D. Chamberlain at a dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf Astoria last night was a poem, "The American Flag." As the Oregon Senator recited the closing lines, one of the diners in the rear of the grand ball room half rose from his seat and shouted: "To hell with the American flag!"

Diners from several other tables started toward the man who had denounced the flag. Edward W. Mitchell, vice-president of the Texas and Oklahoma Oil Co., was first to reach him, and, swinging with his right arm, knocked down the disturber with a blow to the chin.

Several friends seated with the man attempted to interfere and there was a lively scuffle in which Mitchell himself was struck in the face. The disturber was rushed out a side door before any serious damage was done, however. Edmund D. Gibbs, former president of the club, and Robert S. Scarborough, treasurer, who immediately began an investigation, declared the man had been unable to determine the man's identity, but that they would not rest until they had done so.

DO YOU KNOW that your druggist will receive your Want Ads for the Post-Dispatch at the same rates charged at the main office? Fact. Try him!

MRS. PHOEBE HEARST'S FUNERAL

Public Officials Help Pay Tribute to Publisher's Mother.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 16.—Simple services attended by numerous State and municipal officials, including a committee of the State Legislature, marked the funeral today of Mrs. Phoebe Apperson Hearst, mother of William Randolph Hearst, the publisher. The services included private exercises at Mrs. Hearst's home in Pleasanton, near here, a ceremony at Grace Cathedral here and another private ceremony at Cypress Lawn Cemetery where the body is to lie in the family mausoleum beside that of Mrs. Hearst's husband, George Hearst, United States Senator from California. The Right Rev. William Ford Nichols, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of California, officiated at the services. The Superior and Justice courts here were ordered closed today as a mark of respect for Mrs. Hearst. All activities at the University of California, of which Mrs. Hearst was a recent and benefactor, were ordered suspended. For what is said to be the first time a woman was so honored, the Federal District Court here was ordered closed by Judge Morrow.

GIRLS! ACT NOW! HAIR COMING OUT SIGN OF DANDRUFF

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—ADV.

\$2.00 and \$2.50 New Spring Silks, \$1.58

Yard-wide Silk Foulards, in black and white or navy and white dots and designs, 36 inches wide; 40-inch Ivory Silk Failles; 35-inch Chiffon Taffetas in new shades for street and afternoon dresses; 35-inch Navy Blue Satin Messalines; 40-inch Crepe de Chine in flesh or ivory.

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Nugents

Trefousse Imported French Kid Gloves

Trefousse 2-clasp overseam light-weight kid \$2.95
Trefousse 1-clasp superior quality pique \$3.25
Trefousse 2 pearl clasp, extra quality kid \$3.85
Trefousse slip-on Saxe light-weight kid \$4.50

(Main Floor—Nugents.)

7000 Fine Shirts for a Pre-Easter Sale

WE MADE exceptional purchases of fine Shirts—yes, we picked up some veritable plums—and tomorrow the entire collection goes on sale. This is an important occasion—it brings the largest collection of fine Shirts that we have ever assembled at one time. Now read on for some very important details.



All Sizes for Men
of Every Build.

Men's Fine Negligee Shirts

Tub Silk Bosom Shirts—
Fiber Silk Novelty Bosom Shirts—
Real "Krinkle Crepe" Shirts—
Fine Woven Madras Shirts—
Jacquard Figured Pongee Shirts—
All soft cuff, negligee style.
Sizes 14 to 17.....

\$1.95

Fine \$3.50 and \$5 Fiber Silk Shirts

Heavy Fiber Silk Shirts
Fine Silk and Cotton Mixture Shirts
Crepe de Chine Silk Bosom Shirts
Candy Striped Tub Silk Yoke and
Bosom Shirts
Oxford Mixed Fiber Silk Shirts—all
soft cuff—negligee style—
sizes 14 to 16.....

\$2.95

Men's \$6.00 Fine Fiber Silk Shirts

Exquisite heavy ribbed fiber
Silk Shirts, in beautiful silk
Jacquard figured patterns;
also a quantity of slightly im-
perfect real Tub Silk Shirts,
all soft cuff, negligee style,
sizes 14 to 17.....

\$3.95

Beautiful Silk Shirts Up to \$10

In this collection are fine La Jerz
Shirts, heavy real silk broadcloths, fine
solid color and striped crepe de chine
Shirts and heavy silk and satin striped
tub silks; majority of sizes from 14 to
16, and some of the fabrics in Shirts
sizes 16½ and 17.....

\$6.95



Sleeve Lengths
Altered Free

You Will Find Real Snap Here in the

Easter Suits

for Men and Young Men

at \$31.50

HUNDREDS of them have just arrived and they are made by very fine tailors who, by their workmanship, proved that it was a delight to fashion these high-class woollens.

Are You Looking for Something Different?

THEN we suggest that you SEE these beautiful fancy mixtures. They are the character of Suits that the careful dresser will instantly appreciate.

ALSO plenty of greens, grays, blues and browns in smart looking waistline effects with slant pockets and panel backs.

They are half silk lined and hand-tailored throughout. Come in all sizes from 32 to 42.

Extra—Hand-Tailored Blue Serge Suits, full Skinner satin lined, are also included at the same price. This is an opportunity that the conservative dresser will appreciate.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)



New Pumps and Oxfords, \$4.25

BROWN, white or dull kid high heel Pumps; brown or white kid and tan calf high heel Oxfords; vici or brown kid, mahogany tan and white nubuck military Oxfords; samples, cancellations and rejects; made to sell at \$6 and \$7; sizes 2 to 8.

(Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

200 New Frocks for Easter

Very Attractively Priced

\$25.00 and \$35.00

THE range of styles and fabrics covers all that Fashion has approved for Spring wear.

THE models are cut on the approved slender lines, have gracefully draped skirts, smart belts or satin sashes. The Georgelette frocks are prettily beaded.

FROCKS for street or dressy wear, of taffeta, satin, foulard, serge, Georgelette, crepe de chine and combinations.

All sizes for women and misses.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)



Women's Mercerized Union Suits

Hand top with tight or wide leg, finished with shell collar. Sizes 32 to 40, \$2.75. Sizes 42 to 50, \$3.00.

Downstairs Store Sale of New Spring Capes

\$10 \$15 \$19.50

Each an Exceptional Garment

BEAUTIFUL new flaring models of wool velour serge, poplin and gabardine, yokes, surplice collars, vests, trimmed with silk tailor braid, taffeta silk folds, overlay collars, belts and pockets. Colors are gray, navy, tan, rookie and black. Sizes 36 to 44.



Boy's Shepherd Check Suits, \$7.50

Selling up to \$14.50

WE have grouped about 250 fine velour and worsted checks and put them at this unusual price for Thursday's selling. Made in new Norfolk models. Knickers full lined, sizes 6 to 18.

Boys' Blue Serge Suits, \$11.35

STRICTLY all-wool fine weave blue serge in the new high-waisted model Norfolk, lined with Alpaca, knickers full lined. Sizes 6 to 18.

Boy's \$1.25 Blouses, 88c

THE biggest Blouse offering in the city—lights, darks and plain colors—standard brand. Sizes 6 to 16.

(First Floor—Nugents.)



Girls' Tub Dresses, \$2.95

SMART little gingham and chambray frocks in attractive plaids and plain colors in high or regulation waist line. Some have patent leather belts. Others pretty white collars and cuffs. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

EXTRA—100 Girls' Tub Dresses, sizes 6 to 14 years—gingham and chambrays. Choose at \$1.50.

(Second Floor—Nugents.)

We Are Agents for Leonard's Refrigerators

5-Door Refrigerators, well made	\$1.18
4-Door Refrigerators, "Leonard's" porcelain lined, hold 75 lbs.	\$39.45
5-Door Fireless Cookers, duplex; aluminum lined, heavy grade; hold 5 quarts	\$7.95
5-Door Aluminum Teakettles, heavy grade; hold 5 quarts	\$2.10
5-Door Aluminum Saucepans, 2 qt. (limit 1 to a customer)	39c
5-Door Aluminum Kettles, hold 4 lbs	\$1.75
5-Door Aluminum Coffee Percolators, make delicious coffee	\$1.39
5-Door Aluminum Coffee Percolators, make delicious coffee	\$1.25

5-Door Garden Hose, heavy 4-ply, 1/2 in. b. e. r.; fully guaranteed, 50 feet

\$4.95

Simmons' "Run Easy" Lawn Mowers, self-sharpening steel blades

\$5.15

5-Door House or Floor Palms, ready to apply; quart.

49c

Hammock Chairs, canvas back; adjustable to 4 positions

\$1.39

Folding Lawn Benches

\$1.49

5-Door Vegetable Seeds, large package

74c

5-Door Garbage Cans; good size; galvanized, deep rim

83c

5-Door Hair Polishing Wire, 2 ft. high, 20 lines ft.

\$1.39

Safe Milk
for
Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.
For infants, invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

It's a little harder to get help just now, but Post-Dispatch Wants, are bringing applicants.

Gypsies Camp Near Kirkwood.
A caravan of gypsies, numbering more than 25, is on an annual encampment at Fairlawn, east of Kirkwood. The group is said to be from Oklahoma.

We Take Liberty Bonds
THURSDAY'S SPECIAL
Boys' Blue Serge Suits.....**4.95**
Men's and Young Men's 20.00 Waistline Suits.....**14.50**
Double Eagle Stamps Tomorrow.

Globe
5th & FRANKLIN AVE.

SOLDIER SUES PARTNER
Man Back From War Wants Accounting of Fish Business.
Frank D. Dunlop, a returned soldier, filed suit today for an accounting and a dissolution of partnership against William H. Shafer, who, he says, became his partner Sept. 1, 1917, in a fish business in Middle Market. Dunlop was drafted three weeks later, and was in the service until Jan. 2 last.
Dunlop says, in his petition, that he put \$300 into the business originally, and that Shafer agreed to keep books and deposit Dunlop's share to his credit in a bank, but that Shafer failed to do this, and has refused since his return, to admit him to a share in the business.

1000 Easter Lily Plants
Direct from our green houses, Grimm & Gerly.—Adv.

SUBSTITUTE DRY ENFORCEMENT MEASURE IN THE SENATE

Right of Search and Seizure in Private Dwellings Eliminated; Will Be Taken Up Tuesday.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—When the "bone dry" liquor enforcement bill came up in the Senate today, Senator Duncan offered a substitute eliminating virtually all drastic provisions. It was explained that the substitute was on the whole satisfactory to both wets and dries.

Under the new measure no limit is placed on amount of intoxicating liquor any person may have in his possession for his individual use, though the sale of the intoxicants is prohibited.

The right of search and seizure in private dwellings is eliminated, unless the dwelling is used for illegal sale of liquor or a place of public gathering, or is a store, hotel or boarding house.

An added provision is that, if any father, mother, son, daughter or other person is injured in person or property or means of support by reason of the illegal sale of liquor, the injured person shall have right of action against the seller.

The provision permitting injunction proceedings against the owner of building used for liquor sales is retained, and there is further provision that, if a prosecuting attorney refuses to enforce the liquor laws the Attorney-General shall conduct the prosecutions.

Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of \$100 to \$1000 or imprisonment 30 days to one year. The law is to go into effect Jan. 1, 1920. A suggestion by Senator McClintock that the bill be made a special order for Tuesday morning was adopted.

MOVING PICTURE CENSORSHIP KILLED BY LOSS OF BILL

Original Treasure Misplaced in Consideration by Committee—Would Have Brought Revenue.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—The moving picture censorship bill, which carried with it a tax on theaters, is dead because some members of the criminal jurisprudence committee in the House lost the original bill, or inadvertently took it away and forgot to bring it back, at a critical time in the session. Representative Hackett, author of the bill, said the bill lost its last chance to become a law at this session when Speaker O'Fallon ruled him out of order on a motion to engross a substitute for the bill.

The original bill was last seen, Hackett said, when a sub-committee of the committee on criminal jurisprudence was appointed to draft a committee substitute for the bill. The committee substitute was reported for passage by the committee and finally was placed on the calendar for engrossment. When Hackett moved for engrossment, Floor Leader John C. Dye, raised the point of order that the original bill was lost and the substitute had not been adopted. The Speaker ruled the substitute could not be adopted if the original bill is lost. It was estimated the inspection fees collected by the State under the proposed law would have amounted to \$200,000 a year.

NEW WAR IN 1926 FORECAST IN JOURNAL OF ASTROLOGY

"Sephariel," in British Publication, Says Prussianism Will Conquer Near East, but Allies Will Win.

LONDON April 7.—There will be another world war beginning in June, 1926, according to a writer in the British Journal of Astrology. This prophet, who signs himself Sephariel, asks for a serious hearing, inasmuch as he claims to have published a year in advance in each case the exact date of the war of 1914 and of the cessation of hostilities.

"The first phase of the next war," he writes, "will begin with Turkey, whose perfidy will lead to its final overthrow in 1925-26. This time Prussian intrigue will dominate the position in the Near East, affecting Greece, Turkey and Russia. But according to my calculations the great crisis will not be reached until June, 1926."

"In this great war, which may be regarded as Prussia's counter of the war of 1914-18, the malevolent forces take their rise in Vienna and Berlin, ascend to Petrograd, penetrate through the whole of Russia and descend via the Black Sea and Turkey in Asia, on to Syria and Palestine." Another allied victory is predicted by "Sephariel."

THERE ARE FIVE WAYS of getting Want Ads to the Post-Dispatch office. Through your druggist, over your phone, by mail, by messenger or personal call—with no difference in prices.

LANGUAGE BILL ENGROSSED

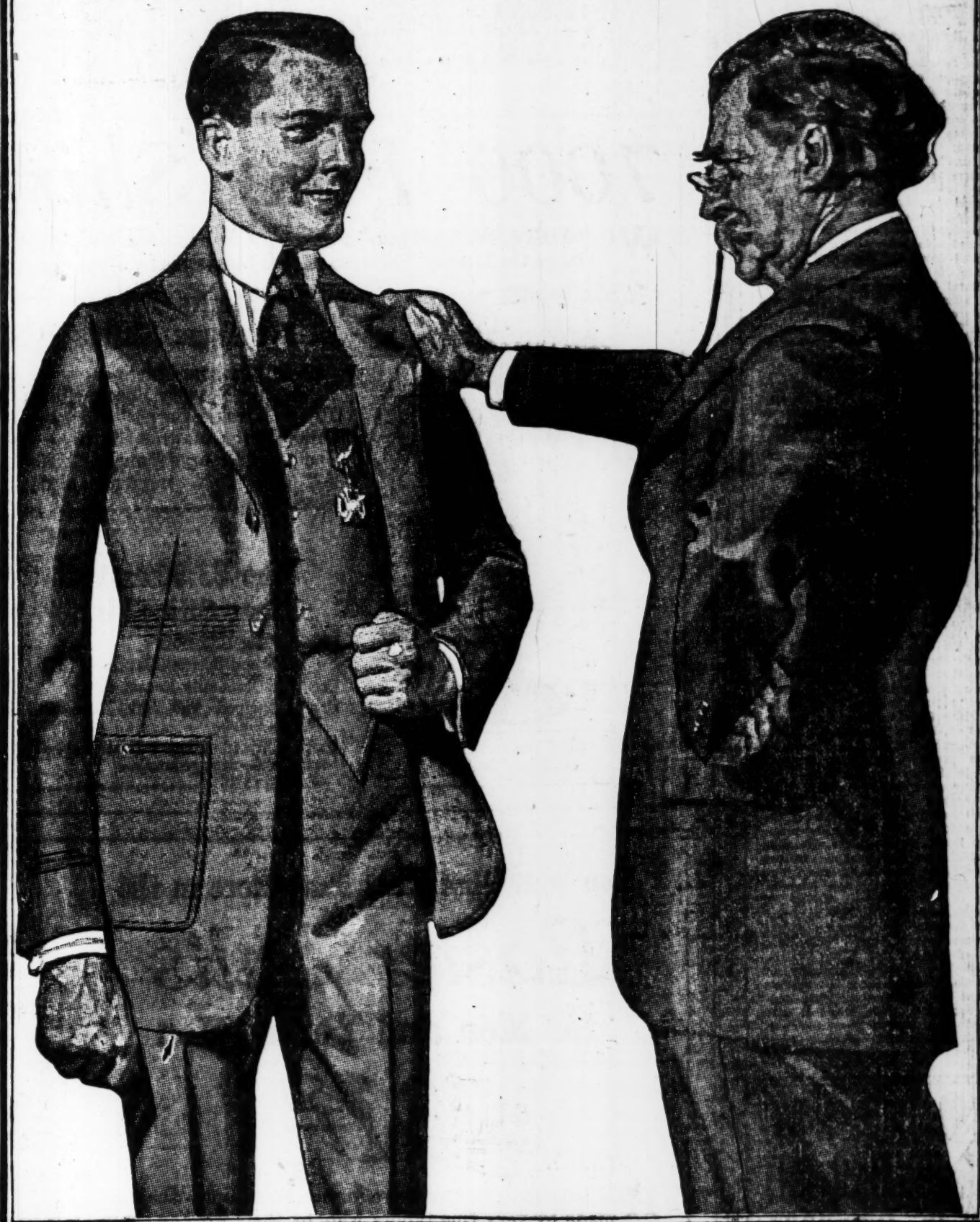
It Places Restrictions on Teaching Foreign Tongues in Schools.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 15.—The Senate, at its first night session last night, engrossed Senator Bowker's bill prohibiting the teaching of any foreign language in the first eight grades of the public schools of the State. A similar bill was defeated in the House Monday night, an indication of the probable action of the House on the Senate bill if it finally passes the Senate and goes to the House.

As originally drawn, the measure prohibited teaching of foreign languages in any schools, but it was amended at the instance of Senator Kinney to exclude parochial and private schools.

Labor Candidates Win.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
BEARDSTOWN, Ill., April 16.—Wesley Parry, labor candidate for Mayor, was elected yesterday over M. H. Harris, present Mayor, by 1175 majority. Labor elected the entire ticket.



Copyright 1919, The House of Kuppenheimer

The Change in Men Should Be Reflected in Their Clothes

There is a big difference between the young man of today and the young man before the war. He is as different in physique as he is in mind.

A Broader View - Point He's set up straighter — quicker in thought.

He is more alert and confident in bearing—broadened and strengthened.

THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER was the first to see this change. And to meet it in an entirely new design of clothes.

The new Spring Kuppenheimer models are

The HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER
A National Clothes Service
CHICAGO U. S. A

Kuppenheimer Clothes Are Sold in St. Louis by

STIX, BAER & FULLER
GRAND-LEADER Sixth-Washington-Seventh & Lucas

610-612
Washington
Avenue

Sonnenfeld's
L. ACKERMAN, Manager.

An Important Pre-Easter Sale of CAPES & COATS



Offering Exceptional Style, Quality and Value at

\$15.00 & \$19.75

A host of women have set the seal of their approval on our showing at these popular prices. On our part, we can unhesitatingly state that never in our long career have we offered more for the money than during the present season. Tomorrow sees the introduction of many new arrivals—latest styles—smart new trimmings—bright Spring colors.

Of Silvertone-Wool Jersey, Wool Velour, Delhi Cloth, Serge, Wool Poplin & Novelty Fabrics

Special Display of New Easter Suits

\$25 Tailored and dressy models that have arrived but the past day or so—introducing new style themes, effective trimmings, and popular materials such as Pairet twill, silvertone, wool poplin and serge. **\$35**

Extraordinary Offering of Trimmed Hat Values to \$7.50

\$3.50

It is possible to picture only a few of the hats, but all have the fineness, grace and originality of those illustrated, and all are new and authentic in style.

You may choose from Hats of poke, Watteau, Mitzi, tam, sailor, long side, tricorne and other shapes which fashionably revive quaint styles of the past or devise lines enchantingly new. The quality in materials and workmanship is eminently satisfying.





The VOCALION PERIOD MODELS

It is fitting that you should find the Vocalion in cases fashioned true to the historic period styles of furniture.

This phonograph of surpassing tone quality can be chosen to harmonize with the furnishings of any room. Period Model Vocalions are priced up from two hundred and forty dollars. Conventional Vocalions are priced from fifty to three hundred and fifty.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY.

IN SAINT LOUIS AT 1004 OLIVE ST.

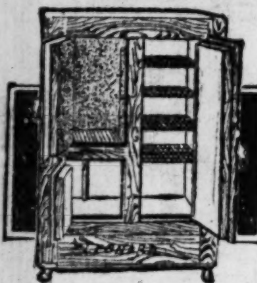
Steinway Representative

NEW YORK · LONDON · PARIS · SYDNEY · MADRID · MELBOURNE

SCHROETER'S

810, 812, 814 Washington Av.
ST. LOUIS
Weekly Ad No. 747
THIS SALE CLOSING TUESDAY,
APRIL 22, 9:00 P. M.
Send Us Your Mail Orders

REFRIGERATORS



We are selling several brands of refrigerators of unquestionable value. Your money's worth every time. Prices as follows:

\$29.00	\$40.00	\$53.50	\$65.00
\$35.00	\$45.00	\$58.00	\$70.00

Aluminum Coffee Percolator
CAPACITY 8 CUPS
Removes pure aluminum body; chrome-plated wood handle; removable top; dome top. Special, each, \$2.69
Parcel post weight, 2 pounds.

ECONOMY DRAIN-SOLVENT
For clearing up clogged drain pipes, closets, etc., 1-pound, 50c



ALARM CLOCKS

One-day Time, similar to Cat.
Metal case; nickel-plated; all brass movement; solid steel; height, 5 inches; depth, 4 inches; top of clock, 4-in. dial; Arabic figures. Special, each, \$1.19
Parcel post weight, 2 pounds.

BARBERS' HAIR CLIPPERS
White enamel; cuts 1-1/2 and 3-1/2 inch and have concealed spring of steel. Special price, \$2.89
Parcel post weight, 1 pound.

ENDLESS FORD FAN BELTS
Made of selected leather, especially treated with non-slip surface to which stand heat and friction. Special price, 39c

Detachable Ford Fan Belts
Same as above. Special price, 39c

COLLIER WHITE LEAD
STRICTLY PURE
124-pound can, \$1.00
50-pound can, \$1.00
100-pound can, \$1.00

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PREPARED PAINT
ONE GALLON WILL COVER 360 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE.
It will not crack, peel, chalk or blister. For durability, economy, quality and beauty, easy working qualities and economy, no better paint is made. PRICES:
Gallon \$4.50
Quart \$1.15
Can, 10-cent and few other colors, slight advance in price.

RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD THERMOMETERS (8 inches)
Guaranteed correct; mounted on rock made with non-mercury material. Special price this sale, 39c

WIRE CUTTER AND PIER
With two wire cutters. A most useful wire cutter and pier, forced from a fine quality of steel. Every tool guaranteed. Special price, 59c
Parcel post weight, 1 pound.

CAN'T BREAK KNIFE SHARPENER
Made of aluminum with steel rod through the center; rubber tip on both ends. Special price, 48c
Parcel post weight, 1 pound.

GRASS SEEDS
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Top Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Blue Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Top Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Blue Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Top Grass, per pound, \$1.50

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Fancy Blue Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Top Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Blue Grass, per pound, \$1.50
Fancy Top Grass, per pound, \$1.50

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL TOOL GRINDING MACHINE
With 1000 Gears.
Line of grinding wheel, 4x 1 inches; indispensable in grinding tools of every description; each, \$2.39
Parcel post weight, 5 pounds.

GALVANIZED BUCKETS
8-quart size, price, each, 30c
10-quart size, price, each, 35c
12-quart size, price, each, 40c
14-quart size, price, each, 45c

LAWN SWINGS (Folding)
FOUR-PASSENGER
Full bolted, 9 feet high, 35 inches wide; seasoned ash, weight 140 pounds. Special, \$9.00

GARDEN PLOW AND CULTIVATOR
Has one pair of 8-inch boxes, three front cultivator teeth, one large cast-iron wheel, each, \$8.75

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

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SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

SCHROETER'S SPECIAL BICYCLE FOR MEN OR BOYS

Pro-German Feeling Still Abounds in Milwaukee but Nations League is Popular

Prohibition Not Expected to Affect Finances of City; Little Unemployment Reported.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.

A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 16.—Of the things that have made Milwaukee famous, one will disappear on July 1, another may depart eventually, when slow-minded Germans the world over begin to comprehend what has really happened to their kultur, and a third is on the way back home to be firmly imbedded in the life of the State, namely, the militant Americanism of Wisconsin, which seemed to wish doubly to prove their patriotism by their furious onslaughts against an army with whom a kinship of ancestry was by no means a common tie.

What has been the attitude of the Germans in Milwaukee since the armistice spelled the end of the Hohenzollern dynasty and the utter defeat of the German arms?

The change has been hardly perceptible. Most of those who sympathized with Germany throughout the war, even after the United States became abelligerent, are sullen and silent. They show no appreciation of the fact that the American peace table has stood for a just peace, and that America was among the first of the associated Powers to see the practical necessity of getting food to the men, women and children of Germany so that Bolshevism and anarchy might be averted.

Violent Hatred of England. Notwithstanding that Great Britain has sided with the United States in such matters, there is still a violent hatred of England among the Germans in this vicinity. Indeed, the German sympathizers maintain an attitude of resentfulness toward the newspapers and political leaders who questioned their loyalty and extend support to other publications and individuals whom they consider to have been "neutral" or "fair to Germany."

It is true that many Americans of German descent were loyal throughout, and it is true that many of them proved their loyalty on the battlefields of France, but it is also true that a large proportion of those who stayed at home subscribed to Liberty Loans and contributed to the Red Cross because they feared their real attitude might be disclosed by a refusal to participate in such things.

Loans and contributions for money were conducted more or less in public. At the ballot box legal secrecy concealed one's identity and at the polls the Germans have been getting even on every occasion. Large numbers of them have been voting the Socialist ticket, though most of them are prosperous city dwellers or farmers and haven't any more faith in the doctrines of Socialism than has a Wall Street banker. This seems their only way, however, to express their resentment they feel against individuals or parties.

In a certain town in the State only one vote was cast in the last election for the loyal candidate and all the rest for the other. At least six voters are now claiming to have cast that single loyal vote. Both Republican and Democratic strongholds in the various places where the German population is plentiful showed a plurality for Victor Berger, recently elected to Congress, even though he was under indictment for violating the espionage law.

Senator Lenroot Criticized. Much interest has been taken in Wisconsin in the league of nations, in fact, much more in many counties than the terms of the treaty itself. Senator Lenroot's attacks on the league have lost him many Republican friends and many independent voters. Many of the Republican papers in Wisconsin which are supporting the league heartily have taken occasion to criticize Senator Lenroot rather severely, and only the other day Dr. Samuel Plantz, president of Lawrence College, and a prominent Republican of the conservative type, took issue with Mr. Lenroot in a published article that was generally regarded as an effective refutation of the senator's arguments against the league. Even the Eau Claire Telegram, in Mr. Lenroot's home town, a Republican paper, has criticized his course.

What little Senator La Follette has said has been against the league, but he has not said enough to arouse much comment or controversy. While feeling against Senator La Follette is still strong among the Republicans and Democrats who resented his course during the war, he is still formidable in Wisconsin politics. There are those of his opponents who say frankly they doubt if he can be defeated. That arises not because the majority of the people of Wisconsin agree with La Follette, for they most emphatically do. Inasmuch as both the Republicans and the Democrats failed to unite on a single candidate in time of war, so may they hardly be expected to do so in time of peace, and the senator from Wisconsin can get a plurality because he can command the support of many dissatisfied elements. He has never declared himself very definitely, but his decision favors their side.

The Weis are mostly Germans, and they derived much comfort out of the position adopted by La Follette during the war period. Many of the women voters are in the La Follette following. Altogether it will take an unusually good candidate of the Republicans and Democrats to eliminate the name of La Follette.

High Estimate of Wilson. The prestige of President Wilson has fallen somewhat since the armistice because the league of nations

controversy has seemed to open the floodgates of partisanship. But Mr. Wilson is nevertheless believed by competent observers here to be higher in the estimate of the people than he was before the United States entered the war, though not as uniformly praised as was the case during the months of war. Independent.

Continued on Next Page.

WATCH POSLAM SUBDUES AND HEALS WORST ECZEMA

Every Eczema sufferer should know just how greatly Poslam is able to benefit this stubborn trouble; how quickly it brings relief, stops itching; cools, soothes and comforts. To spread Poslam over an angry, affected surface is to feel that here, in reality, is just the healing influence the skin demands. Treatment is usually surprising, short and improvement noticed every day. Poslam is harmless; use it for Pimples, Rashes and all eruptions disorders.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 47th St., New York City.

Urgo your skin to become fresher, clearer, better by the daily use of Poslam Soap, medicated with Poslam.

Brings the Roses to Children's Cheeks

Only Costs Few Cents—Make It Yourself Same as Ordinary Tea.

Ask Grandma about Dr. Carter's K & B Tea and she will tell you that thousands of people used it as a spring cleaner and tonic in her younger days because it was just famous as a really efficient herbal remedy.

To drive out of the system the accumulated impurities of the Winter is good advice, and people who want better blood and keener enjoyment of life should not neglect taking at least a two-weeks' treatment of gentle health-building K & B Tea.

Drugs will tell you that scores of people enjoy a cup at bedtime because it keeps liver and bowels in proper condition and ends sluggish attacks and sick headaches.

Give it to the children; they like it, and it acts very gently on their little bowels. Be sure you get

Dr. Carter's K & B Tea

BUILDING BLOCKS OF SEAWEEED

LONDON, March 22.—A novel use has been found here for seaweed. Combined with crushed slag and other heretofore neglected waste mineral products, it is used to make a kind of concrete out of which are being fashioned building bricks and blocks. The seaweed acts as a binding and strengthening element.

Arrangements are being made to put up a large number of houses composed entirely of these blocks. Not only the foundations and walls, but the doors, window frames and mantelpieces are to be constructed of the new concrete. The houses are to be made in sections and bolted together. The window frame is a new idea in itself. The glass, in one large pane, slips into a slot and the edges of molding are then turned over, so as to grip it. To mend a broken window will be a simple matter and will not require the services of a glazier. It is said that dwellings made of the concrete will be warm and thoroughly damp-proof.

A Rat with a Red-Hot Stove in his Stomach

A peculiar Chemical in Stearns' Electric Paste makes rats and mice who have eaten it feel as if they had a red-hot stove in their stomach. When they eat

STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE

their desire is to rush out of doors for water and fresh air, in a few moments they are dead. Stearns' Electric Paste is also sure death to COCKROACHES AND WATER BUGS

BUY A BOX From Your Dealer TODAY

Ready For Use

The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION More readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi.

606-608 Washington Avenue
Thru to Sixth Street

Kline's

St. Louis
Cleveland
Kansas City
Cincinnati
Detroit

Never Have We Offered More Wonderful Values Than This Sacrifice Sale of Dresses!

Every dress in this sale is sacrificed at dollars less than its real value. Every woman with a Spring Dress need will profit greatly by being here when the store opens at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

There are so many, many different styles that detailed description is impossible. Dresses in the most wanted colors of the season--showing the new Spring lines and trimming effects.

500 Dresses Absolutely Sacrificed at

Dainty Taffetas
Silk Gingham
Georgette
Combinations

New Plaid Silks
Smart Serges
Wool Jerseys
Satins



Sale
Begins
at 9:00
O'Clock

Come
Early
for the
Best
Bargains

SURELY DESERVES A MEDAL FOR THIS

Cincinnati authority tells how to dry up a corn so it lifts out.

You corn-plagued men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once and soon the corn loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

The pick of the used—but useful articles on the market, in today's Post-Dispatch Want Ads.

Begin to Purify Your Winter-Blood

Grandmother's Old-Fashioned Sulphur and Molasses Did It. But Not So Well as This Sulphur Tablet—Sugar Coated.

Through the winter the blood accumulates poisons because you do not perspire enough, because you do not live in the open air, and because you eat more meat, mush and other rich foods. Every spring we feel sluggish, constipated, liver and kidney ills beset us, colds and chronic coughs, pimples, boils and carbuncles, all evidence of impure, thick, sluggish blood.

Sulphur Tablets (not sulphur tablets) are composed of extracts of roots and herbs, combined with sulphur and cream of tartar—and no better physic, blood tonic and blood cleanser has ever been developed.

NOTICE TO USERS OF HAARLEM OIL

Users of Haarlem Oil treatment for Kidney and Bladder troubles will find double the money and curative value if they insist upon getting the DOUGLAS-STRENGTH Capsules.

Those convenient, safe, effective little globules of genuine Haarlem Oil are made by EVANS, whose name on each box of 24 capsules is your guarantee of double strength.

Recommended also for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gravel, Gout, Acid Poison, and many stomach and liver disorders.

Miss Lolo Converse Tells How Cuticura Healed Her Eczema

"Eczema broke out all over my body, especially my face, in red, inflamed blisters. It itched so that I could hardly stand it, and I could not wear any colored clothes next to me. I scratched night and day, and I could not work much. I could not rest."

I had this trouble ten or eleven years. Then I used Cuticura, and I used eight cakes of Soap with five boxes of Ointment and I was healed." (Signed) Miss Lolo Converse, 120 N. Mission St., Mt. Pleasant, Mich.

Having obtained a clear healthy skin by the use of Cuticura, keep it clear by using the Soap for all toilet purposes, assisted by touches of Ointment as needed. Cuticura Soap is ideal for the complexion, it is so delicate and creamy.

Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations. 25c everywhere.

CAPUDINE HARD TO RELIEVE THAT TIGHT COLD?

Not a bit of it! Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey turns the trick.

The tight cold is the kind Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey likes to tackle—the hard-to-get rid of kind. It gets on the job and helps nature to loosen the cold and then finally to relieve it. You soon will feel like yourself.

The balsam and other healing, soothing ingredients do it. The phlegm soon loosens, the inflammation is alleviated, the "tightness" gives way, without uncomfortable after-effects. Get a bottle today. 30c, 60c and \$1.20.

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey for Coughs & Colds

A cottage with a large yard—see Post-Dispatch Want Ads.

Listen to the voice of SPRING. It says "OWN YOUR HOME." The Post-Dispatch Want Ad and Real Estate pages tell how.

Twenty Enemy Aliens Paroled.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 16.—Twenty enemy aliens confined at the war prison barracks at Fort Douglas, near here, were paroled to their former homes yesterday in

States including Missouri. Those released were Frederick Dahanoff, Frank Mandick, Albert Easch, Reinhardt Peterson, Etich Starks, Ernest Gomoll, John Grows, Karl Meier, Ernest Muller, Hans Murr-

holm, Henry Backens, Sylvester Tundach, Fred Muttendorf, Carl Muller, Herman Schaefer, Louis Dreher, J. P. W. Schwinger, Ernest Sonntag, Jacob W. Wall and Otto Schl-

COAL BILL 'SLIPPED OVER' ON THE SENATE

Engrossed Measure Permits Dealers to Violate Anti-Trust Law by Fixing Prices.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—Lieutenant-Governor Crossley's bill to permit coal dealers to violate the provisions of the anti-trust laws of the State by fixing prices without becoming liable for the penalties of the law, was engrossed in the Senate last night with a very few of the Senators knowing what bill was under consideration. It was slipped through during the confusion of a night session when members were tired out, a time usually taken at the close of each session to take care of legislation which would have difficulty in passing close scrutiny.

The bill was called up by Senator Brownlee of Linn County, who introduced it at the request of the Lieutenant-Governor. The Senator's voice is not very strong when at its best, and last night his remarks were heard by only a few Senators sitting close to him. They understood him to say that it was a bill needed by the coal men to enable them to continue business.

There was not a dissenting voice when the vote on engrossment was taken. Senators who later were asked why they voted for engrossment expressed surprise when informed what the bill was.

Didn't Understand It.
"Is it not a good bill," asked Senator Anderson of St. Louis. "It requires correct weights on coal down in St. Louis, don't it?"

When the Senator read the bill, he exclaimed: "I did not understand it. We will kill it when it comes up for final passage."

However, bills are put through for final passage in the closing days of the Legislature just as this one was engrossed last night, when nobody was looking.

Senator Belken of Madison County was another who did not understand the bill. "We were told it was Gov. Crossley's pet measure," he said, "and I supposed it was all right. I did not know what it was."

As is customary in the Senate this late in the session, it was agreed last night, in order to speed up work, that each Senator should call up one bill to which there was no objection and it would be engrossed. It was in carrying out this program that the bill was engrossed.

The legislative work in handling the bills has been done by John C. Hall and Pat Henry, who were associated with Crossley when Crossley was State Fuel Administrator. It seeks to take coal dealers entirely

from under the anti-trust laws, which prohibit any combination of persons from fixing prices.

One Paragraph Added.
One paragraph is added to the law, reading: "Provided that agreements between dealers in coal and other fuel based on a reasonable service charge and reasonable profit to be added to cost or average cost shall be lawful, if made with the approval of the attorney general." There is no provision for removing dealers in any other commodities from the penalties for violating the law, and there is nothing in this bill providing the attorney general with machinery to determine whether the prices fixed by the coal dealers are correct.

U. S. MISSION SENT TO GERMANY

Four Delegates With Clerks Go to Berlin to Watch Events.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, April 16.—Direct news from Bavaria still is lacking in peace conference circles. The overnight developments reported in the press, however, caused less confidence to be felt than previously that the Scheidemann Government would be able to control the situation.

An American mission comprising Messrs. Ellis, Giesel, Lithgow and Osborne, with a force of clerks, will leave tonight for Berlin for the purpose of keeping the American peace delegation informed of events.

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS

EVERY **DORN BROS** 5912

Vandeventer and Delmar Aves. MARKET & GROGER CO. Delmar Av.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION More readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi.

These Specials for Thursday

Bedell

Washington Ave. at 7th Street

Easter's Newer Modes in Suits

Stunning Types in Exquisite New Contours

A BRILLIANT variety of new and interesting themes in luxurious Poiret twills, tricotines, silvertones and mannish serges—in smart, definite lines and treatments of assured taste. Presenting the highest attainable perfection in tailoring.

Extraordinary Values at

\$45

BLOUSE models, tailleurs and smart novelty types—demonstrating the possibilities of high-grade tailoring at a modest price. Navy blues, tans, grays, rookie—in superior high-grade suitings in wide variety.

Extraordinary Values at

\$35

BECOMING effects in interesting new style-themes—developed of refined serges, poplins and tweeds. Tailor-mades and novelty suit effectively duplicating New York's costliest new successes.

Extraordinary Values at

\$25

Alterations Before Easter



Tricotine
—Suit,
—\$65.

Garland's A Rarely Advantageous Purchase of D-R-E-S-S-E-S

Worth \$20 to \$35

Go on Sale Thursday—Choice in
One Extreme Bargain Group

All Sizes
for
Misses

\$9.75

All Sizes
for
Women



The importance to you of this rare bargain offering can scarcely be overestimated—offering, as it does, upwards of 200 Dresses in the newest Spring modes at a fraction of their rightful prices.

The season's favored dress fabrics are included in styles for every day-time occasion, of—

Taffeta—
Crepe de Chine—
Georgette Combinations
and Serge—
in Navy and Spring Shades

Four
Styles
Illustrated
\$9.75



A Word About the Values—

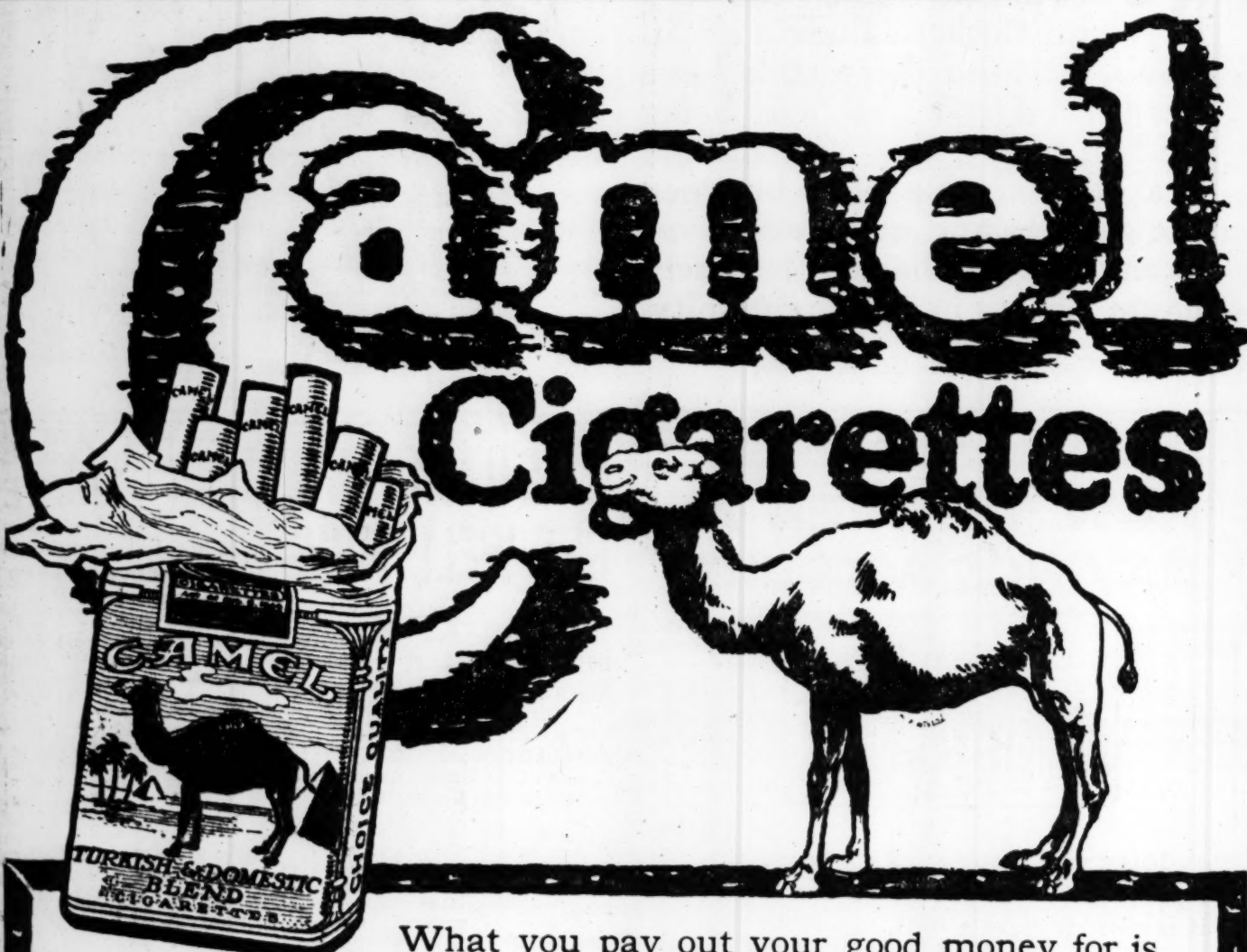
Less than one-third of the Dresses in this event would regularly be priced \$20.00, the balance are regular \$25.00, \$30.00 and \$35.00 Dresses and a considerable number are even worth to \$45.00. But the point we wish to emphasize is this: The sale price \$9.75 scarcely covers the cost of making the least expensive Dresses. Consider then your unusual savings and the manufacturers' extreme sacrifice on the higher-priced Dresses in this rare Pre-Easter offering.

The 4 styles pictured are typical of the many distinctive modes for women and misses awaiting you.

Dress Section—Third Floor.

THOMAS W. GARLAND

409-11-13 Broadway



18 cents a package

What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

EXPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-low-mildness of the tobacco.

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply de when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

cos yet retaining the desirable "body." You may smoke them without tiring your taste, too! Camels are simply a revelation any way you consider them!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide. Camels certainly are all any smoker ever asked.

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\$1.50 net; 1
FUNK
338

Sandperl's ONLY Three Days to EASTER Let Us Dress You Up in Great Style CLOTHES to Please All



Prices That Are Right
\$20 and Up
You Can Save \$10 or
More Up Here on
the Second Floor

Sandperl's
S. E. Cor. 224 N. 7th
7th at Olive Elevator
OPEN SATURDAY 9 P. M.

FOR BILIOUSNESS AND HEADACHE TAKE A CALOTAB

The New Nauseless Calomel That Is Entirely Purified of All the Nauseating and Salivating Effects.

Do you ever have a bad taste in your mouth in the morning, heavy breath, coated tongue, headache, indigestion, nervousness, with a let-down feeling? You need calomel, but dread to take it. Try Calotabs, the new nausealess calomel that is delightful to take and delightful in effect. It is calomel with all of its benefits retained and its unpleasant qualities removed. One tablet at bedtime with a swallow of water, that's all. No taste, no griping, no salts, no nausea. You wake up in the morning feeling like a two-year old, bright, cheerful, energetic and with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Eat what you please—no danger of salivation. Calotabs are so entirely delightful to take and so pleasant in effect that your drug-gist offers to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be delighted with Calotabs.

For your protection Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. At drug stores everywhere.—ADV.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

15,000 USEFUL PHRASES

By Grenville Kleiser
This valuable new book helps you to acquire ease and polish of expression. It is a treasury of useful phrases presented under a plan that yields practical results in improving your English. Expressions are suggested that will help you on all occasions, for instance:
When Initiating Letters: When Making Conversation at a Social Affair: When Being Introduced to a Group of People: When Pleading and Delivering a Speech: When Engaging in a Discussion or Argument: When Writing Any Composition, etc.
"It is indispensable for the worker in words, it imparts a dignity, power and grace of diction, and its practicality is undoubted."—Journal, Boston.
\$1.60 net; by mail \$1.75. Bookstores or the Publishers.
FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY,
236 Fourth Ave., N. Y. City.

BASIS FOR NATIONAL LABOR PROGRAM

Statement of 13 Principles Sent Out for Vote by U. S. Chamber of Commerce.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, April 16.—A statement of principles of industrial relations prepared with a view to furnishing a basis on which American industry can build a national labor program was submitted yesterday to a referendum vote of the membership of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. The principles, numbering 13, were prepared by a committee of the chamber which has been investigating industrial relations.

The principles, which will be voted on separately, were announced as follows:
"Industrial enterprise, as a source of livelihood for both employer and employee, should be so conducted that due consideration is given to the situation of all persons dependent upon it."

"The public interest requires adjustment of industrial relations by peaceful methods."

"Regularity and continuity of employment should be sought to the fullest extent possible and constitute a responsibility resting alike upon employers, wage earners and the public."

"Right to Organize.
"The right of workers to organize is as clearly recognized as that of any other element or part of the community."

"Industrial harmony and prosperity will be most effectually promoted by adequate representation of the parties in interest."

"Whenever agreements are made with respect to industrial relations, they should be faithfully observed."

"Such agreements should contain provision for prompt and final interpretation in the event of controversy regarding meaning or application."

"Wages should be adjusted with due regard to the purchasing power of the wage and to the right of every man to an opportunity to earn a living at fair wages, to reasonable hours of work and working conditions, to a decent home and to the enjoyment of proper social conditions."

"Fixing of a basic day as a device for increasing compensation is a subterfuge that should be condemned."

"National Employment Offices.
"Efficient production in conjunction with adequate wages is essential to successful industry."

"Consideration of reduction in wages should not be reached until possibility of reduction of costs in all other directions has been exhausted."

"Administration of employment and management of labor should be recognized as a distinct and important function of management and accord its proper responsibility in administrative organization."

"A system of national employment offices, with due provision for co-operation with existing state and municipal systems, can be made, under efficient management, and, if conducted with due regard to the equal interests of employers and employees in its proper administration, a most helpful agency, but only if all appointments are made strictly subject to the civil service law and rules."

Members of the committee preparing the statement are: Harry P. Kendall, Boston; Henry Buerer, New York; Joseph H. DeFrees, Chicago; William Butterworth, Moline, Ill.; John W. O'Leary, Chicago; and Harry A. Wheeler, Chicago.

GEN. MAURICE TO SPEAK HERE

Former British Chief of Staff Coming to St. Louis April 24.

Major-General Sir Frederick B. Maurice, K. C. M. G., C. B., for a time chief of staff of the British army and from 1915 to 1918 director of military operations of the British General Staff, will deliver an address at Moulah Temple April 24 on "How the War Was Won."

His address here will describe the last months of the war. Proceeds of the lecture will be turned over to the Red Cross to be administered by that organization in relief of the families of St. Louis men killed while fighting with the British and Canadian armies before the United States entered the war.

FIREMEN SAVE TEAM IN RIVER

The Fire Department was called out yesterday to rescue a team of horses from the river at Chouteau avenue.

The team, attached to a wagon, and driven by Bud Smith, 3535 McKean avenue, had backed into the river off the city dump. The driver jumped and escaped when the wagon toppled over.

Efforts by rivermen to save the horses with ropes failed because they were fastened to the wagon by the harness. St. Louis Company No. 22 was summoned. Two firemen swam out to where the team was struggling and cut the leather traces and guided the horses to shore.

Airplane Fatality Accident.

A verdict of accident was returned today by a coroner's jury in the death of Leavitt Grimes, 11 years old, who was injured Monday when an airplane piloted by Lieut. George M. Belser of the Allied Flying Circus, overturned in the crowd at Forest Park. Four other persons were sent to hospitals. Leavitt died yesterday morning at Barnes Hospital.

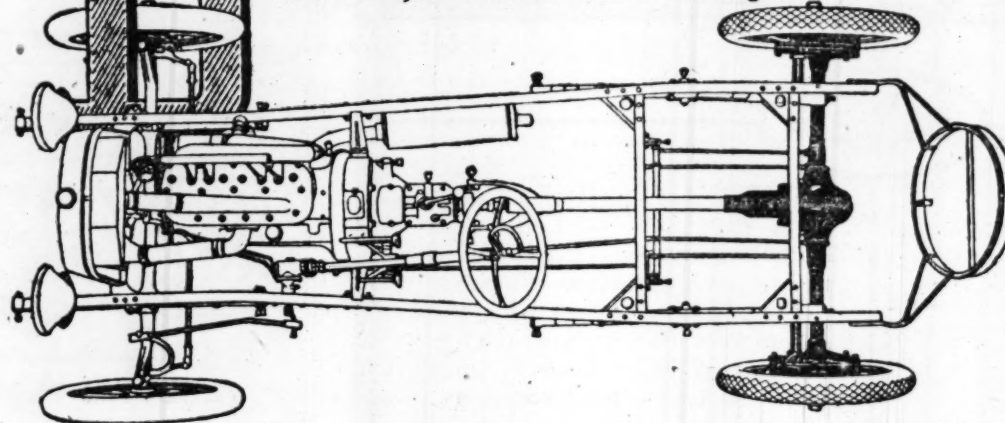
T. H. Withdraws Application.
J. PETERSON CITY, April 16.—The United Railways Co. today withdrew its application to the Public Service Commission for permission to issue \$2,100,000 one-year 7-per-cent notes to pay off the money borrowed from the War Finance Commission of the United States Government.

MARSHALL FIELD AIDS SOLDIERS

Grandson of Merchant Working in Employment Service.
CHICAGO, April 16.—Marshall Field, grandson and heir of the famous Chicago merchant, who enlisted and returned from France as a Captain, has become assistant manager of the employment bureau in the headquarters here for returned soldiers, sailors and marines. He is serving as a volunteer and says he will work until the men with whom he served in France have been re-established in peace-time jobs. Capt. Field enlisted with the 122nd Field Artillery, but after winning his commission in France was detached from his regiment and thus arrived home ahead of it.

DORT

Quality Goes Clear Through



Building Down to a Car

In designing the Dort the engineers started with oversize everywhere and built down.

They pruned off bigness where bigness was not needed—but they left most of the oversize in.

The Dort chassis has an unusual factor of safety in every component.

It will not only withstand severe usage but it will endure longer, stay quiet longer, maintain its power through a greater period than is usual.

An example is the rear axle. Malleable iron and steel tubing form a great,

husky housing—yet a truss rod too is there for that added safety that would probably never be needed.

With all its oversize the Dort is strictly a light weight car for its power. The weight apportioning is a matter of scientific application. There is no point too weak, yet there is no superfluous weight.

Kardell Motor Car Co.,

Distributor

3145 LOCUST STREET

Homont 2800. Central 2886.

Neskov-Mumperow Motor Car Co.,

Retailer

3116 LOCUST STREET

Homont 1122. Central 1828.

DORT MOTOR CAR COMPANY

Flint Mich.

Dairy Maid Corn Kernels

The heart of the finest Yankee white corn, combined with rich, creamy milk.

A splendid new food product—do not confuse with sweet corn or lye hominy.

Your grocer has it. Why not try a can?

Here is an attractive recipe:

Dairy Maid Corn Kernels Au Gratin

- 2 Cups Dairy Maid Corn Kernels (drained)
- 1 Cup Milk from Corn Kernels
- 1/2 Cup Bread Crumbs
- 1 Tablespoon Butter
- 1 Tablespoon Flour
- 1 Teaspoon Salt
- 1/2 Teaspoon Pepper
- 1/2 Cup grated Cheese

Arrange Corn Kernels and cheese in alternate layers. Dissolve the flour in a little milk, add seasoning and the balance of the milk, and pour over the Corn Kernels. Cover with bread crumbs and melted butter and bake until the crumbs are well browned.

The demonstrator at the Stix, Baer & Fuller store will show how many tempting dishes can be made with Dairy Maid Corn Kernels.



Marshall Canning Company
Marshalltown, Iowa

Also producers of the famous Brown Beauty Beans

Double Eagle Stamps

\$1.69 Silk Moire Bags
300 newest Silk Bags, made of excellent quality silk moire with engraved frames, large silk tassels, fine silk or mercerized linings, with purse and mirror; black, navy and taupe.
89c
Another shipment, 50 dozen, 1000 pairs, go on sale Thursday; fine quality white silk, all sizes 6 to 9 1/2. 69c

Penny & Gentles
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

Women's \$15.00 Coats and Capes

The Coats are stylish belted models, high waist effects, many with velvet or silk collars. They are made of wool velour, wool poplin, wool serge, Burela, cheviot, homespun, tweeds, khaki cloth and mixtures; the colors include navy blue, green, tan, burgundy, russet, gray, rose, Copenhagen, blue and black. Stays for women, misses, juniors.

\$10

\$20 and \$25 Suits
We are indeed fortunate to be able to offer such splendid suits at such moderate prices. They are made of navy blue men's serge, also a limited number of splendid gabardine and silvertone, in the season's new models, featuring, among others, the

\$7.50 Georgette Waists
Georgette Blouses in rich and effective color combinations, cleverly embroidered and headed effects; a tempting selection of modish Easter styles that are actually worth \$1.50, tomorrow at only

Russian Blouse Models
Straight Line Models
New Box Coat Models

Brail is cleverly used in trimming some suits, while others are strictly tailored. Some have long narrow skirts that are slit in back or at the sides. Also many models with silk vestees and silk collars.

\$5.00

\$16.98 and \$19.75

98c Silk Shirts
36 inches, beautiful Silk Mixed Shirts in neat stripes, in attractive patterns, and jacquard weaves, a great sale, at 59c

\$1.75 to \$2.00 Silks
Yard-wide Silk Taffetas and Satins. Mesuralises; best standard shades in lengths up to 6 yards; good lengths for waists, skirts and dresses.

45c Plaid Gingham
32 inches wide; all woven patterns, large, new, fresh Spring gingham just arriving in a multitude of inviting designs; yard

\$1.29

59c to 75c Silk Tussahs
27-inch silk and lisle silk Tussahs, in attractive brocade and jacquard patterns; in rose, Copenhagen, white, linen, navy, tan, lavender, helio, maize, etc.; yard

\$1.98 Georgette Crepe
40 inches, white or flesh color fine sheer silk Georgette Crepe, yard.

49c

\$1.25 Silk Poplins
Many more just arrived. These for Thursday's Double Eagle Stamp Day; all yard wide, splendid quality and a full line of colors.

\$2.48

\$87c

Buy Your Easter Shoes Here and Save

1800 Pairs of Women's \$3.50 to \$4 Low Shoes

Children's Brown Kid and White Top Boots \$2.48

Specialty priced for Thursday, \$2.48. They come in patent, dull and kid leather. Many fancy strap styles, patent Pumps included. There are styles for growing girls; high and low heels in the lot.

Dressy styles for Easter wear; brown kid and patent white top lace Boots; included are brown calf Lace Oxfords; sizes 11 1/2 to 3, \$2.95; sizes 8 1/2 to 11, \$2.48

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ANTI-BOLSHEVİK PLANS MADE

Spread of Menace to Be Combated By "The Crusaders."

By the Associated Press. ST. LOUIS, April 16.—Circulation managers representing newspapers in New York State have formed in co-operation with local officials, publishers and news writers the nucleus of "The Crusaders" anti-Bolshevik organization of proposed nation-wide scope to prevent the spread of Bolshevism in the United States. The organization committee of 37, it was announced today, will spread the plan throughout the country during the coming week and present it to the approaching meeting of the American Publishers and the Associated Press for co-operation.

CREDIT

PAY AS YOU GET PAID

Plenty of Time for Easter

We will alter clothes to fit your form and you can wear the garments in the Easter fashion parade if you make your selection tomorrow or Friday. You don't need the necessary cash.

Women's Box Suits

Real new and nifty. See our other new styles in suits—in all the late shades.

\$15 to \$40

Open an account at H. & R.'s and pay us weekly.

Women's Capes

Will be very popular—see our splendid stock. We are

making a special

\$20

low price of

Easy Weekly Payments

Millinery at a Saving

\$3.98 to \$7.50

AND ON CREDIT

Men's Waistline Suits

\$25 to \$45

We are showing the popular waistline styles—also the conservative models. Finely tailored—all sizes. New fancy and solid color patterns.

Easy Weekly Payments

The Boys

Like our clothes because they are so smart and neat looking, and the mothers, because they wear so well. You can't get better clothes at our prices, which range from

\$7.50 to \$12

Small Weekly Payments

HOYLE & RICK CLOTHING CO.

Open Saturdays 7:30 to 9:30 P. M. 606 N. Broadway Just North of Washington Avenue. Same Goods, Prices and Terms at our East St. Louis Store, 323 Missouri Av.

THE ALL-VEGETABLE FOOD



From the white meat of coconuts

It will stand hot weather, the same as butter. It has the same texture and melting point as butter. It has the real butter flavor, but the price is far less.

In a Nutshell — It's Good!

Bahn-Leuette Com. Co., Distributors.



MONROE THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Troy N.Y.

FARMER CHOPPED OFF HAND TO KEEP OUT OF THE ARMY

Cape Girardeau Man Pleads Guilty to Maiming Himself and Is Sent to Prison for Six Months.

USED AX IN WOODS AND APPLIED SALVE

Judge Dyer Considers Statement That Draft Evader Drank "Worst Whisky in World."

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., April 16.—Albert Wheeling, a farmer of Holcomb, Mo., pleaded guilty here yesterday to chopping off his left hand with an axe last July 21 to avoid being drafted into the army. He is 25 years old. Federal Judge Dyer sentenced him to six months in prison.

In doing so, the Court said: "I don't think you would have made a good soldier, anyhow. You wouldn't have been worth killing. A man maiming himself to escape military service! Pass on."

Evidence gathered by Government investigators showed that Wheeling, a few hours after receiving his order to report at Greenville for service, went to a place in the woods, near the Wappapele road, where J. P. Gallmore had been hewing railroad ties out of logs. Wheeling took with him a bottle of patent "antiseptic healing salve," commonly used by farmers to apply to cuts on horses and cattle.

Gallmore had left his axe lying by the logs for the night, and the circumstances indicated that Wheeling performed the amputation there, applied the salve and then walked to the home of Perry Bennett, a farmer, five miles away. Bennett and Gus Haynes said Wheeling arrived there about 8 p. m., and exhibited his maimed arm, telling them it had been run over by a train, the preceding night.

However, George Haise, also farmer, declared he saw Wheeling walking toward the spot in the woods earlier in the afternoon. Other persons living along the road told of seeing Wheeling walking along, smoking his pipe, and one said he shook hands with him, and that he was not injured.

Told of Pulling From Train. Wheeling at first gave a long, rambling story of how he came by his injury. He said he was riding on a freight train near Delta, on his way to Greenville, and fell, his hand being crushed in the coupling. He said he found an old hatchet lying by the tracks, and used it to complete the amputation.

A tramp, he said, bound up his wound, after which Wheeling got on a train, went to Cape Girardeau, and had his wound dressed by a doctor. He did not remember the doctor's name. Then, he said, he got on another train, went to Puxico, bought the salve, and applied it to his arm. While doing so, he continued, he missed his train, but walked to Bennett's home, 17 miles away, arriving there almost 24 hours after the accident, having been on three trains walked 17 miles, and been entirely without sleep.

Those to whom he repeated the story were suspicious, and the matter was reported to the Federal authorities. Wheeling, meantime, had, of course, escaped reporting for military service. He remained about his farm, but Government investigators were quickly gathering the facts of the circumstances.

Changes Plea to Guilty. When all was ready the grand jury met and Wheeling was indicted and arrested without warning. He at first pleaded not guilty. A lawyer was appointed to defend him, and, after a conference with the lawyer, Wheeling changed his plea to one of guilty. He confessed that his previous explanation was a pure fabrication.

"I was bothered about having to leave home and enter the army, and I had been drinking. I can't remember how it happened. I must have lost my mind."

Judge Dyer asked him if he had been drinking Wayne County whisky. Wheeling said he believed the whisky came from Caruthersville, which is the home of Special Prosecutor Vance Higgs, who was prosecuting the case. Higgs had demanded a penitentiary sentence for Wheeling. Judge Dyer said later he happened to know that "Caruthersville whisky is the worst in the world, otherwise, I should have given him a prison sentence."

Had Wheeling reported for service July 21 and been sent to a training camp, it is highly improbable that he would have been trained and sent overseas by the time the armistice was signed.

Easter Candles at Busy Bee Shops. Children's Baskets, Chocolate Rabbits, Cream-filled Eggs & Easter Novelties. —Adv.

Wireless Operators Win.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, April 16.—The demands of the wireless operators on merchant vessels for an increase in wages have been conceded and the strike notices have been withdrawn.

BUY YOUR DIAMOND at Lofth's Bros. & Co. Wonderful value. Lofth's Bros. & Co. 2400 N. 10th St. —ADV.

GERMAN PEACE DELEGATE WANTS TO MAKE REPARATION

Says People of Alsace-Lorraine Are Overwhelmingly in Favor of Joining France.

By the Associated Press. BERNE, April 16.—(French Wireless Service.)—If a referendum was to be held today in Alsace and Lorraine an immense majority of the people would vote in favor of joining France, declared Eduard Bernstein, the old German Social Democratic leader, and a member of the German peace delegation in an article in the

Neues Wiener Journal of Vienna. Alsace-Lorraine, he adds, could not be an autonomous state because it would then be the scene of endless political and economic intrigue. Herr Bernstein says he would like to see Republican Germany depart from the policies of the abolished empire, adding: "Let us avoid unjust charges that would for many years paralyze our economic life, but let us make reparation as we promised for the damage we have done in the devastated countries. Let us refute unjust accusations made against us, but let us, above all things, make but few protestations."

CHEVROLET

THE OWNER of a Chevrolet in St. Louis and vicinity is always assured of satisfying service. For he is doing business direct with the Chevrolet Motor Company. Each man he comes in contact with is a Chevrolet employee. Each man understands that the customer's satisfaction is the first consideration of this company.

Fours and Eights \$715 to \$1685.

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY
OF ST. LOUIS, IND.
RETAIL STORE
3320-3330 LOCUST STREET.

AUBURN Beauty-SIX

Incomparably Beautiful

Five-Passenger Touring and Four-Passenger Smart Tourster
SMARTEST COLOR COMBINATIONS

\$1595

AUBURN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, AUBURN, INDIANA

Automobile Engineers for Nineteen Years

Mound City Auto Company
JOSEPH A. SCHLECHT, President
2007 Locust Street
DISTRIBUTORS

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The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION More readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi. "First in Everything."

MURAD

THE TURKISH CIGARETTE

A great statesman once said, "I'd rather be right than President"

The discriminating smoker says:—"I'd rather pay 20 Cents for a box of ten Murads, THE Turkish cigarette, than for a hundred ordinary cigarettes."

Why? Because Murads are made of 100% pure Turkish tobacco—and Turkish tobacco is the world's most famous tobacco for cigarettes.

Judge for yourself—!

Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

20 Cents

MURAD
THE TURKISH CIGARETTE
S. ANARGYROS
CAPITAL STOCK OWNED BY LORILLARD CO.

WISCONSIN GOVERNOR FAVORS LAW FOR 3 PER CENT BEER

Fears Absolute Prohibition Will Lead to the Use of Harmful Substitutes.

MADISON, Wis., April 16.—Gov. E. L. Philipp is opposed to the enactment by the Legislature of a prohibition enforcement measure which would make Wisconsin bone dry. The Governor, in a statement advocates a law which would permit the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer containing less than 3 per cent of alcohol. This is in line with

the demands of organized labor, as expressed at a recent meeting of the State Affairs Committee of the Senate.

Gov. Philipp expressed the fear that absolute prohibition at this time would lead to falsehood, deception and evasion of the law, and also to the establishment of blind stills and the use of harmful substitutes for drinks containing a small per cent of alcohol.

"It is my judgment that beer containing less than 3 per cent of alcohol would not be harmful in the sense that strong drinks are, and it would reasonably satisfy those who have been in the habit of using stronger drinks," said Gov. Philipp.

"It is also suggested that the people be permitted to use a mild wine, and I see no harm in that if the use of it is confined to homes and it is not offered for public sale."

Remember VENUS Pencils.
Remember VENUS Pencils.

Shoeworkers Return to Shops—
By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, April 16.—Five thousand members of the Boot and Shoemakers' Union, on strike five weeks for 44 hours a week working time, decided to return to work today. The manufacturers will arbitrate the question of hours with them.

OLD GUARD TRIUMPHS IN STEERING COMMITTEE

Gardner, Greene and Goodson Named to Pass on Bills That Senate Will Consider.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—The selection last night of a Steering Committee in the Senate, which will have complete control of all legislation for the remainder of the session and without the approval of which no measure can even be considered, marks the final triumph of the "old guard" or reactionary element in that body which was supposed to have been decisively defeated when Senator Walter C. Goodson of Macon County was elected president pro tem over Senator Wallace W. Greene of Kansas City early in the session.

On motion of Goodson, Lieutenant-Governor Crossley last night named the calendar or Steering Committee. Without a moment's hesitation, an indication that the plan had been arranged in advance, the Lieutenant-Governor named Senator Goodson, Senator Greene and Senator Gardner of St. Louis County.

Committee Chooses Bills.
The Steering Committee membership is the most important position connected with a legislative body. The committee chooses the bills which shall be taken up each day, and no bill not placed on the special calendar by that committee can be considered except by a suspension of the rules, which usually is rather a difficult proceeding.

When Goodson was chosen president pro tem after a bitter fight, in which the Greene followers refused to attend one caucus, there were seemingly authentic reports that the Greene men would join with a majority of the Republicans, under the leadership of Gardner, and control of the Senate would be taken away from Goodson. When this plan did not develop there were reports that Goodson and the reactionary element had reached terms of peace which would enable the Greene following to get what it wanted.

This report strengthened when Goodson announced the Senate committees. Although Goodson supporters were named chairmen of most of the important committees, the committees were so constituted that at any time the Greene men on almost any of the committees could, by joining with the Republican members of that committee take control away from the chairman and the other progressives on the committee.

Bills Held in Committees.
The really important bills have been held in committees just as they would have been in the old days when the "old guard" was in absolute control of the Senate.

The workmen's compensation bill, which should have been reported weeks ago, and should long ago have been on the calendar, is still in the committee of which Greene is chairman, though it may get out late today or tomorrow.

The new constitution bill was held in the Committee on Elections, of which Senator Buford of Reynolds County is chairman, and was reported out only last week.

Under the rules of the Senate the president pro tem selects all standing committees. This has been extended to other committees also, in that when the speaker pro tem introduces a resolution on the appointment of a committee connected with the Senate organization, he usually inserts in the resolution the names of those who shall constitute the committee. He failed to do this last night, an almost certain indication that he had previously agreed with Lieutenant-Governor Crossley as to who should go on the committee. When the resolution was adopted without debate the Lieutenant-Governor called off the names immediately.

Not one supporter of Goodson in his fight for control of the Senate, except Goodson himself, is on the Steering Committee. Goodson's supporters will not get any bills through the Senate unless Senator Greene and Senator Gardner, who are the leaders of the "old guard" Democrats and "old guard" Republicans respectively, are willing to let them get bills through. No progressive legislation will be considered unless the anti-progressive Senators controlling the Steering Committee are willing. They never have been willing in the past to put through such legislation, and there is no reason to believe that they have had a change of heart.

Goodson's supporters would not talk for publication today about the committee. They do not want to antagonize the committee any further than it already is antagonized, but privately several of them were bitter in their comments.

One of Fortunes of Politics.
Some took the position that they had been abandoned by Goodson, for whom they made an organization fight. Others were disposed to take the situation as one of the fortunes of politics.

In some quarters there is a belief that the personnel of the committee means the death of workmen's compensation in the Senate, though there are others who say that the Committee will not be so bold as to refuse to permit the Senate to consider the measure. While neither Greene nor Gardner has shown open opposition to the compensation bill, it is the general opinion about the capital that neither is overly friendly to it.

The resolution providing for the committee set out that no bills be put on the calendar except those picked by the Steering Committee, unless on a two-thirds vote of the Senate. The Senate rules can be amended by a majority, however, and there is little doubt that a majority could override the Steering Committee, but the point is that there are a few Senators, holding the balance of power, who probably would take the position that while they would like to

see certain bills on the calendar, it would not be in keeping with senatorial dignity to override the committee. These are Senators who pretend to be progressive, but who vote with the other crowd on all occasions when there is no telltale roll call taken, or when the matter be-

ing voted on is sufficiently vague to permit them to get from under criticism which might follow their action. It is customary for a Steering Committee to make proper provision for the care of these Senators' pet measures, and thus they are satisfied.



The High Signs of Orlando

O, Boy!—yes, that's him—one of the Orlando Boys. He signals "O-I-C," the sign of the Optimist. It means this man has looked for and found out the good things of life. That's why he smokes Orlando.

Join the Order of Orlando and start being an Optimist. It's a fine world, when you can eat and sleep and play, and—smoke all you like and like all you smoke.

It's all easy if you learn the secret from any United Cigar Store clerk. Just give him the password "Orlando."

Orlando The Sign of a Good Cigar

Orlando is the cigar of good fellows. It is a happy combination of tobaccos that puts your smoke taste in good humor. Its mildness makes friends of

everyone. Its low price makes smoking a continual pleasure. Learn the secret of a good cigar;—the buy-word is Orlando.



Little Orlando, 6c Box of 25, \$1.50—50, \$3.00



Orlando comes in ten sizes—10c to 15c. Little Orlando 6c. Ten sizes enable us to use a fine grade of tobacco without waste—the secret of high quality at low prices.



Orlando is sold only in United Cigar Stores—"Thank You"

UNITED CIGAR STORES

3%



Safeguard Your Savings

Give them the protection of this strong trust company—

Twenty-eight years in business. Over eight millions of Capital, Surplus and Profits.

More than 40,000 satisfied depositors with accounts from \$1 upward.

Mississippi Valley Trust Company

N. W. Cor. FOURTH and PINE Sts.
Open Mondays Until 6:30 P. M.

3%



Their hat with that just right appearance invariably is one of the exclusive Greenfield's creations.

Dunlap hats shown in St. Louis only by Greenfield's.



Authority on Style for Men

Who Like to Dress Well

Greenfield's

Olive and Eighth.

Nature's Remedy
R-TABLETS-R

Better Than Pills
For Liver Ills.
Get a 25¢ Box

Sergt. R. E. Vaughan in London. Sergt. R. E. Vaughan, son of Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Vaughan, 5174 Kensington avenue, is attending King's College, London, and recently wrote his parents that he did not expect to be home until fall. He was wounded in the Argonne battle while leading his company, the officers all having been killed or wounded.

Bifocal \$1.50 Lenses
TWO IN ONE
This Week Only
S. S. DREYFUS, OPTICIAN,
311 Franklin Avenue
EYES EXAMINED FREE.

1000 Easter Lily Plants
Direct from our greenhouses. Grimm & Gory, Adv.

Chicago Bank Closed.
GRANT PARK, Ill., April 16.—The Farmers' State and Savings Bank, closed yesterday by order of the State Auditor on account of doubt as to the bank's collateral, is declared by its officials today to be solvent.

The bank's last statement showed deposits of \$355,000.

DO YOU KNOW that your druggist will receive your Want Ads for the Post-Dispatch at the same rates charged at the main office? Fact. Try him!

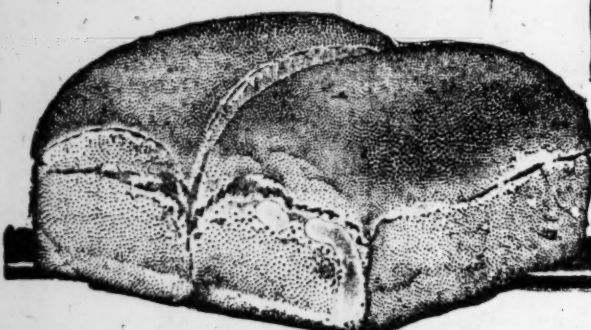
Tenants Planning Strike.
By the Associated Press.
BUENOS AIRES, April 16.—Tenants of Buenos Aires are organizing a strike against high rents demanded for dwelling houses as well as buildings used for business purposes.

To Test It - Taste It



After all, the flavor's the thing that determines your preference for a certain brand of bread. Try Baby Label once and your bread preference will be sealed forever.

WELLE-BOETTNER BAKERY



BABY LABEL BREAD

AMERICAN BAKERY COMPANY



Seborrhea Yields to Famo
You Can Still Save Your Hair

Dandruff is the outward sign that Seborrhea is attacking the hair roots.

If it is not checked the scalp will itch, the hair will fall out and baldness result.

But you can stop the ravages of the Seborrhea microbe.

Famo kills the bacilli.

By destroying this dangerous germ, Famo makes the hair and scalp healthy.

Seborrhea injures the scalp and ruins the hair.

Famo grows new hair and makes the old hair luxuriant and soft.

The Seborrhea germ is as deadly to the hair as Pyorrhea is to the teeth.

It must be destroyed if the hair and scalp are to be healthy.

Famo attacks the deadly germ down under the surface of the scalp.

It clears the germs out of the sebaceous glands.

Hair health comes at once and stays.

Famo cannot harm the head—even baby's.

It contains well known ingredients that were tested for three years before being offered to the public.

There is no alcohol in Famo.

Alcohol dries the scalp and hastens grayness.

Famo postpones grayness by

making and keeping the hair and scalp healthy.

Famo is sold at all toilet goods counters, in two sizes—\$1 and 35 cents. Applications at the better barber shops.

Buy it and try it today.

Seborrhea is the medical name for a morbidly increased flow from the sebaceous glands of the scalp. The seborrhea excretion forms in scales or flakes and is commonly known as dandruff.

Mfg. by The Famo Co., Detroit

Wells-Wilson Drug Co.,
Julius & Doloh Drug Co.,
Johnson Bros. Drug Co.,
Enderle Drug Co.,
Kremer Drug Co.,
Victor Drug Co.,
Famous-Hart D. G. Co.,
Scripps-Vanderbilt-Barnes D. G. Co.

FAMO

Stops Seborrhea - Grows Healthy Hair

CHAPLAIN BECAME OFFICER OF LINE, WON FRENCH CROSS

Lieut. Purnell E. Bingman, Who Has Preached in Missouri, to Be Here Saturday With Loan Exhibit.

First-Lieutenant Purnell E. Bingman, 31 years old, formerly a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who has held pastorates in Joplin and Neosho, Mo., and who entered the war as a chaplain and came out a line officer, will be in St. Louis Saturday with the Victory Loan Coast Artillery Exhibit.

Lieut. Bingman wears the Croix de Guerre and two wound stripes, but was hit seven times. He relates that he was taken prisoner, but escaped after running his German captor through with a bayonet.

He entered the first training camp for chaplains at Camp Taylor, Ky. He received overseas orders immediately after he was commissioned, and arrived in France May 12 last. Four days later he was assigned to the Third Battalion of the Sixteenth Infantry, which was then preparing for the attack at Cantigny.

Tells of Cantigny Attack.
"I reached the outfit at 1:30 a. m. on the morning of May 16," Bingman said, "and at 3:30 a. m. that morning we went over the top. We gained our first objective after three hours of strenuous fighting and then went over again at 10 o'clock the same morning. We remained in this sector for 23 days, during which time we had just enough water for cooking and drinking purposes. A bath at that time would have been a court-martial offense.

"Our casualties in this sector were heavy and we experienced great difficulty in burying our dead. All this work had to be done at night and for the most part under fire. At first we buried the bodies in shell holes and covered them up, but finally the German barbed wire was torn down and the earth to such an extent that the burial work had to be repeated three or four times.

"During the Cantigny attack all the officers of Company L were either killed or wounded, and I was summoned to Regimental Headquarters. The commanding officer said, 'Chaplain, can you fight as well as you pray?' to which I replied, 'I never claimed to be an expert in either, but I'll do anything you tell me to do.'

Became Line Officer.
"He assigned me to command of L Company, with which I remained until the end. Our next attack was at Soissons, lasting six days, at the end of which time the battalion commander and myself were the only officers remaining with the battalion. All others had been either killed or wounded.

"A few days' rest was given us after the Soissons attack, after which we were sent into the line near Verdun. "Shortly after our arrival there, I was ordered to clean out a machine gun nest that was opposite my sector. At four o'clock on the morning of Aug. 4, with 24 of my men, I started out after the nest. About half way across No Man's Land, the Boche started to shoot up flares and their machine guns opened up on us.

"I was hit three times and fell just before we reached the German lines. My men were falling all around me. One bullet penetrated my left arm, one struck my right knee and one penetrated my right leg below the knee. I attempted to crawl back to our lines, but realizing I could not make it, I rolled into a shell hole and waited for a carrying party. Little did I realize at that time that it would be a 23 hour wait.

"Day had dawned soon after I was hit and with it came a constant stream of machine gun bullets from the German lines precluding any chances of a patrol reaching me. I used my first aid packet as best I could.

Captured by Germans.
"I lost consciousness shortly after nightfall, but my friends told me later that a patrol picked me up late that night. After a month in the hospital I returned to my company, which was again in the line about a quarter of a mile from where I had been wounded.

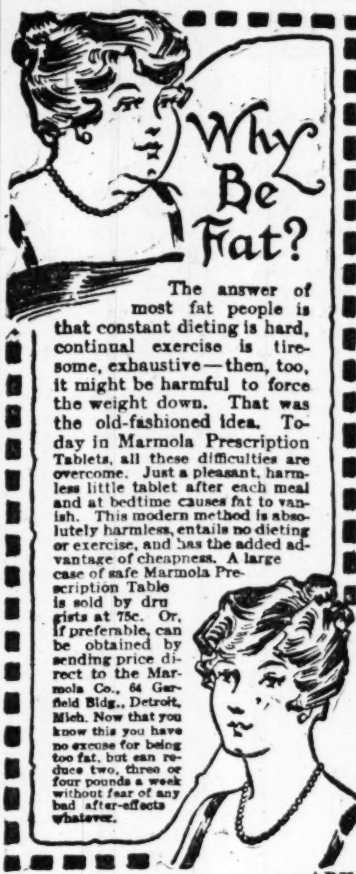
"The second night after arriving in the sector I was again ordered against a machine gun nest and for the second time ran into severe fighting. On this occasion only three of us returned out of 26.

"On our return to our lines we were surrounded by about 60 Germans and taken prisoners. In the party with me were two of my men who had not been hit, and one who had been shot through the ankle. Wounded in Argonne.

"The Germans, realizing that he could not walk, ran him through with a bayonet and left him on the field. They led the other two men toward our lines, and tried to force them all tell where our positions were located. A guard was assigned to me, with instructions to take me to the rear. We had not walked more than 50 yards when he told me in broken English that he would not walk behind a 'damned Yankee' and for me to stay behind him.

then an easy matter to return to our lines. My term as a prisoner of war lasted about 45 minutes."

Lieut. Bingman's last wound was received in the Argonne Forest Sept. 28. A high explosive shell landed near him, killing three of his men, and a fragment struck him in the left shoulder.



Operation Not Successful

"10 years ago I was operated for appendicitis, and later operated again for gall stones. Neither did me any good, and I suffered all kinds of torture since. Five years ago I took Marmol's Wonderful Remedy and have felt no symptoms or pain since. It is a simple, harmless preparation that cures the catarrhal inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will relieve or remove completely. Write Marmol's Remedy Co., 1000 E. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo. or to any of the following stores: Koenigshaus, Cloughly Bros., 2 Stores, Cloughly-Brown, Fidelity Drug Co., 4 Stores and druggists everywhere.—ADV.

A comfortable, clean shave every day —not once in a while only

A fresh razor blade every day is out of the question for most men, but a perfectly satisfactory shave every day is not out of the question for any man. You don't need a new blade to insure a keen blade if you use the AutoStrop Razor.

The AutoStrop Razor Blades are made of the hardest and toughest steel produced for razor blades, each with the sharpest, finest kind of cutting edge. To keep these

blades keen-edged as when new, the AutoStrop Razor is made with a patented, self-contained stropping feature—and with it is supplied a specially-treated strop of selected hide.

A pressure of the thumb adjusts it for close, medium or light shaving. It is the only safety razor that sharpens, shaves and cleans without removing the blade.

Ask your dealer about the 30-day free trial plan.



Auto-Strop Razor - sharpens itself

500 clean, comfortable shaves from every dozen blades

FUNSTEN BROS. & CO.

INTERNATIONAL FUR EXCHANGE

PUBLIC AUCTION FUR SALES

ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

Will offer for sale by Public Auction at the International Fur Exchange Building, 115-117 South Second Street, St. Louis, Mo., Furs as listed below. Sale will start at 10 o'clock forenoon precisely each day:

MONDAY, APRIL 28th

10,000 Dressed, Dyed and Machined Alaska Seal Skins for account of United States Government.

700 Dressed and Dyed Seal Skins for account of other shippers.

264 Blue Fox.

700 Fitch.

1,700 Caracul.

540 Leopard and Leopard Cats.

1,600 Hair Seals.

300 Mountain Lion.

15,000 Kolinsky.

44,000 Horse Cats.

4,300 Ringtail Cats.

3,700 Japanese Fox.

1,000 China Coon.

2,000 Japanese Marten.

75,000 Japanese Mink.

22,000 Flying Squirrels.

39,000 White Hairs.

500 China Mink.

Sundries, etc.

TUESDAY, APRIL 29th

265,000 Squirrels.

1,400 Fisher.

356 Chinchilla.

171,000 Marmots.

1,200 Stone Marten.

6,000 Marten.

900,000 Moles.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30th

1,400 Silver Fox.

THURSDAY, MAY 1st

14,000 Gray Fox.

1,000 White Fox.

1,250 White Fox Paws.

3,339 Russian Sables.

442 Japanese Sables.

2 Sea Otter.

6,300 Lynx.

1,500 Bear.

28 Polar Bear.

FRIDAY, MAY 2d

1,200 Swift Fox.

1,000 Cross Fox.

32,000 Red Fox.

30,000 Australian Fox.

850 Karagon Fox.

6,300 Macedonian Fox.

SATURDAY, MAY 3d

70,000 Wolf.

MONDAY, MAY 5th

1,600 Patagonian Kitt Fox.

7,000 Argentine Fox.

36,000 Wallaby.

2,200 Wombats.

75,000 Nutria.

50,000 Australian Ringtail Opossum.

260,000 Australian Opossum.

2,700 Persians.

3,200 Broadtails.

250 Wolverines.

100,000 Ermine, including 9,000 Gray and 18,000 Brown.

TUESDAY, May 6th

4,700 Otter.

100,000 Mink.

15,800 Lynx Cat.

14,400 Wild Cat.

WEDNESDAY, May 7th

110,000 Raccoon.

16,000 Beaver.

THURSDAY, May 8th

50,000 pounds New Zealand Rabbits.

500,000 pounds Australian Rabbits.

250,000 Opossum.

FRIDAY, May 9th

230,000 Skunk.

SATURDAY, May 10th

13,000 Badger.

120,000 Civets.

881,000 Muskrats, including 120,000 Southern and 41,000 Black.

12,000 Seal Dyed Muskrats.

GOODS ON SHOW AT FUNSTEN BROS. & CO. WAREHOUSE

Corner First and Olive Streets, St. Louis

Show Days Commence Wednesday, April 23

We think that the size of the offerings justifies buyers coming to St. Louis as early as possible in ample time to examine the goods thoroughly.

Sale Starts APRIL 28, at 10 O'Clock Forenoon, Precisely

at the

INTERNATIONAL FUR EXCHANGE

115-117 South Second Street, St. Louis, U. S. A.

COMMENT ON MISSOURI EDITORIAL

Continues to Discuss Post-Dispatch "Backwoods" Criticism of Conditions.

Missouri newspapers continue to comment on the Post-Dispatch editorial.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"
"Proved Safe by Millions"

"Bayer Cross"
on Tablets.



For Pain
Neuralgia
Earache
Toothache
Colds
Grippe
Rheumatism
Lame Back
Neuritis

HEADACHE
Warning:
Don't buy Aspirin
in a pill box! Always
insist upon the genuine
"Bayer package" which con-
tains proper dosage. Look for the
Safety "Bayer Cross" on package.

Ask for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"—Genuine!

Boxes of 12 tablets—Bottles of 24—Bottles of 100—Also Capsules.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocorticaldehyde of Salicylic Acid.

Prufrock & Litton
FOURTH and ST. CHARLES STS.

Solid Mahogany Rockers

Special prices on our entire stock of cane and mahogany rockers and chairs. They are built to endure and give pleasure to every member of the household and are suitable for any room in the home.



These solid mahogany and cane rockers as illustrated—with chairs to match, carved medallion in center of back. Regular value \$25.00, special while 25 last.

\$19.50

Same rocker without medallion. Regular value \$24.00, special

\$18.50

Other cane and mahogany rockers upward to \$35.00.

IT'S EASY
TO PAY
OUR WAY

Don't Wait—Don't Want
Easter Clothes on Credit

Dressing Up for Easter
Is So Very Easy HERE

CLOTHING
FOR MEN & WOMEN
ON EASY PAYMENT

Store Open Evenings

GOOD-WILL CREDIT CO.

804 N. Broadway

FOR MEN
YOUNG
MEN AND
BOYS

Waistline
and
Conserva-
tive Style

SUITS
ON
CREDIT

The
CANDY
Cathartic

Really
DELICIOUS

Cascarets
FOR CONSTIPATION
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

—ADV

torial, "Missouri, the Backwoods State—Why?" Some of the editorial expressions follow:

University Starved, State Dwarfed, Says Boonville Paper.

BOONVILLE, Mo., April 16.—The Central Missouri Republican says: "You are right. Missouri is a Backwoods state. For years the State University has starved. For years it has been forced to get along with an appropriation of about half what it is entitled to. For years it has been forced to let other states take its most treasured instructors away from it because we could not give them slight increase in salaries."

"Along with your yaps and peanut politicians you should have the booze interest of St. Louis. For a quarter of a century St. Louis booze money helped keep Boonville wet in every local liquor fight, and Boonville is just waking up today. We realize that the poison as a political element is about to be wiped out."

"Cooper County voted bonds for hard roads and Cooper County wants its rights under the Hawes bill. Cooper County is for education and wants Missouri to have a university that she can send her sons and daughters to and feel they are getting the best."

"Cooper County is for a new Constitution and hopes we get a Legislature some time that will not make us think that after all representative government is a failure."

Saline County Wants New Constitution.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MARSHALL, Mo., April 16.—C. G. Patterson, editor of the Arrow Rock Statesman, says: "The consensus of opinion in Saline County is in favor of a new constitution or at least such amendments to the present antiquated one as will place Missouri among the truly progressive States. This consensus of opinion is, therefore, a hearty endorsement of the editorial, 'Missouri, the Backwoods State, Why?' which appeared in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch April 13, regretting that the yaps, the peanut politicians and the special interest magnates are still strong enough in our State and in its Legislature to defeat all progressive legislation such as promised by Gov. Gardner in his inaugural address, but which he has failed to deliver."

APRIL IS DIAMOND MONTH—Buy a Diamond on credit. Let's see a Co. 212 North 2nd St. St. Louis. —ADV.

DEFECTS IN CONSTITUTION BILL CORRECTED IN SENATE

Date for Election Changed to September—Measure Has Chance of Passing Senate.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—Defects discovered yesterday in the bill providing for an election to determine whether a constitutional convention shall be held, which were pointed out exclusively in the Post-Dispatch, were corrected last night when the vote by which the bill was engrossed in the Senate was reconsidered and the changes made.

As engrossed earlier in the day the bill provided for an election the first Tuesday in August. As the measure will not become a law until 90 days after the adjournment of the Legislature and as the adjournment will not be until about May 12, this provision would have made it inoperative. The date was changed to the first Tuesday in September.

The Senate also amended the provision fixing the salaries of delegates to the constitutional convention at \$20 a day, making the amount \$15. It is now considered probable that the bill will pass the Senate, and that it will be put up to the Republican majority in the House to either grant the demand for a Constitution or accept the responsibility for refusing.

The Republicans have said they would be willing to pass the bill if the Democratic Senate would pass the bill redistricting the State into new senatorial districts. This bill was passed by the House last night, and will be in the Senate in a day or two. There is a faint chance the constitutional convention bill will pass the House, although there is little probability of the redistricting bill getting through the Senate.

REPUBLICANS IN HOUSE PASS ELECTION BILLS

Will Be Killed in Senate Unless a Deal Is Made With Democrats.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 16.—The House last night passed the Kansas City election bills by a straight party vote, with 73 Republicans voting for the bills and every Democrat present voting against them. The bills are Republican measures and were passed under a suspension of the rules. Many Democrats left the chamber when the election bills were taken up.

The House also, by a straight party vote, passed the redistricting bills, changing the boundaries of congressional, senatorial and legislative districts. The bills are Republican measures, and each received 73 Republican votes.

The bills all will be killed by the Democrats in the Senate, unless a trade is effected whereby the Democrats will yield to a redistricting bill on condition that the Republican majority in the House pass the bill providing for a constitutional convention.

Easter at Busy Bee Candy Shops. We are offering a variety of Easter Novelties, Decorated Boxes, Baskets, Kewpies, Eggs, Rabbits. —ADV.

\$22,000 Bank Robbery in Oklahoma. By the Associated Press.

MUSKOGEE, Ok., April 16.—Three men drove up to the State Bank of Stratford, Ok., yesterday morning, compelled Cashier Allen Snoddy to unlock the safe, imprisoned him in the vault, and drove away with \$20,000 in currency and \$14,000 worth of Liberty Bonds.

1000 Easter Lily Plants. Direct from our green houses, Grimm & Gorby. —ADV.

COUNTRY-WIDE ROAD PLANNED

By the Associated Press.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 16.—The Executive Committee of the National Midland Trail Association in session here, decided upon an active campaign to awaken interest in the highway, which, it is desired, shall

extend from Washington, D. C., to St. Louis to Denver, and the Western, San Francisco. It was decided to divide the route into three divisions, the Eastern, extending from Washington to St. Louis; the central, from St. Louis to Denver, and the Western, from Denver to San Francisco.

National officers elected include: George A. Bond, Pleasant Hill, Mo., president.

The buttonholes in Ide Collars are cut true, come exactly in the right place, are pliable and easy to button and unbutton.

Be In The Swim wear the

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3 UNHEARD OF VALUES IN FINEST EASTER SUITS

MEN! Young Men! If we could merely mention the name of the big manufacturer from whom we purchased these handsome pure wool suits (at a spot cash discount of nearly 40%), there would not be salesmen enough in St. Louis to wait on the crowds that would pack this store tomorrow! This manufacturer (although he was glad to unload his surplus stocks at a big loss owing to the change from War to Peace conditions) realized the reputation his firm had attained as the foremost maker of fine quality clothes, and as these identical suits are being sold right here in St. Louis at \$35.00 to \$50.00 he was wise enough to forbid us to advertise his name! BUT EACH AND EVERY GARMENT STILL BEARS HIS LABEL! That is the best proof we could possibly offer you, that it is an actual waste of money to buy Easter suits anywhere else, as no matter where you buy them, you couldn't get finer suits than these, even though you paid \$12 to \$17 more! Come in and see for yourself—note the label—the suits speak for themselves!

THREE BIG LOTS FOR THURSDAY

SPECIAL LOT NO. 1

\$35 SUITS AT \$23

Every little detail of these fine quality hand-tailored suits has been carefully looked after—every one has been designed in the smart styles that will be popular for this season's wear—the fine pure worsteds in the silk and shadow stripes, the beautiful velour cassimeres and unfinished worsteds in the stylish basket weaves as well as other novelty weaves are sure to appeal to everyone, for these handsome suits were especially created to please men of all ages and all builds—old men, young men, middle-aged men! All can secure a wonderful value in this group at

SPECIAL LOT NO. 2

\$40 SUITS AT \$28

From every standpoint these elegant suits measure up to the specifications of really fine clothes—hand-some wool fabrics that are the equal of imported materials—the workmanship is the finest that is to be had—styles with lots of snap but not extreme—patterns that have that wanted air of distinction—colors that are authorized by Fashion for Spring wear. If you paid \$40 for these suits you would not be paying a cent too much—but now you can buy them for

SPECIAL LOT NO. 3

FINEST \$45 & \$50 SUITS AT \$33

Ultra quality pure wool suits that are the productions of America's best known cutters and designers—every one hand-somely hand-tailored of the finest materials that money can buy—lined with fine mohair—the patterns and colors are unusually distinctive—the styles are absolutely proper. For the man or young man who really wants something that is equal to merchant tailored garments selling at \$45 to \$50 here is a genuine bargain at...

Youths' First Long Pants Suits

The young man who is just starting to wear long pants will find a wonderful selection of stylish suits here that will just fit his needs—hundreds of them to choose from—all designed and tailored in the distinctive styles and patterns that are so popular with smartly dressed young men.

WEIL

CLOTHING COMPANY

N. W. Cor. Eighth & Washington Av.

COLUMBUS MARGARINE

TRY A POUND TODAY ON OUR SAYSO



Why worry about the high cost of creamery butter when you can buy COLUMBUS MARGARINE for about half of what you ordinarily pay for butter? And you do this without sacrificing one bit of flavor or fine quality. You can depend upon its FRESHNESS and DELICATE FLAVOR. At all Kroger stores, PER POUND.

33c

KROGER'S QUALITY STORES



Boys' Wool Cassimere

SUITS

—\$10 Values—

Many different patterns and colors in extra quality Easter suits—good, durable cassimere fabrics that are suitable for dress or school wear—sizes range from 6 to 18—Thursday at

\$6.95

Boys' Fine Quality Two-Pants Suits

—Worth \$12—

Distinctive Easter suits with classy slash pockets—finely tailored of wool cassimere, homespun and cheviot materials in the newest and most wanted novelty patterns—sizes 6 to 18—Thursday at

\$8.95





Boncel Knit Sport Suits

Combining idealistic smart style with wonderful utility service.

Shown in plain colors in all shades and in heather mixtures; several models to choose from.

Werner & Werner
Quality Corner
On Locust Street at Sixth

BARRACKS
New in proportions and design.
2 1/2 inch points
With the reinforced Oblong Cable-Cord Buttonhole.
Always ask for
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., INC., N. Y.

Big 5¢ ROLL
at your Dealer's
You Get MORE
paper for LESS money
when you buy the Big value
BOB WHITE Roll. High
Quality, Clean, Sanitary
ASK for BOB WHITE

SATISFYING RELIEF FROM LUMBAGO

Sloan's Liniment has the punch that relieves rheumatic twinges.

This warmth-giving, congestion-scattering, circulation-stimulating remedy penetrates without rubbing right to the aching spot and brings quick relief, surely, cleanly. A wonderful help for external pains, sprains, strains, stiffness, headache, lumbago, bruises.
Get your bottle today—costs little, means much. Ask your druggist for it by name. Keep it handy for the whole family. The big bottle is economy. 30c, 60c, \$1.20.

Sloan's Liniment
Kills Pain

OIL STOCKS
Send for our 1919 Edition of Independent Oil Stocks. Contains entire valuable information on about two hundred companies.
It is FREE for the asking.
W. L. Schachner & Co.
Stocks and Bonds
Central National Bank Bldg.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

CHARGES SENATOR ADMITTED SHORTAGE

Richard H. Burke Springs Sensation at Thompson "Slush Fund" Inquiry.

By the Associated Press.
ALBANY, N. Y., April 16.—At the close of yesterday's inquiry before the Senate judiciary committee into the half-million-dollar "slush fund" allegations of Senator George F. Thompson, Richard H. Burke, the man Thompson said suggested the money, charged the Niagara Senator with having admitted he had been "short \$15,000 in some Lockport school or church funds." Senator Thompson later said he had no knowledge of what Burke was talking about and that the whole affair was one of "Burke's imagination." This followed denials by former Gov. Whitman and President Theodore P. Shonts and James L. Quackenbush, general attorney of the interior, that Burke's testimony implicating them in the "slush fund" story.

Whitman Makes Denial.
Former Gov. Whitman categorically denied that he, as Thompson had testified, had asked the Senator on behalf of President Shonts to withdraw his opposition to the Carson-Martin trolley rate bill. He denied that he had mentioned the Governorship except incidentally while they were discussing the political situation.

Thompson said the traction interests paid former Gov. Charles E. Hughes \$50,000 to appear at a committee hearing in favor of the measure, Whitman testified. "I laughed at this," he continued.

"But Thompson insisted they gave him the money because they thought he could influence State Senator Frederick M. Davenport," Davenport continued. "They gave Charles, the Baptist, the money because they believed he could influence Davenport. They are both pious men, you know. I said I knew nothing about that."

Reference to Candidates.
Whitman then said Thompson had suggested that possibly the bill might be amended so that perhaps he could "save his face," had asked for a copy of the measure and Whitman had sent him one from his office files.

Reverting to another part of the conversation, Whitman's testimony continued: "I said to him, 'I understand you are insuring.' He laughed and said, 'I don't know how long it will go; those fellows may stand and they may not.'"

"There were other things said which I don't recall," the former Governor continued. "There was not a word said about any \$500,000 offer."
"Was there anything said about his candidacy for Governor?" the former executive was asked.
"He did say something about his being ambitious politically, and he did say that he thought the next candidate should come from up-State. I don't recall that he said he was a candidate for Governor, but it is quite possible he did. I never suggested such a thing; I never thought of such a thing either then, before or since."

SAILOR AND SOLDIER EACH GET FIVE YEARS FOR ROBBERY

Their Attorney Has to Pay Fine of \$45 for Contempt for Protest Against Judge's Ruling.

Richard E. Kelly, a soldier, and Paul McCormack, a sailor, were found guilty of highway robbery by a jury in Circuit Judge Calhoun's court yesterday and sentenced to five years each in the penitentiary.

James Dee, attorney for the defendants, was released after paying \$45 assessed against him by Judge Calhoun for contempt of court. Dee was fined for protesting too vigorously against the Court's overruling of his motion to quash the indictments. He obtained a temporary writ of habeas corpus, but the St. Louis Court of Appeals upheld Judge Calhoun.

William J. Boeckeler, 5129 Washington boulevard, identified Kelly and McCormack as having held him up in the rear of 2129 Pine street, March 19.

\$30,000 BLAZE AT FACTORY

Fire in Ice Cream Freezer Plant at 12:30 A. M.

Fire of undetermined origin on the first floor of the two-story brick building occupied by the C. Nelson Manufacturing Co., 2304 Division street, at 12:30 a. m. today, resulted in an estimated damage of \$30,000 to the plant and caused three alarms to be sounded.

Walter Covick, 28 years old, 4200 Evans avenue, pipeman attached to Engine Company No. 22, was overcome by smoke and cut by glass.

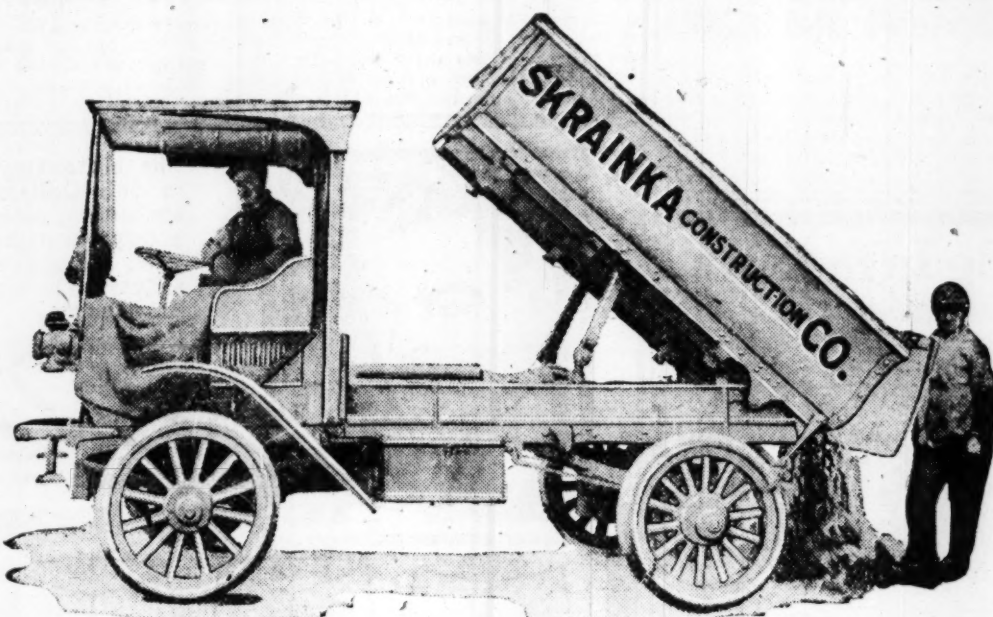
The plant manufactures ice cream freezers and is under the management of Charles Nelson, 4431 Ashland avenue, president.

SENATORS SMOOT AND KING APPROVE AMENDED COVENANT

Latter Says Changes as Reported Meet Demands of People and Will Get His Support.

By the Associated Press.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 16.—United States Senators Reed Smoot and W. H. King of Utah, in statements made yesterday, gave approval to the league of nations covenant as amended. Senator Smoot declared that if the amendments are correct, as reported, they meet his hearty approval.

Senator King, in his statement, said the amendments meet the demands of the people and that his vote will be recorded in favor of ratification of the covenant as amended.



Designed for Efficient Economical Hauling

The short wheelbase design of the Autocar enables the contractor to get about quickly and to maneuver in places seemingly impossible.

In construction and wrecking work heavy loads are quickly handled by the Autocar even in the most congested places. The Skrainka Construction Co., of St. Louis, find the Autocar short wheelbase exactly suited to their requirements.

The system of Factory Branches established by the Autocar Company assures complete maintenance service. THE AUTOCAR SALES & SERVICE COMPANY 28th & Locust Sts. St. Louis

Chassis \$2050

Autocar

The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa. Established 1897

Electrically Sealed Air-Tight

Be Sure to Get

WRIGLEY'S

Wrapped to insure its perfect condition in all climates and seasons. Sealed tight — kept right. The perfect gum in the perfect package.

After every meal The flavor lasts

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE PERFECT FLAVOR

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM

WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS

Mackay Bed, Spring and \$20.90 Mattress Outfit,

\$2.00 Cash—
\$2.00 Monthly



—our great special. —a new and graceful bed with mattress and spring complete for no more than many stores ask for the bed alone. —this sturdy steel design comes in gold finish. —the mattress accompanying it is exceptionally comfortable and durably covered. —greater comfort is assured by the splendid woven wire spring of extra fine mesh. —it will last for years and retain its resiliency always.

3 Rooms FURNISHED COMPLETE \$119.50 \$2.00 Weekly

Mackay Refrigerator
—this is one of the most perfect and most economical refrigerators on the market. —has every convenience. —lined in galvanized steel, the outside case has rounded corners and edges and is beautifully finished. —special price, \$8.95
Ice Pick Free With Every Refrigerator

Mackay Baby Carriages
The most complete line of Baby Carriages in St. Louis will be found here at Mackay's. The newest styles and colors are here in a wide variety of prices and quality. —a suit every one.
This model specially priced at \$22.95
TERMS: \$1.00 WEEKLY

BUY NOW
PAY LATER

STRICTLY ONE PRICE
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures

USE YOUR
CREDIT HERE

Mackay Gas Stoves
—made of heavy level steel plates substantially braced and strengthened. —asbestos-lined oven that is heated by heavy flame plates —two burners—one of the greatest fuel savers on the market —special price, \$16.50
We show the full line of Buck's and Quick Meal Gas Ranges, as well as many others.
TERMS TO SUIT.

Mackay Genuine Cedar Chests
A Cedar Chest is a real necessity for any home. It is guaranteed in every respect. Will not come apart. Is of lock-corner construction. —dustproof—an attractive gloss finish throughout. They will save their cost many times over by preserving your clothing through all seasons and in any climate. \$9.95
50c WEEKLY.

Mackay
A Living-Room by Day—A Bedroom by Night
Here are four handsome pieces that practically furnish a combination living room and bedroom. The Daveno with one simple twist is easily converted into a full-size bed. Chair and Rocker are upholstered to perfectly match the Daveno. The Table is well finished and strongly constructed. \$73.85
\$1.00 WEEKLY.

Mackay
1126-1128-1130 OLIVE ST.
FURNITURE CO.
OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M.



Fathers— Invest for Your Children

Have you ever thought that the first \$100 saved in childhood has been the beginning of many a fortune?

Instill into your children *right now* the habit of saving and making investments. Start them with as many subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan as you can give them—and they will bless your memory in the years to come.

Victory Liberty Loan Committee

This space contributed by
St. Louis Clearing House and Associated Banks

OPPOSITE BUSY BEE A Wealth of Exquisite Easter Footwear

Featured Tomorrow at
\$4.85 \$5.50 \$5.90

"Marvelous Style" "Wonderful Value"

"I'm Glad I Came"
Hundreds of Women Will Say This Tomorrow

Satin Oxfords, \$5.90
Of rich design, Paris vamps, Louis XV heels, hand-turned soles. \$8 to \$9 values.

Colonial Pumps, \$5.90
Dull or patent leather, in the smartest design. You'll fall in love with the heels. Yours.

Patent Pumps, \$4.85
Charming seamless pattern with high French heels and hand-turned soles, worth \$7.

Walking Oxfords, \$4.85
Black kid or gun-metal calf. Well soles and tips of tiny stitches. Truly a \$2 saving.

MEN!! Too, Will Pocket \$3.00
Savings on Easter Shoes Tomorrow

414 North 7th ROSENBACK SHOES 414 North 7th
18 STORES

CREDIT TO ALL

MEN and WOMEN of St. Louis DON'T DELAY
Buying Your Easter Clothes!

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD
Buy What You Want—Pay as You Wear
All the New Styles Are Here

Store Open Evenings **U.S. CREDIT CO.** Use Your Credit at the U. S.



USE Resinol FOR THAT SKIN TROUBLE

That skin trouble makes you feel as though you must creep away and hide. While there is fun and laughter on all sides, nobody seems interested in you. Possibly you could enjoy life as they do if you would but give the Resinol treatment a fair trial. Anoint the red rough spots and irritated places with Resinol Ointment.

Keep the face and skin well cleansed with Resinol Soap for it contains just enough soothing medication to relieve the clogged, irritated pores. For other skin disorders on the body or limbs, the same treatment may be applied.

At all Druggists.

There IS an Effective Treatment for the Drink Disease--ORRINE!

Secret home treatment—powder, to be given in food or beverages. Pills, for voluntary treatment.

ORRINE destroys the appetite for drink. Its beneficial results are guaranteed or money back.

Many men are fooling themselves. They think they will be able to quit, abruptly, when Prohibition comes! They'll have a lot of trouble—their nerves will crave the usual false nourishment and then—perhaps a death-dealing substitute!

Your happiness depends on the help you give them now! ORRINE treatment means safety, preparedness, a new start in life when drink can't be had.

For sale by Wolff-Wilson Drug Co. and leading druggists, St. Louis, and Chas. F. Merker, East St. Louis, Ill.

Free booklet mailed in plain, sealed envelope. THE ORRINE COMPANY, 1146-15th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

KIRKWOOD BRIDE MARRIED ON MONDAY



Mrs. Thomas Bronaugh.

ST. LOUISAN TAKES BRIDE IN JOPLIN, MO.

Thomas Bronaugh Married to Mrs. Lute E. McLean of Kirkwood While on Visit.

WORD has been received by St. Louis relatives of the marriage of Mrs. Lute E. McLean of Kirkwood to Thomas Bronaugh of this city. The marriage took place at the Presbyterian Church in Joplin at noon and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Cleveland, pastor of the church. The bride was visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis M. Davis, former residents of Kirkwood, who are now residing in Joplin, and the plans for the wedding were hurriedly arranged.

Mrs. Bronaugh is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kinkadee of 202 North Taylor avenue, Kirkwood. She is very talented in music and has been a great favorite in Kirkwood. Mr. Bronaugh is the youngest son of the late Capt. Frederick Bronaugh and his mother resides at 6151 Westminster place. He is a brother of William, Charles and Frederick Bronaugh, the latter brother with his family having recently removed to New York to reside.

Social Items

Mrs. William N. Claggett of 5115 Lindell boulevard has issued invitations for a tea on Saturday afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock, in honor of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Evans Claggett, who is a senior at Mary Institute.

Mrs. Reginald Frost with her daughters, who have spent the winter here at 5099 Waterman avenue, will depart tomorrow to return to their home, "Rancho Verde," Victorville, Cal. Miss Mary Frost entertained very informally at tea as a farewell yesterday afternoon at the Florissant Valley Country Club.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. McChesney Jr. of 4406 McPherson avenue, had as their week-end guest, Lieut. James C. Wyman of Minneapolis, who is the fiancé of their daughter, Miss Martha B. McChesney.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank X. Hackman of 5420 Maple avenue have issued invitations for a dance on April 23 for their daughter, Miss Margaret Louise Hackman.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hutchins Jr., who have been residing with Mr. Hutchins' parents at 5534 Raymond avenue, have gone to Dallas, Tex., where they will make their home.

Mrs. Hutchins was Miss Katherine Merryman before her marriage last year.

Miss Jean Schultz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Schultz of 5545 Pershing avenue, has set Tuesday, April 22, as the date for her marriage to Milton B. Lowenstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Lowenstein of 5553 Waterman avenue. The ceremony will be performed at 7:30 o'clock at the Statler Hotel with Dr. Leon Harrison officiating, and will be followed by a bridal dinner for the relatives.

An informal dance will be given at the Kirkwood Country Club on Saturday evening by the Missouri Delta Zeta Chapter of Alpha Tau Omega Fraternity of Washington University. Over 100 invitations have been issued, and the chaparrones will include Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Cummings, Mr. and Mrs. Lambert E. Walther, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Goodall and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Horn.

Mrs. L. Frederick Sherman of 5553 Waterman avenue entertained with a luncheon today. The decorations were in spring blossoms, and the guests were: Misses J. C. Bryan, John McCumpha, Jack Callahan, Mary Anderson; Misses Agnes Maher and Louella Schaeberg.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Liederkreis Club will give an Easter party for the children of members

on Saturday afternoon from 3 until 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Herman Markowitz of Kansas City, formerly Miss Estelle Epstein, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Epstein of 24 Lewis place.

Assemblywoman's Bill a Law.

By the Associated Press. SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 16.—The first woman's bill ever signed by a Governor of California was approved by Gov. Stephens yesterday.

when he placed his signature upon a measure by Assemblywoman Saylor to place a sister on an equal plane with a brother in the administration of estates.

McAdoo in Will Contest.

By the Associated Press. PORTLAND, Ore., April 16.—Heirs of the late Henry L. Pittock, millionaire publisher of The Oregonian, who died a few weeks ago have retained W. G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, as associate counsel in a proposed attempt to break the Pittock will. Fred F. Pit-

tock, a son announces. Under the terms of the will, the estate was to be left in trust for 20 years, during which time the heirs would derive a stipulated income from it.

\$200,000 to Help Ireland.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, April 16.—More than \$200,000 was pledged at a meeting here last night to spread propaganda for the freedom of Ireland. Justice Daniel F. Cohalan presided at the meeting, which was attended by 500 delegates, representing Irish societies in and about New York.

The Right Laxative For The Little Ones—

The natural condition of a child is to be happy and carefree. When the girl mopes and is indifferent to school and study, or the boy is sullen and refuses to go out and play, the child needs a laxative to empty the bowels and stir up the liver.

But something should be given that will produce the result in as simple and natural a way as possible. Harsh cathartics and physics are neither necessary nor desirable.

Many mothers have found that the combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin sold by druggists under the name of Dr.

Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin produces a free movement of the bowels without gripping. A very little is required, and it is pleasant to take. A few hours after its use the child will be its happy self again.

It is an excellent remedy for the mother herself, and for the other members of the family, in obstinate or occasional constipation, for the relief of headaches, as an aid in colds and fevers, minor skin eruptions and all disorders where the basis of the trouble is constipation.

The druggist will refund the money you pay for Syrup Pepsin if it fails to do as promised.

Dr. Caldwell's SYRUP PEPSIN The Perfect Laxative

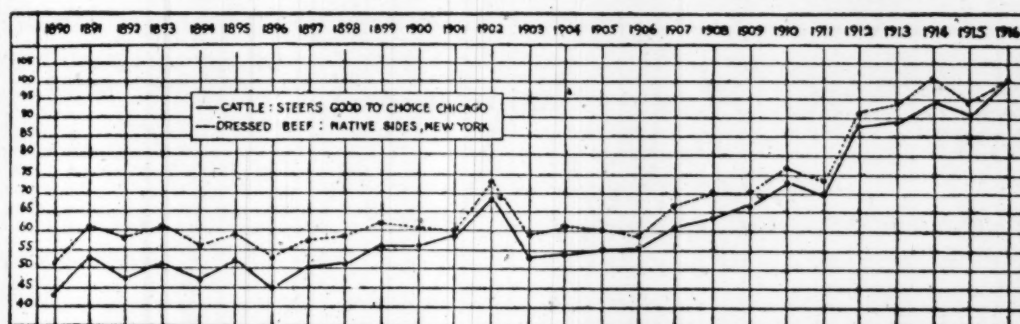
PRICE AS ALWAYS

In spite of greatly increased laboratory costs due to the war, by sacrificing profits and absorbing war taxes, we have maintained the price at which this family laxative has been sold by druggists for the past 6 years. Two sizes—50c and \$1.00.

FREE SAMPLES

If you have never used Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin send for a free trial bottle to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 468 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. If there are babies at home, ask for a copy of Dr. Caldwell's book, "The Care of Baby."

Why Beefsteak Is High



This chart was copied from Bulletin No. 226, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. It is the latest that has been issued. 100=1916 price.

Remember when beefsteak was 20c a pound?

Now it's 40 and 50 cents a pound.

Why?

This chart shows that the price packers have had to pay for cattle has gone up with the price received for beef.

In fact, it shows that the "spread" between cattle and beef prices has been gradually reduced during the past 30 years—owing to competition among packers, their increased efficiency, bigger volume, and elimination of waste.

The packer's profit of only a fraction of a cent per pound of meat has helped to narrow this "spread."

Increased farm-production costs have made higher cattle prices necessary.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Packing Plant, E. St. Louis, Ill.

F. A. Hunter, Manager

Swift & Co. Dress'd Beef Plant, 3919 Papin St., St. Louis, Mo.

C. K. Urquhart, Manager



KELLY-SPRINGFIELD CATERPILLAR TIRES

WHY "Caterpillar"? Because, like the caterpillar, it reaches out and grips the road, lets go without friction, and on release puts behind the point of road contact the full resilient force of its massive rubber segments, which thus actually help to propel the wheel forward. On hundreds of heavy duty trucks, operating under all sorts of conditions, it has proven itself easier on engine and chassis, and more economical from every operating standpoint than any tire ever before offered to the truck owner.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.
3221 Locust Street
St. Louis



"Keep Smiling with Kellys"

The Or Mineral and H

Okawville
Opens for the Easter Sunday

Okawville Springs for...
ism, Etc., An
Wide Renow

Fifty Miles fr
Two trains dai
Especially goo

Inviting Chick
ery Wednesday
A delightful p
your vacation
meets all train

Write, wire o
reserv

"SYRUP CHILD'S

Look at tongue
from stomach, l

Accept "Calif
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the package, the
child is having
natural laxative
stomach.
Children love its
Full directions
bottle, U.S.

Accept "Calif
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the package, the
child is having
natural laxative
stomach.
Children love its
Full directions
bottle, U.S.

1741 Marcus, Delmar 1399R. (c14)

Beautiful Easter Cards

☐ Easter Greeting Cards inscribed with appropriate and happy sentiments. Priced from 2c up to 50c each. Main Floor—Aisle 10

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West.

Men's Union Suits

☐ The "Surety" make, sold exclusively in St. Louis by Famous Barr Co. Perfect-fitting garments in athletic style. \$1.50. Main Floor

A Special Purchase Brings Unusually Good Values in These—
Skirts of Spiral Faille Crepe

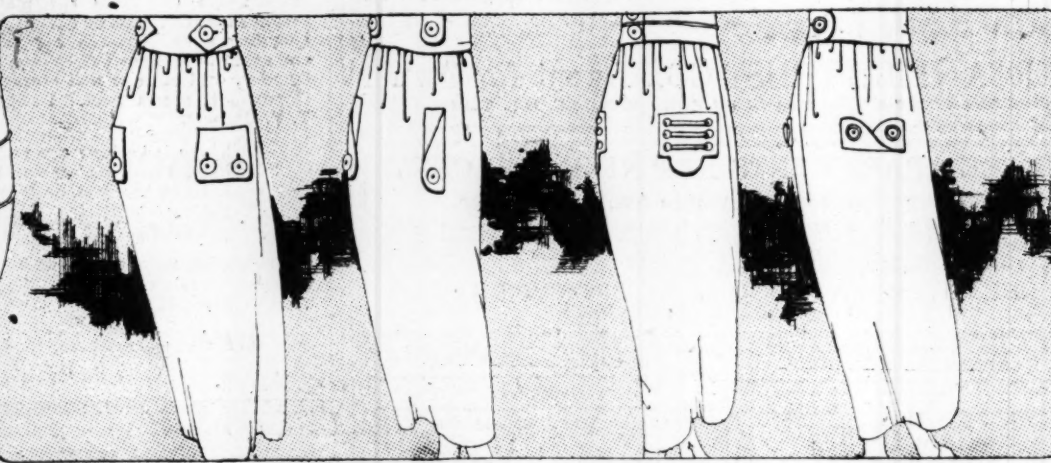


The Season's
Newest
Weave—at... **\$9.75**

This new weave is destined to enjoy unbounded popularity among women who like to combine economy with style. It is woven of silk and wool, similar to Faille, with a silk crepe finish, possessing all of the beauty and charm of a silken weave and the service-giving qualities of the sturdiest wool fabrics.

The models are extremely new and clever, five as illustrated. Belts, pockets and buttons are arranged in many novel attractive ways. Almost every imaginable new shade is represented, some of them being beige, silver gray, walnut, French blue, taupe, orchard green, brown, navy, also black. Sizes from 24 to 30 waist.

Third Floor



Silk and Wool Crepe

\$2 Value—**\$1.50**
Thursday, Yd.

40-inch wide pure silk and wool crepe suiting, in black and colors. A soft and clinging quality that will wear well.

\$3.50 Dress Satin—Yard, \$2.39

Rich, lustrous, 40-inch Plain Satin, in the wanted street shades, including plenty of black and navy. Subject to slight imperfections.

\$2.50 Printed Georgette—Yard, \$1.59

Pretty All-over Checks and Prints in light and dark colors. 40 inches wide; desirable for overdrapes.

\$1.75 Black Taffeta—Yard, \$1.39

Raven Black Dress Taffeta, woven with a rich lustrous finish; 36 inches wide. Main Floor

Black French Serge

\$1.50 Quality—**\$1.35**
Yard.

Splendid quality, all-wool French Serge, in perfect jet black only. 42 inches wide.

New Woolen Plaids—Yard, \$1.00

Choice of twenty different styles in mixed plaid suiting, 40 inches wide, in attractive color combinations for Spring wear. Main Floor

A Neckwear Sale

A Special Easter Event, Offering Choice of Thousands of Silk Four-in-Hand Ties at

85c

☐ This Neckwear sale is one of a series of brilliant excess value-giving events that have startled all St. Louis this Spring.

☐ Notwithstanding the high price of silks today, this sale brings Ties fashioned of beautiful, high-quality weaves at a price that is absurdly low.

☐ The Scarfs are fashioned of rich silks and satins in fancy figured and striped effects, Oriental and Persian patterns, some brocaded.

☐ Each Tie is made in a liberal open-end shape, with the long slip-easy bands.

☐ There are so many Ties in so many different patterns and color combinations that every man is sure to find three, six and more that appeal to his fancy.

Main Floor



Beautiful Silk Camisoles

☐ Just hundreds and hundreds of these lovely silk under slips in myriads of new styles and trimming ideas. And best of all, the prices are low enough to permit buying a liberal quantity for Spring and Summer.



Crepe de Chine and Satin Camisoles, trimmed with imported laces, etc. Built-up and ribbon shoulder strap styles. **\$2.95.**

Wash Satin and Crepe de Chine Camisoles; plain tailored or trimmed styles. **\$2.50.**

Camisoles; trimmed back and front alike, with laces and set-in medallions. **\$1.95.**

Crepe de Chine and Washable Satin Camisoles; trimmed back and front alike. **\$1.50.**

Crepe de Chine Camisoles, trimmed with Georgette and embroidery spray combinations. **\$1.25.**

Women's Crepe de Chine Bloomers. **\$2.95.**

Washable Satin and Crepe de Chine Camisoles; trimmed with Val. laces and insertion to match. **\$1.00.**

Women's Wash Satin Bloomers. **\$2.50.** Third Floor

Novelty Voile Waists

(Satin Striped)

Special Thursday....

\$1.95



☐ These are the most refreshing styles, fashioned of satin-striped voile with pique collars, three as illustrated.

They come in combination stripes of white and rose, white and green, white and peach, white and blue, white and lavender and white and pink. Sizes from 34 to 46. These Waists will launder splendidly.

Third Floor



An Important Easter Sample Sale of

Children's and Misses' Hats

☐ This sale includes the entire sample line of a celebrated specialist in Juvenile Millinery, purchased at a saving of one-third and priced for Thursday on a similar basis. Included are both Trimmed Hats and Banded Hats, in some of the daintiest and most attractive styles shown this season.

\$8.50 to \$20 Trimmed Hats—\$6 to \$13.50

\$6.50 to \$18 Banded Hats—\$4.95 to \$12.50

Included are handmade Transparent Hats, daintily trimmed with Spring flowers and ribbon streamers. Also lace Tuscan Straws, Shired Black Net Hats, Flowered Chiffon Hats and Milan Hats, trimmed with fancy ribbon and flowers.

Smart Banded Hats of every description—the greater majority made of fine Milan straw with streamers of grosgrain ribbon. Also highly colored Manila body Hats, attractively trimmed with soft bows of contrasting colored meshline ribbons. An ideal miss' hat for sports wear. Third Floor

Girls' White Dresses

Special Thursday... **\$3.45**

☐ Attractive Dresses, daintily made of white batiste and marquisette and trimmed in many charming ways with embroidery, laces, crochet buttons and messaline ribbon girdles.

☐ There are 300 Dresses in sizes from 6 to 14 and about 75 Sample Dresses, mostly in 10-year-old size.



Third Floor

Boys' Spring Blouses

75c Value—Thursday,

59c

☐ These Blouses are carefully made of white madras in collar-attached or neckband style. All sizes from 6 to 16 years.

Boys' \$2.00 Shirts or Blouses **\$1.35**

Boys' \$1.50 Shirts or Blouses **95c**

Boys' \$5.00 Silk Shirts, **\$3.45**

Boys' New Easter Neckwear, 35c to \$1.15

Second Floor

BOYS' EASTER SUITS

Splendid Values at... **\$12**



☐ The newest and liveliest styles for boys, including the popular waistline panel-back models with detachable belts. Suits are sturdily built of cassimeres, worsteds and tweeds, with coats alpaca lined. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Spring Reefers

Unusual Values at... **\$8.50**

Topcoats for little men from 2½ to 9 years of age. The newest models, fashioned of tweeds, homespun and cassimeres in Shepherd checks, grays, tans and fancy mixtures.

Second Floor

Boys' Tam O'Shanters

Special Values at... **\$1.50**

☐ These Tams are great favorites with the little fellows. They are made of an excellent quality of blue serge with a smart embroidered band around crowns.

Milan Straw Hats, **\$1.50 to \$3**

Boys' Straw Hats, in black, navy, white, also combinations of black and white, navy and white and brown and white. Ten different styles to choose from.



Main Floor

In the Basement Economy Store—
Sale of Sample Corsets



Also Seconds of \$2 to \$3.50

Grades—Choice..

\$1.44

☐ This sale involves a special purchase of manufacturer's samples and seconds of high-grade Corsets, all in very new and desirable models. Choice of back and front lace styles with medium and low bust, with or without elastic around the top. As they are samples, naturally the size assortment is somewhat incomplete and, if you would share to the fullest in this unusual event, early attendance is urged.

New Easter Capes

A Most Positive Saving in These Two Groups at

\$13.65 and \$16.95

☐ Unrivalled values in an attractive collection of several hundred smart new Spring Capes. Choice of a large variety of the latest models in plain tailored styles or trimmed with braid and buttons in many new ways. The materials are Serges, Poplins and Velours in black, navy and colors.

Basement Economy Store



Sale of Floor Lamps

\$15 Values, on Sale Wednesday Only, at... **\$10.85**



☐ These handsome floor lamp standards are made in piano and chair-reading size.

☐ Made with mahogany finished base with rich-looking velour covered columns in shades of rose, blue, mulberry and gold. Fitted with two pull chain sockets, silk cord and plug. Handmade Silk Shades to match, **\$15 to \$75**

Fourth Floor

Flowers for Easter

Beautiful, blooming Flowers and Plants from our Floral Shop—ideal for Easter gifts.

Flower-Filled Baskets, \$2.50

Tall baskets, filled with blooming plants and ferns. Others, **\$1 to \$5**

Large Blooming Hydrangeas, **\$1 to \$3**

Baskets of Fresh Cut Flowers, **\$1 to \$7.50**

Basement Economy Store.



One thousand farmerettes, in smocks, blouses and puttees, invaded New York last week in campaign to continue the work of the Woman's Land Army.



Aviator H. C. Hawker Australian flier now in Newfoundland awaiting opportunity to begin transatlantic flight.



Shell shock patients at Presidio Hospital, San Francisco, getting their daily electric bath. Body is placed in cabinet, with just the head exposed.

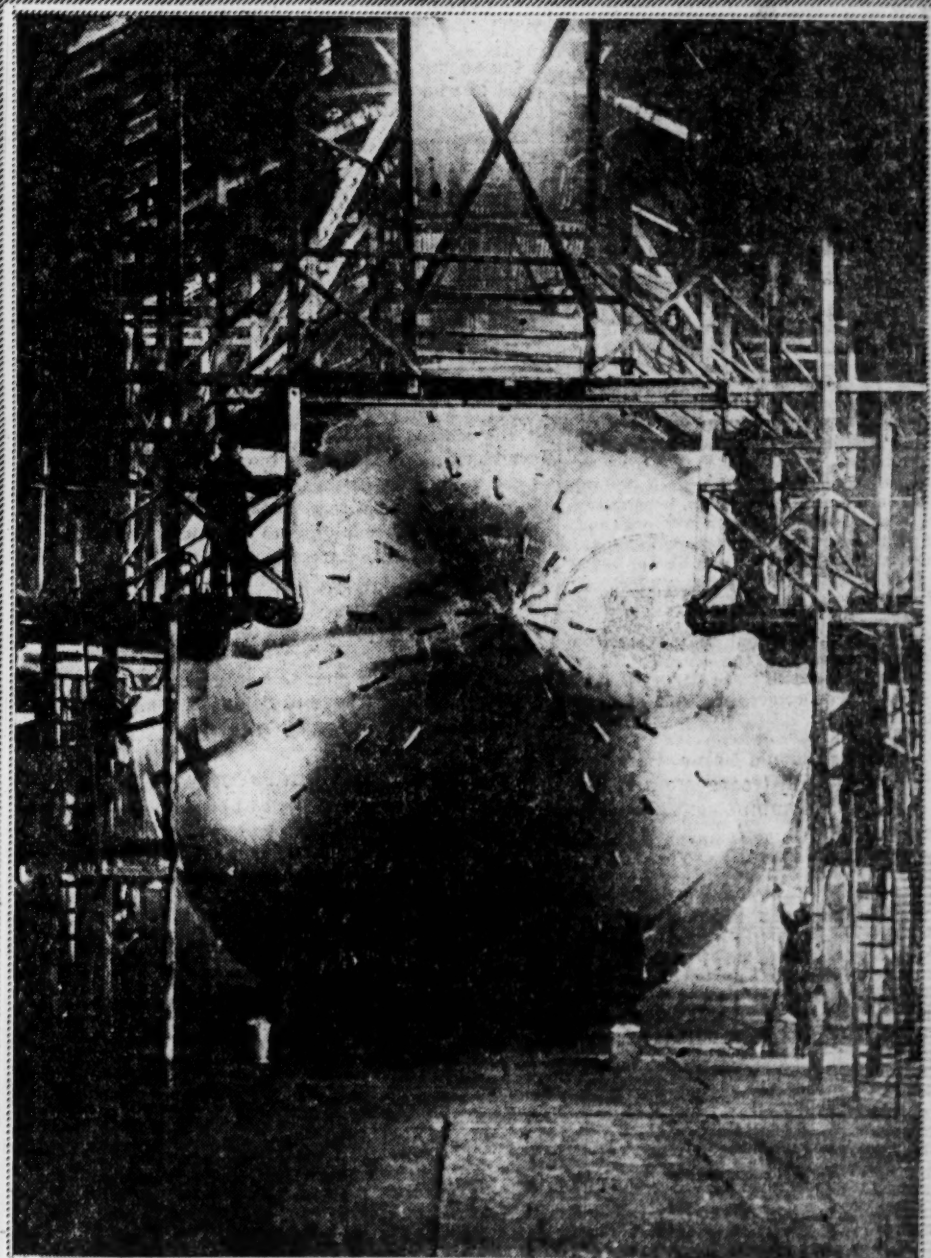
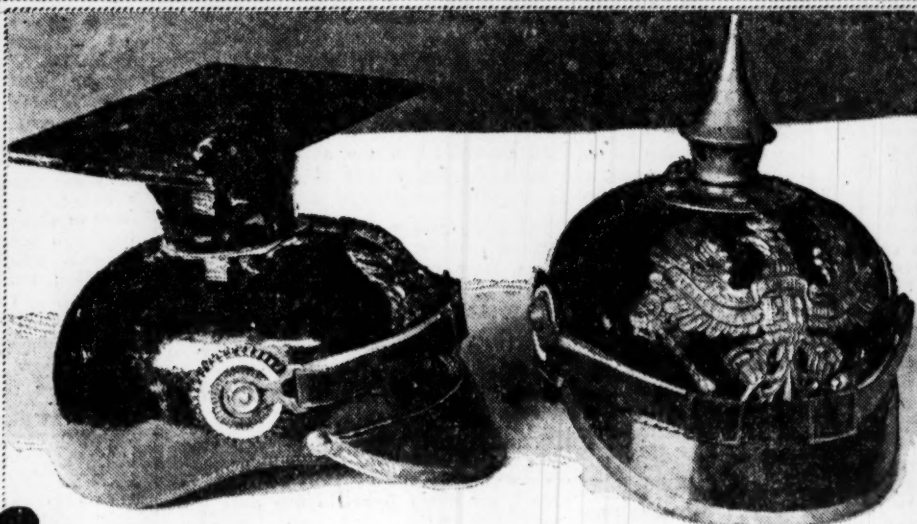


Removing the "camouflage" from merchant ships. Crews of these vessels, while being loaded in port, put fresh paint on hulls.

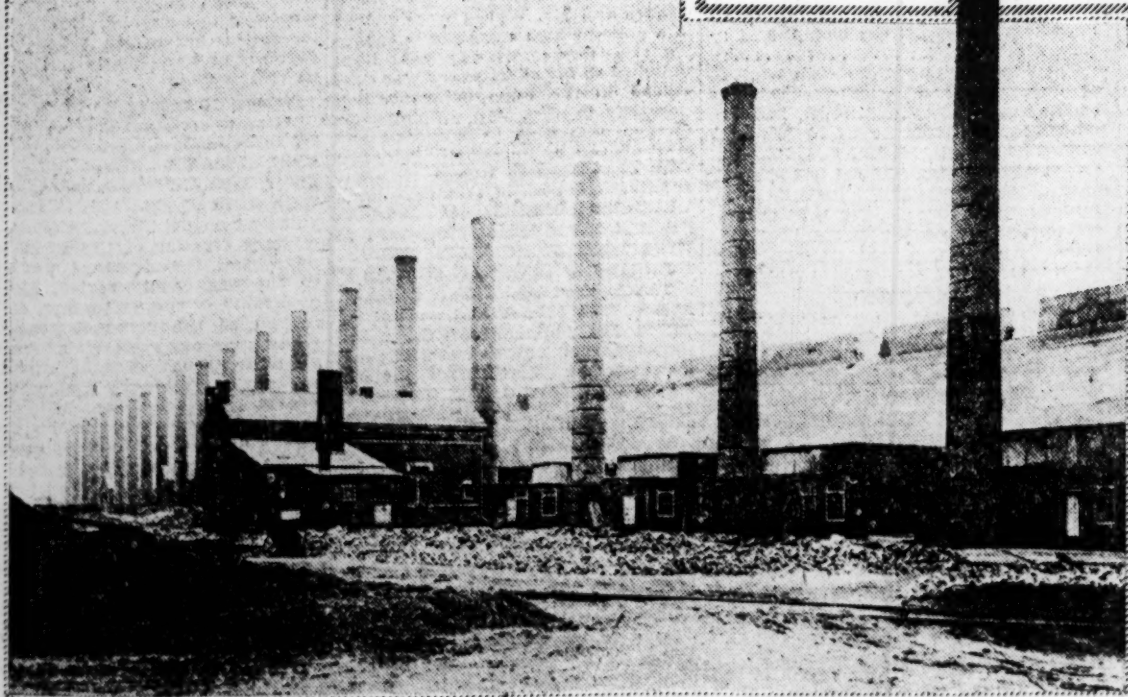


Queen Marie of Rumania and her daughter, starting off in Paris for the feminine pastime of shopping.

Types of German helmets in St. Louis to be awarded as prizes to best Victory Loan workers. These had been prepared for troops to wear in a triumphal entry into Paris, but, of course, were never distributed. 85,000 of these helmets were found by American soldiers in Coblenz and shipped over here for the loan campaign.



English dirigible, in dry dock, getting a coat of "dope," a kind of varnish, which makes the huge envelope air tight.



A specimen of German destruction. At left, a French zinc factory near Douai, as it was in October, 1918, before the German retreat. On right is same factory as the French found it, a little later.



Admiral Sims as Washington saw him after a two years' service abroad.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 12, 1878.

Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,
Twelfth and Olive Streets.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Average for entire year, 1918:
Sunday 553,177
DAILY AND SUNDAY 189,796

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight for the rights of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Choice of Opera Music.

When the summer opera was first mentioned in the daily papers, it was my understanding that the people were to vote on what ones should be given, but now I see by the papers that those votes are considered as "scraps of paper" and the committee is making the selection. All of those decided on I have heard but do not object to hearing some of them again. In fact, voted for two of those chosen, but I did want very much to hear "Madam Butterfly," which I have not heard, and I find from the notice in the paper that this opera "ran near the top" and was not chosen, while "The Mikado" received only a small vote, but was selected. The reason given for not having "Madam Butterfly" is that it is considered "too heavy" for the audiences. I have read the book and seen the film of "Madam Butterfly" and came through alive, so I think I can stand the weight of it, and I hope all the other disappointed ones will protest, as I am doing, in some manner and perhaps it can be selected yet.

If the members of the committee had attended the Castle Square opera of 20 years ago they would have seen just as large crowds when "Aida," "Il Trovatore," etc., were given as when "The Mikado" or "Pinafore" was sung. I believe the success of this summer opera depends upon the so-called "common people," those who work for their living, but still have education enough to know what they desire, and it might be well to pay a little more attention to those desires, or they may face another defeat.

A WORKING WOMAN.

"U. S. Liberty Warriors."

I am informed that a meeting will shortly be held in St. Louis to prepare for the organization of the Americans enlisted in the world war into a permanent society, similar to the Grand Army of the Republic.

As St. Louis will be honored by this first meeting, I, a St. Louisian, hereby suggest a name for the proposed organization: a name which I believe is adequately descriptive, one that can be applied to all participants in the allied armies. I suggest the name U. S. Liberty Warriors.

Should it be decided to make this a world organization, the prefix "U. S." could be changed to "British," "French," "Italian," or whatever country is to be designated.

Will you kindly inform me to whom this suggestion should be made to accord it proper recognition and consideration for its adoption? W. E. WISBERG.

(Write to Adjutant John S. Siebert, Jefferson Barracks, or Lieutenant-Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, New York City—Ed. P.-D.)

Socialism and Bolshevism.

A great mistake is often made by calling the Socialist party of America Bolshevism. The real Bolshevism organizations in America are the insignificant Socialist Labor party and the Workers' International Industrial Union. The Socialist party, outside of a few exceptions such as the Debs type, always did and do now oppose the two above-mentioned Bolshevism organizations. The Socialist party is a working-class political party and is neutral on the industrial side. Of course, we lean more toward the A. F. L., because it is the most advanced and larger union. We do not advocate Socialism, but believe in the ballot to overthrow capitalism. Time will tell if the Socialist party is sound, sensible and progressive, and that the Bolsheviks, S. L. P. and W. I. I. U. are pipe dreamers, moonshiners and rainbow chasers. The Kerensky Government if left alone would have put poor Russia on its feet. Again, if the Spartacists had common sense, they would uphold the Ebert-Scheidemann Government. That Government is not egotistic, but allows individualism to rightfully expand for the welfare of the working class. We must safeguard the Socialist movement in this country against the Bolshevism elements; if this is not done, the future may prove of the most serious consequences to the American proletariat.

Away with Bolshevism! Neither is the I. W. W. Bolshevism.

JAMES J. CASEY.

An Auto License Suggestion.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
In the April 8th edition I read of the bank robbery in Baden and of the license number on cars used by these bandits. It seems to me our city is very loose in its method of issuing auto licenses. Why not take the numbers of all these licenses issued and place them in address form, according to the way they are issued. Then forward these lists to police districts in which the auto owners are supposed to live, and have the police investigate and see if the address and kind of automobile agree with what was given at the city hall at the time of application for license? You will find in this way a lot of auto owners with large cars riding around on a cheap Ford license. This method would increase our tax income and help pay the police increase in salary just granted to them.

A. C. PARENT.

SENATOR McCULLOUGH'S FAILURE.

The Chamber of Commerce resolution urging Gov. Gardner to veto the McCullough-Morgan road bill was the logical and inevitable conclusion of Senator McCullough's defense of his bill at the chamber.

Senator McCullough's address was an ingenious but futile effort to make black look white. Proclaiming himself a hard-road advocate, he was utterly unable to show a single provision in his bill which would assure the building of a mile of anything but cheap dirt roads.

The Hawes bill was designed to guarantee permanent, hard-surfaced roads—the only kind worth a dollar of investment by the State—and good State roads by requiring counties to join their own funds with State and Federal funds in building first-class, durable roads. It was designed to promote road building of all kinds, but to assure a growing mileage of durable roads, which, in the end, would gridiron the State.

The McCullough-Morgan bill nullifies all of this program. It distributes the road funds among the counties by providing that the Highway Commission shall survey and grade 50 miles of dirt roads in each county at a cost of \$1200 a mile. Each county thus gets \$60,000 for dirt roads, without any requirement for the expenditure of county funds. If the roads cannot be built for \$1200 per mile the mileage may be reduced or the county may voluntarily help the State to complete the mileage. Where will the State find the money to help any counties make better roads?

Senator McCullough exposed the whole scheme when he said it was necessary to induce the farmers to vote for a State road bond issue by giving them something. He wants to bribe them with all the road money, but cheat them out of decent roads. His favorite phrase is "adaptable roads." Adaptable for what—ox teams?

The bill will fritter the road money away in sops to counties and spoils for the politicians, without result. It will put the State back in roads 20 years.

Gov. Gardner, who hailed the Hawes road bill as "the best road law in the entire country," and assured the people it would result in the building of 3500 miles of permanent hard-surfaced roads, cannot approve the McCullough-Morgan road bill without earning the contempt of every intelligent citizen of the State. He would stultify himself.

Unlike the police, the robbers do not need a salary raise to spur them on.

INTERSTATE BAD ROADS SWEEPSTAKE.

In Kansas they are giving prizes for the worst roads which venturesome explorers discover within a stipulated space of time. The condition of different stretches of road entered as contestants must be attested by actual photographs. In addition to the capital prizes, lesser prizes for roads which, while unable to qualify as the worst in any given competition are yet entitled to honorable mention as lacking most of the features of decent roads, are provided to stimulate the work of exploration.

This is a form of competition to be recommended for all the states. Advocates of good roads will see the advantages of approaching the problem from the side of the worst in highways rather than from the side of the best. After the semi-finals in each state have determined the stretch of road that is indisputably the very worst of all, interstate competitions can be arranged. In the pan-state contest Missouri may be depended on to capture not only the first prize, but the second, the third and all other prizes, making it a sweepstake.

The great auk will have to yield the palm to the greater 'Awker, if he flies across the ocean.

UTILITY FRANCHISES IN WAR TIME.

The street car cases reviewed by the Federal Supreme Court vary widely because of the lack of uniformity in the laws of states and cities and because of differences in the set of facts set up as the foundation of each. Caution is to be used in assuming that a decision rendered in one case must necessarily apply to some other case or tentative case, unless it can be shown that both are governed by the same circumstances and principles. Litigation originating at Columbus, O., however, has ended in a judicial finding at Washington of interest and importance, in view of the apparent chaos during war time in conditions relating to franchises and utility obligations in general. The traction employees in that town having been granted a total wage increase of \$500,000 a year by the War Labor Board, the company obtained from the local Federal Court an injunction restraining the city officials from interfering with a proposed increase in fares from eight rides for 25 cents to 5-cent-straights fares.

The discovery that the straphangers in at least one city, under war-time conditions were riding for 31.8 cents is in itself refreshing to the straphangers of a town where they are forced to pay practically double that sum or 6 cents. But even more instructive is the record of what followed when the company sought the increase to the 5-cent fares, which our own traction company pronounces unremunerative.

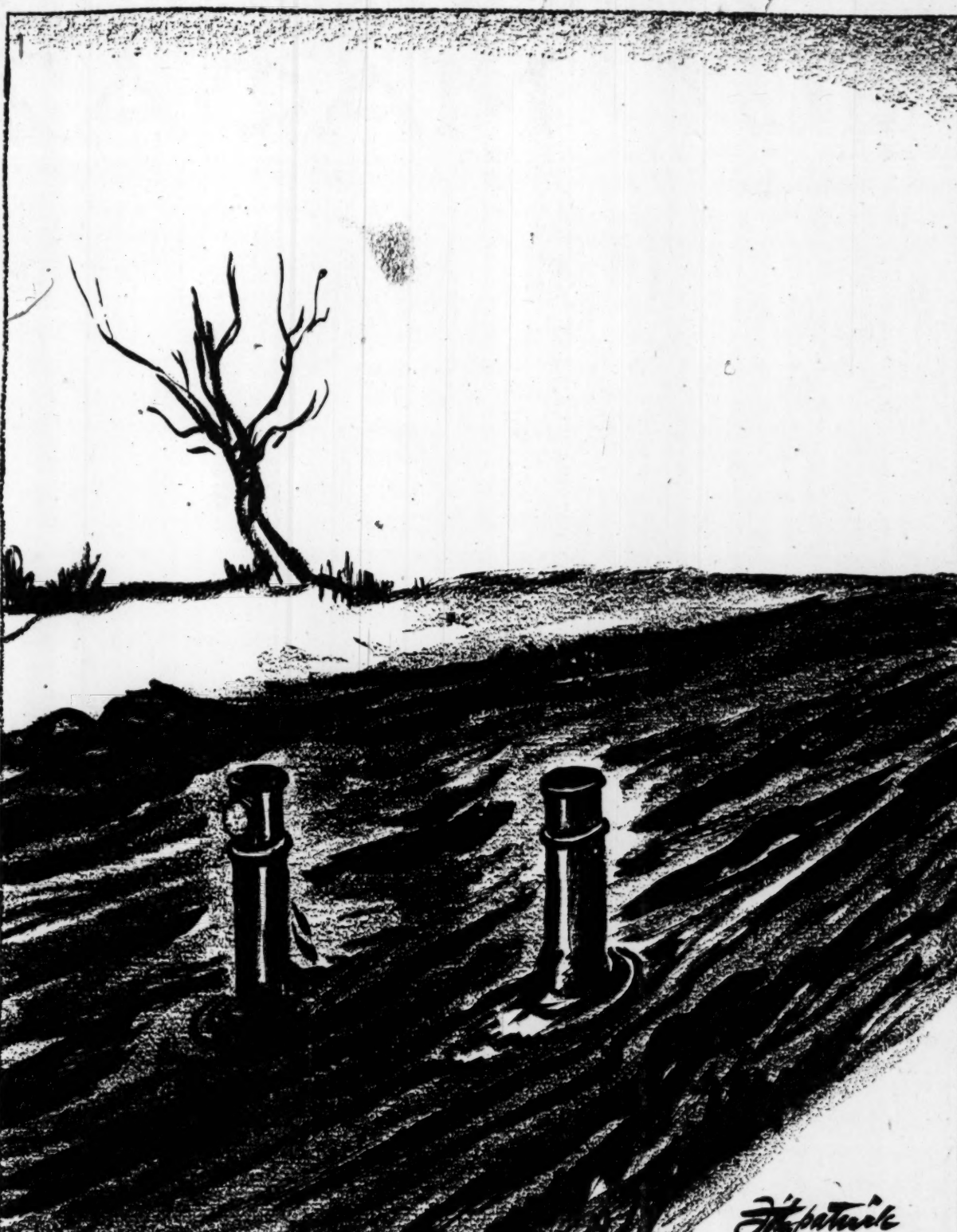
The Supreme Justices, on review, declined to restrain city officials in the execution of their duty and dissolved the injunction. The Justices found that the company was earning 41-2 per cent on the value of its properties and ruled that the franchise contract bound it to the performance of its obligations.

Some fundamental points seem to have been decided in this opinion. It is held that a contract is a contract and is not to be evaded when war comes, even if the return owing to exceptional conditions temporarily falls to 4-1-2 per cent.

Of course, in this case the municipal authorities were faithful to the trust imposed on them by the people. What the ruling would have been had those officials abandoned their responsibility to the people and turned to the aid of the company in exacting greater charges from the public we have no means of determining.

But it is pertinent to remember that our own traction company made even in war time much more than 41-2 per cent on its actual value and that it is bound as specifically by its franchises not to extort more than 5 cents a ride as the Columbus company is bound not to extort more than 25 cents for eight rides.

When the boys come back with the light of their war-time experience they may set about doing things the right way and take Missouri out of the backwoods class. Soldier politicians might be better than the kind we now have.



MAN IN A FORD: HAS THE GOVERNOR SIGNED THAT ROAD BILL YET?
MAN ON A LOAD OF HAY: I DON'T KNOW. I CAN'T SEE FROM HERE.

The MIRROR OF PUBLIC OPINION

SOVIET INVASION FROM MEXICO.

From the Birmingham (Ala.) News.
BEFORE the great war broke out, temerarious prophecies were made that if ever the United States were invaded, the armies of the enemy would steal quietly up through Mexico, ravage the Mississippi delta and destroy ruthlessly every soldier, woman and little child that endeavored to block their flaming path. It would be as easy as falling off a log, they said. The border—and there was but one border in those days—must be guarded to the last instant.

Now is it the same school of gloomy prophets that is predicting a Socialist invasion from Yucatan? Has Felipe Carrillo, president of the Socialist party in Yucatan, stepped, for the nonce, into the shoes of Mr. Hudson Maxim as a prophet of novel and unique methods of overrunning this country? Carrillo, it seems, is up from the Southern republic with eyes flaming and much talk of how God willing, all the forces of socialism and of labor are going to slip up on the United States and hit the orderly forces of Government with a big stick. Senior Carrillo is loafing about in Chicago and talking big Latin talk. For example, the Socialists of Yucatan are in control of the Government. They have established a soviet form of government in Yucatan and Sonora and are endeavoring to spread it throughout Mexico.

There may be considerable truth in what the man says, albeit very few persons in this country will live in the same constant dread of the proposed Socialist invasion that they did when the bandit Pancho was firing away at American patriots. Probably the Roman Catholic Church will take care of this Socialist movement in Yucatan and Sonora. Socialism was, never a favorite child of that church, and it is scarcely probable it will flourish exceedingly amongst Catholic-American Indians.

HOW SOCIALISTS VIEW BOLSHIEVISM

From the Kansas City Star.
THE most impressive judgment passed on Bolshevism in Russia has come from three radicals at the recent Socialist conference at Berne. Their words are quoted in the New Europe from the debates of the conference. Here they are: (Gavrouski (Russia): In Russia there are now no proletariats left and the trade unions are as good as wiped out. We ask for a commission of inquiry so that the Internationale may convince itself that the methods of Bolshevism are simply the methods of out-and-out terrorism.

Kautsky (Germany): The Bolsheviki have failed in the task of the hour, which is to set production going, and instead have only ruined industries and created a new militarism.

Henderson (Britain): Socialism must be firmly based on democracy. Bolshevism is nothing but a system of the most appalling oppression and violence.

As radicals these men would be predisposed to see whatever good there were sometimes at variance, but I never saw the fact stated so tersely. Besides, I try to be both decent and law-abiding. Which should I follow, after having read above sign?

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

REFORM AT MOOSEVILLE.

When the Mooseville Mirror used to roost and rattle the local temperance host, The editor, at the Eagle Inn, And matched his daddy's art profuse With a snappy style and a "nose for news"; But now he drills with the Extra Drys, And the Eagle's a Vulture in his eyes.

Father Flynn and Pastor Potts Were targets once of his telling shots; Pungent wit from his pen would roll To prove the worth of the flowing bowl; Today he guns for the liquor crew, And his shooting pails are the preacher's two.

The editor's "baby," Hank by name, In course of time a "cub" became, But, later on, he was falling down With the tawdry wigs of his native town; And, as he fell, up jumped his dad On the Water wagon, fighting mad.

"The Mooseville Mirror is Anti-Booze," The editor wrote when he changed his views;

"This slogan sticks until Kingdom Come, By which we mean till the end of Rum; And, for every boost in our past fool talks, We promise the Demon a dozen knocks."

And the way the editor walloped Drink From that to this made Mooseville think Of its grizzled guzzlers' thinning ranks, And its fresh reserves, the youthful Hanks;

Of the Eagle Inn and similar spots, Where moderate tipplers turned to sots.

But for Hank, at the Eagle Inn, The editor still would crack his gin; And Mooseville Mirror would rap and roar.

And rattle the local temperance host; For Hank, he drills with the Extra Drys.

And the Eagle's a Vulture in his eyes! JAMES C. McNALLY.

April 14, 1919.
Sir: The following is to be admitted (admitted because it is hand-painted) in the waiting room of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Collinsville:

Decency demands and the law: forbids spitting on the floor. Which one will you obey?

Now I often surmised that decency and the law—anyhow as it is applied—were sometimes at variance, but I never saw the fact stated so tersely. Besides, I try to be both decent and law-abiding. Which should I follow, after having read above sign?

92845107462.

Just as war must become at length the recognized crowning absurdity of humankind, so the people who cannot see the end of it are already looking up at the clouds of the future, who look into the future. Senator Reed says we shall always have war, but he cannot be any more confident than the hard-headed old chaps who discussed the League of Nations, until all questions were finally considered and disposed of.

Immediately upon his arrival in Europe Mr. Wilson destroyed this confidence by his acceptance on behalf of America by Col. House, and insisted that the league of nations covenant should be revised and included in the preliminary treaty of peace. The result was the total collapse of the project which had been prepared, and a very general protest among the European nations which amounted to nothing because the English once more stood squarely behind Mr. Wilson.

But while this confusion resulted from the upsetting of the program was still a substantial circumstance, Bolshevism occupied Hungary and began to march to the Black Sea. Moreover it became perfectly clear that, following the example of Hungary, Germany was contemplating refusal to sign the treaty of peace which had been practically formulated during the President's absence and would offer passive resistance to its enforcement.

There was then panic. In this panic there were at least signs which seemed to indicate that Lloyd George and Mr. Wilson were agreed in a policy which consisted in reducing the terms which had been sketched so far by Germany was concerned in the hope of persuading Germany to sign. An official commission was sent to Hungary and semi-official or unofficial delegates were dispatched to Russia with the apparent purpose of seeking to find a basis for a peace between Bolshevism and the alliance represented at Paris.

Problem of the Rhine Finished.
The result was almost instantaneous. The French had not yet received the judgment of the peace conference on any one of the great questions which were for them a matter of life and death, and there was no settlement of the Rhine frontier as a military question, of the Saar coal region as an economic question, of long imprisonment day, of financial question, and rightly or wrongly, the French concluded that their interests were being sacrificed now both by America and by Britain to the German desire to get prompt peace with the Germans and to effect at least a truce with Bolshevism. As a result, there was immediate and inconceivably strong French reaction against the British and American attitude against both the United States and Great Britain which grew out of the feeling that France, after her terrible sacrifices, was being abandoned.

French union with Germany was immediately an Great Britain. Lloyd George had come to power once more, in the recent election, in which he had pledged himself to make a

strong peace against Germany, by which Germany would be made to pay the costs of the war. British conservative members of Parliament, at least a very large section of British public opinion, now believed that Mr. Lloyd George was engaged in making an easy peace for Germany, and that he would let Germany escape from paying the costs of the war; and they recognized that as a result of the progress of events in Paris, France had been becoming increasingly alienated from Great Britain and the alliance which had saved the world from Germanism was cracking.

Thereupon there was an immediate storm, the consequences of every sort of emphatic notice came to Lloyd George in Paris that he must change his policy, that he must restore the understanding between Great Britain and France by supporting French claims, and that he must drop even the appearance of willingness to deal with Bolshevism. To this storm Lloyd George bowed. He shifted his course, began issuing interviews praising France and proclaiming British solidarity with France.

French and English Reactions.

In the meantime in France similar reactions had led to an outburst in the Chamber of Deputies and later to a declaration in the French press that the French press began to break away from the French sense of solidarity which had held them and to protest violently against the seeming willingness of the Government to sacrifice French interests to the friendship and Clemenceau's friendship. He himself face to face with a national reaction against further surrender to the United States, or yielding to Great Britain, which it was not possible to let go unheeded. It is fair to say that Clemenceau had at no time sacrificed French interests, but that up to that moment he had been himself bent on achieving anything for France in the presence of Anglo-American opposition in the Council of Four, which was supported by Italy. When Lloyd George decided to bow to the British Parliament and British public opinion, he not only made public statements supporting France and declarations in the Council of Four in support of French demands, but he also indicated reluctance on the part of Great Britain to accept amendments to the league of nations covenant which had been decided by the republicans in opposition to America and were essential to Mr. Wilson if the President was to achieve the ratification of his treaty of peace when he went home. The President, therefore, found himself not alone in the presence of European reaction against further adjustment of European matters in accordance with his views, but also saw in the immediate future the possibility that Europe would refuse to consent to changes in the league of nations covenant which were essential to his own political future and to the success of the principles which he had come to Europe to advocate. He saw, in substance, all of a sudden British support disappear, isolation in the conference unmistakable and the safety of his league of nations plan in danger.

This was the point at which he sent for the George Washington. The days that followed were days when every sort of rumor followed back to Paris, and the British press, in the presence of the threat of going home did Lloyd George modify his position or Anglo-French rearrangement collapses. Mr. Lloyd George was compelled to stand firm by the presence of the French and Clemenceau, strengthened by British support, was able to maintain his position unshaken. We had a deadlock when Mr. Wilson threatened to leave the conference, and the French representative, supported by the Italian, showed no disposition whatever to surrender European interests further to Mr. Wilson's control. How the 14 points must be interpreted.

France Reasserts Right to Live.

After a certain time the inevitable accommodation occurred. Settlement of the French demands, which never included annexation, which were without imperative or chauvinistic considerations, followed. The military frontier of the Rhine as a guarantee, the practical possession of the Saar coal region, absolute ownership of the coal mines, the assertion of the principle that Germany must pay the costs of the war, all these things were at least temporarily settled with American approval, and following an eloquent speech of the President on behalf of the amendments of the covenant of the league of nations, in conformity with criticism of United States Senators. British opposition disappeared.

But there was something more in this collision than the momentary tension. We had in fact the reaction of Europe against American control of the affairs of Europe and American regulation of European questions without regard to European conditions, traditions and necessities. France reasserted her right to live in spite of any possible provisions of the 14 points, and Great Britain rallied to the support of France, both on French issues and in the matter of reparations, which was only less important to the British than to the French mind.

Simonds Reviews Method by Which Crisis in Peace Council Was Cleared Away

Says Deadlock Was Broken Only When Wilson Finally Surrendered to France and England Certain Points That Concerned Europe Only.

By FRANK H. SIMONDS,

Author of "The Great War," and "They Shall Not Pass."

PARIS, April 11.—The crisis which the Paris conference passed through in the first two weeks of April must be the American audience, far removed from the actual circumstances of European affairs, something of a mystery. To present picture of this crisis from a distance is difficult, since the American share in the making of peace has become in America a matter of domestic politics, and the simplest narration of facts will be suspected of having a political purpose. Yet the truth is that in this period, and growing out of the European feeling with respect of American influence in Europe, there was an unmistakable reason, the consequences of which still endure and will have a continuing influence in Paris.

France stood for security. There was danger from the very start, therefore, that as England and America more and more closely cooperated in framing the league of nations, in devoting their time and effort to the formation of principles which Mr. Wilson had indicated without formulating, the French would feel themselves abandoned, their vital interests subordinated or ignored, and that there would be in time bitterness, suspicion, profound sadness and depression. It was inevitable that if the French felt their great sacrifices in the war were to leave them poorer and weaker, there would be national protest and national resentment against both Great Britain and the United States.

Now substantially what happened was this: From the time the peace conference opened until the departure of the President for the United States late in February, the main business before the conference was the covenant of the league of nations. Commissions were appointed to deal with all questions of ratification questions. They proceeded to work; their reports were not completed when Mr. Wilson went home, and it would be hardly fair to say that up to this point the league of nations had delayed discussion of material questions except as both British and French had consented to lay aside material questions and take up first the league of nations. During Mr. Wilson's absence, many, if not all, of the commissions completed their labors and prepared their reports. A program for disposing of practically all material matters was in hand when Mr. Wilson returned. It was expected that without further delay the commission would turn its attention to disposing of material questions, the league of nations having been accepted in principle and the material questions having been presented Europe expected early in March that, with no further long delays, preliminary peace would be made with Germany without further discussion of the league of nations, until all questions were finally considered and disposed of.

Immediately upon his arrival in Europe Mr. Wilson destroyed this confidence by his acceptance on behalf of America by Col. House, and insisted that the league of nations covenant should be revised and included in the preliminary treaty of peace. The result was the total collapse of the project which had been prepared, and a very general protest among the European nations which amounted to nothing because the English once more stood squarely behind Mr. Wilson. But while this confusion resulted from the upsetting of the program was still a substantial circumstance, Bolshevism occupied Hungary and began to march to the Black Sea. Moreover it became perfectly clear that, following the example of Hungary, Germany was contemplating refusal to sign the treaty of peace which had been practically formulated during the President's absence and would offer passive resistance to its enforcement. There was then panic. In this panic there were at least signs which seemed to indicate that Lloyd George and Mr. Wilson were agreed in a policy which consisted in reducing the terms which had been sketched so far by Germany was concerned in the hope of persuading Germany to sign. An official commission was sent to Hungary and semi-official or unofficial delegates were dispatched to Russia with the apparent purpose of seeking to find a basis for a peace between Bolshevism and the alliance represented at Paris.

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Thereupon there was an immediate storm, the consequences of every sort of emphatic notice came to Lloyd George in Paris that he must change his policy, that he must restore the understanding between Great Britain and France by supporting French claims, and that he must drop even the appearance of willingness to deal with Bolshevism. To this storm Lloyd George bowed. He shifted his course, began issuing interviews praising France and proclaiming British solidarity with France.

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The Magnificent Ambersons

An Epic of the Rise of an American City

By BOOTH TARKINGTON,

Author of "Monsieur Beaucaire," "The Gentleman From Indiana," and Other Notable Stories.

Chapter VI. (Continued.)

"Yes," she said, "I'm always late everything: I wouldn't let them for me. We're visiting the sons."

"Just time I knew that! You must be so fresh about your son, will you? Of course he's a distinguished looking man, in a way. I was still serious. 'In a way?'"

"You mean, not in a way, don't you?"

George was perplexed. "How do you mean, not in a way? People are often said 'in a way' rather distinguished looking, or 'in a way' so-and-so, or 'rather' anything to show that they're superior."

"In New York last month I met a man called Mr. Pembroke. He was six feet three, but he didn't mean my height; he meant that he was important."

"Mr. Pembroke is six feet three, and his wife was really so. I don't know if it's important, but I know it's a fact."

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"Mr. Pembroke is six feet three, and his wife was really so. I don't know if it's important, but I know it's a fact."

"I should say not," I use both of a great deal myself," said George. "One thing I don't see, what's the use of a man being six feet three? Men that size can't do anything as well as a man of five feet eleven. Can those long legs of yours be any good in a fight, and they're so awkward keeping falling over chairs or?"

"Mr. Pembroke is in the army," said George. "He's extraordinary."

"In the army? Oh, I suppose he's a great friend of your father's?"

"They got on very well," she said. "I introduced them."

"George was a straightforward soul, but 'see here' he said. 'Are you engaged to anybody?'"

"No."

"Not wholly mollified, he shrugged his shoulders. 'You seem to know a great many people! Do you live in New York?'"

"No. We don't live anywhere."

"What you mean; you don't live anywhere?"

"We've lived all over," she answered. "Papa used to live here in town, but that was before I was born."

"What do you mean moving around?"

"He is a promoter."

"No. He's an inventor."

"What's he invented?"

"Just lately," said Lucy, "he's been working on a new kind of horseless carriage."

"Well, I'm sorry for him," George said. "In no unkindly spirit. 'Those are never going to amount to anything. People aren't going to live on their backs and let their faces be covered with grease and dirt. Horseless carriages are a mistake, and you'd better not waste his time on it.'"

"Papa'd be so grateful," she replied. "If he could have your advice."

"Instantly George's face became flushed. 'I don't know that I've anything to be insulted for,' he said. 'I don't see that what I said is particularly fresh.'"

"No, indeed?"

"Then what do you say?"

"He laughed gaily. 'I don't! And I don't mind you being such a lofty snob at all. I think it's ever so interesting—but papa's a great man!'"

"Is he?" George decided to be measured. "Well, let me see. I hope so, I'm sure."

"Looking at him keenly, she saw that the magnificent youth was indubitably sincere in this bit of gramee. He spoke as a tolerant, statesman might speak of a rising young politician, and with eyes still upon him, Lucy shook her head in gentle wonder. 'I'm beginning to understand,' she said.

"Understand what?"

"What it means to be a real American in this town. Papa told me something about it before we came. I see he didn't say half enough!"

George superbly took this all for his. "Did your father say he was the family before he left?"

"Yes. I believe he was particularly proud of your Uncle George; and I don't think you know your mother very well. He wasn't an inventor, but he was a young lawyer. The town was smaller in those days, and I believe he was quite well known."

"I dare say. I've no doubt the town is all very glad to see him, especially if they used to have him at the house a good deal, as he was."

"I don't think he meant to boast," she said. "He spoke of it calmly."

George stared at her for a moment, then perceived that her intention was satirical. "Girls ought to go to a man's country house," he said. "Just a month or two. I'd take some of the fresh air out of 'em."

"I can't believe it," she retorted. "I'm partner for the next dance around. It would only make them feel the better on the surface—they'd really just as awful as ever, after they got to know them a few minutes."

"What do you mean, 'after you got to know them a few minutes?'"

"She was departing to the dance, and she said to a little boy who was sitting on the ground, 'You must think it out for me. I'll take you away on the breeze and the waltz, and George, having been postponed, sitting on the ground, and strolling round the dancing outskirts of the dance to his uncle, George Amberson,

stood smilingly watching, under one of the rose-vine arches at the entrance to the room.

"HELLO, young namesake!"

"Hello, the uncle," "Why linger the laggard heel of the dancer? Haven't you got a partner?"

"She's sitting around waiting for me," said George. "See here: Who is this fellow Morgan that Aunt Fanny Minner was dancing with a while ago?"

Amberson laughed. "He's a man with a pretty daughter, George. Meantime, you've been spending the evening noticing something of that sort—or do I err?"

"Never mind! What sort is he?"

"I think we'll have to give him a character," said George. "He is an old friend; used to practice law here—perhaps he had more debts than cases, but he paid 'em all up before he left town. Your question is purely a moneyer, I take it; you want to know his worth before proceeding further with the daughter. I cannot inform you, though I notice signs of considerable prosperity in that becoming dress of hers. However, you never can tell. It is a case when every sacrifice is made for the young, and how your own poor mother managed to provide those genuine pearl studs for you out of her allowance from father, I can't say."

"Oh, dry up," said the nephew. "I understand this Morgan!"

"Mr. Eugene Morgan," his uncle suggested. "Politeness requires that the young should!"

"I guess the 'young' didn't know much about politeness in your day," George interrupted. "I understand that Mr. Eugene Morgan used to be a great friend of the family."

"In the army? Oh, I suppose he's a great friend of your father's?"

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Never have the firebox of the stove more than three-fourths full.

Judy O'Grady Likes an Easter Bonnet as Well as the Colonel's Lady

By Marguerite Martyn.

IT is the spring of a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of love, and a woman's to new apparel. Hasn't it been so since the very beginning of things? For I'm sure that little scene in the Garden of Eden happened in the spring.

I don't know when a man's fancy ceases to turn, but I do know a woman rarely is so young or so old, so pretty or so plain, so rich or so poor, that she cannot be aroused to an interest in new clothes in the spring.

Often she has to take it out in dreaming of the clothes she would like to have—if she is married and settled, and no particular conquest depends upon her outward charms, if there are little mouths to be fed and feet to be shod, and she has slipped into the role of self sacrifice with her chief concern making ends meet over bare necessities. But seldom is she so involved in responsibilities that she cannot, in the spring, be aroused by a possibility of new clothes. I saw this fact demonstrated at a social service center in a crowded downtown neighborhood the other day.

While casting about for a means of using the deserted room, otherwise empty in the afternoon, and always intent upon promoting profitable sociability among housewives in their idle hours, the pastor at this neighborhood center had

placed her young—est child with a pacifier in its mouth in charge don't look so good on me till I get my hair fixed right," repeated each of the next youngest, from whose head she snatched the yellow chip shape she now held aloft.

"Do you think this hat is too young for me?" asked an elderly woman with an apologetic smile presenting herself under a black turban, for the inspection of the instructor. "I like to trim it, anyway. I can always send it to one of my daughters."

"I did want that three-cornered leghorn, but she says she spoke for it first," came an aggrieved voice from out of a group clustered on the outskirts of the circle.

"You'd ought to have it, too. It's a sight on her," was the whispered response.

"Oh, no, that ain't stylish no more. Down by the front and up by the back is the way. I saw it in a picture," another authority was declaring.

"Of course it'll look lots better on me when I get my hair fixed right," was another inevitable remark.

"Oh, there was no lack of ideas, no lack of demands. But best of all, there was no reason, this time, why each woman's desire should not be at least approximately realized.

Probably domestic science classes, including sewing of all kinds, are a regular feature of these missions. The difference between this class and the sewing societies of the home economics department extension service of that institution, through its lively classes popular and successful, where about, is at 319 North Tenth street.

Now, the State university is not appropriating funds to provide straw and ribbons and flowers of other frivolous components of Easter bonnets, however many frills modern education is guilty of. No, the provision of materials, which is the practical feature which is making the classes popular and successful, where a season or so ago they required a bandage to bring them in contact with the head. This is no problem at all to Miss Bloch, who produces most up-to-date models to prove that satin crowns and flower crowns can be substituted and the head size somehow made to fit. Nothing seems to identify the vintage of a hat so uncompromisingly as its color, but with a pot of paint and

Miss Bloch realized how only tantalizing it would be to offer the object lesson in hat trimming to women who could not hope to imitate it.

Well, though the connection seems rather remote, Judy really owes her new hat to the State university, for this millinery class is one of the far-reaching activities of the home economics department extension service of that institution, through its lively classes popular and successful, where about, is at 319 North Tenth street.

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Now, the State university is not appropriating funds to provide straw and ribbons and flowers of other frivolous components of Easter bonnets, however many frills modern education is guilty of. No, the provision of materials, which is the practical feature which is making the classes popular and successful, where a season or so ago they required a bandage to bring them in contact with the head. This is no problem at all to Miss Bloch, who produces most up-to-date models to prove that satin crowns and flower crowns can be substituted and the head size somehow made to fit. Nothing seems to identify the vintage of a hat so uncompromisingly as its color, but with a pot of paint and

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gasoline or a dime's worth of dye from the drug store, Miss Bloch shows you how you can accomplish a wonderful alibi. And so on. Flowers, fruit and vegetables are "good" this year, as already noted by Mrs. J.—with her demand for cherries, and who gets Fashion's bulletins not much later than the colonel's Lady, you see. These trimmings are expensive in the shops, but with a bit of renovated hair ribbons, lengths of ruffa, scraps of steamed velvet, Miss Bloch makes perfectly good French roses, those hard little green apples and grapes, berries, stems, leaves, flowers, most anything you ask, and just like the "boughten" ones.

Miss Bloch learned the principles of millinery at Pratt Institute and by enthusiastic, untiring application, there are mighty few tricks of the trade, however new and strange, that mystify her.

Freely she gives of her knowledge and advantage, and she will readily with the response she is getting from this eager class.

The main object of these mission classes is "to stimulate and promote self-expression among socially impoverished people," one is told. I am sure this pastor, with his millinery shop, has hit upon a medium in which he will find all women will readily express themselves and in a common language.

And so, you see, Miss Judy Gray, needed these things to weigh, and that was why she had to go to the State university. The answer to that question he had asked that night on the back-yard fence in the bright moonlight.

Said Tommy Kat as he looked at the star: "I don't want to marry your daughter. Now why do you keep me here, guessing when we might go 'round and get a blessing?"

Miss Tabby stretched and heaved a sigh, then on Tommy Kat she cast her eyes. He was handsome, far more than all the rest, and she felt quite sure she loved him best. But like all others of her kind, she pretended to make up her mind.

But Tommy Kat was a hasty fellow. He knew present time was all ways mellow; so he told Miss Tabby 'twas getting late, and whisked her over the back-yard gate. And before she knew where she was at they stood at the door of Minister Cat.

In a minute more they came out married, for Minister Cat, he never tarried. He married off couples as quick as cat, and for his fee he took a rat.

The reception then held was a howling success, as all who came to it had to confess. And all the way through Catville town bottles and shoes were strewn up and down, and when Old Sun Man o'er the hill did sweep every kint in the town was fast asleep.

Some have to take it out in dreaming of the hats they would like to have.

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The Sandman Story for Tonight

By MRS. F. A. WALKER.

M R. TOMMY KAT was in love with Tabby Gray—at least so all the gossips of Catville say. For Tabby was as graceful as a little kit can be. Said Tommy when he saw her, "She's just the wife for me."

But Tabby Gray was fickle, as sometimes kittens are; so she giggled and told Tommy he would have to ask her Pa. For there was big white Tom Cat, with coat as smooth as silk, who often took her walking and treated her to milk. He had told her he would give her a ribbon bright as red, if she would only promise no other cat to wed.

Then there was Tommy Mouser, who by all was called a sport. He had told her that he loved her, and once for her had fought a pain, and when he danced with Tabby Gray, he frightened all the rest away; for when he danced they all stood by and looked on him with jealous eyes.

And Tiger Tom, another swain, who always said he felt a pain in his heart when he saw Tabby Gray, and in his heart she had full away. And there was Tommy Black-and-White, who said he sat up many a night to serenade Miss Tabby Gray on the back-yard fence till break of day.

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INVENTIONS OF THE DAY.

A METAL cigarette case that fits the vest pocket has been invented, from which a single cigarette can be taken without removing the case.

The opening of new telegraph cables to Ceylon has enabled the island to receive messages from London within half an hour of their filing.

To relieve the hand of the man forced to become a straphanger in a crowded car a New Jersey inventor has patented a hooked wristlet.

Peru will wage war on malaria by treating patients, protecting residents of malarial regions, destroying germ bearing insects and draining lowlands.

Tests made in Europe have led experts to decide that ivy benefits rather than injures stone walls, on which it grows by drawing excess moisture from them.

Reduce the quantity of "left-overs" by careful planning.

Sore Feet Epidemic

We've had many kinds of epidemics, but there now seems to be a new one widely prevalent among adults. This is an epidemic of foot troubles, an acute swollen and painful condition of the feet, often quite severe and accompanied with excess sweat.

The cause is attributed to nebulae, high humidity, etc. But the important thing, as its victims will agree, is a remedy. This is to be had, according to foot doctors and druggists, in the peculiar astringent, soothing action of Calo-cide, when used in the footbath. It gives prompt relief and lasting results and is simple to use. Calo-cide costs but a quarter and each package contains little plasters said to remove the most stubborn corn. This is worth trying.—ADV.

To Call the Bluff.

Bronson: Most of the air people put on about the benefits of foreign travel are all a bluff.

Woodson: Yes. But you've got to travel young in order to be able to call the bluff.—Brooklyn Citizen.

He Interested Her.

"I find the professor's statistics stupid."

"I don't," he told me there were 400,000,000 people in the world, and that I was the prettiest girl in the lot."—Stray Stories.

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APRIL 18, 1919.

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Grindstone George.



Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out.



Unconvinced.

Tom Sprague came our way Monday—the first time in a long time he's been over; but when we told him all the moonshine stills had gone dry, he didn't believe it, and went a-huntin'.—Adams (Ga.) Enterprise.

Toward the Bone Yard.

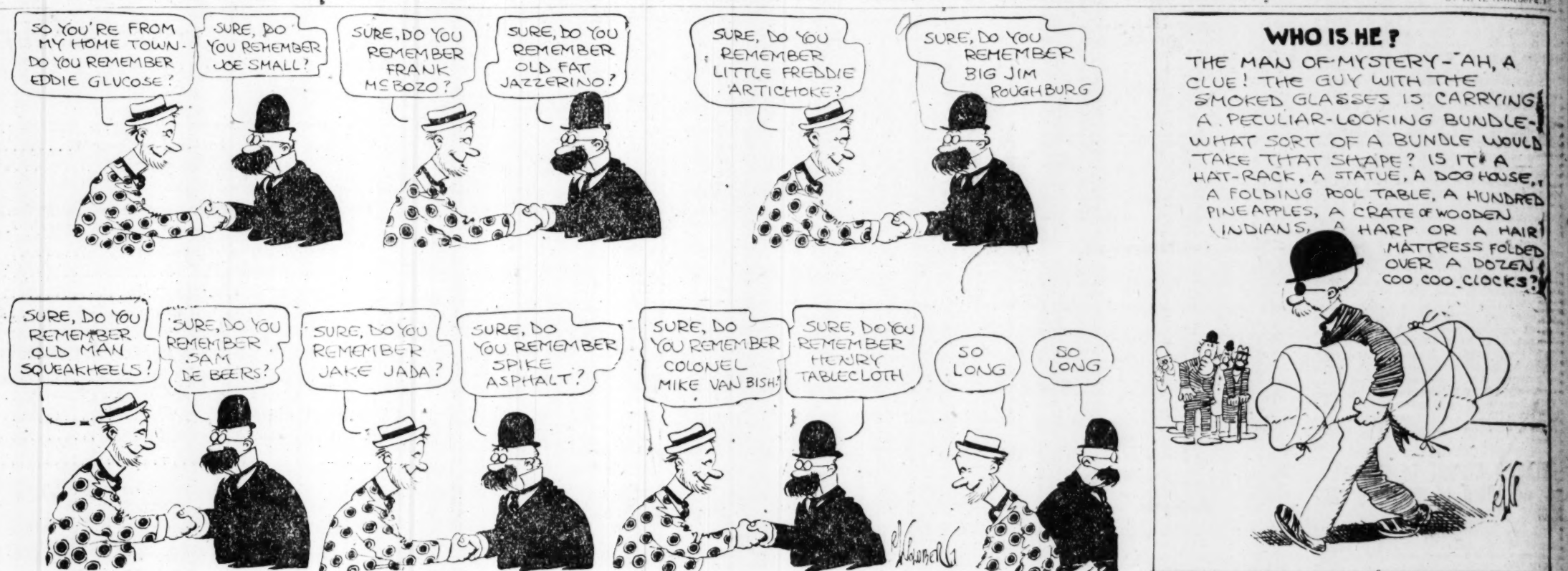
Yeast: I see several of our large stores are advertising big drives in towels.

Crimsonbeak: Yes, it seems as though everybody's helping along this movement to make us go dry.—Yonkers Statesman.

"SAY, POP!"—AMBROSE NEEDS A DOUBLEACTION MEMORY JOGGER.—By PAYNE.



NOW THAT THEY ARE THINKING OF STOPPING SMOKING, HOW ABOUT OTHER CRIMES, TOO?—By GOLDBERG



MUTT AND JEFF—THEY'RE STILL TRYING TO FLY FROM FRANCE TO AMERICA.—By BUD FISHER.



PENNY ANTE—The Early Bird.

By Jean Knott



Just What to Do.

Commander Capsicum, who looked after the submarine defenses at little Winkleville, had spent the morning instructing the minesweeper's crew in their duties, relates Pearson's Weekly.

"Now, you see," he said, "fingering his models, 'you run a sub like this. Do you want to ask me any questions?'"

"Please, sir," piped some son of a sea cook, "what shall I do if I see a submarine?"

The instructor gazed at the man with sparks coming out of his eyes, and the rest of the class thought out all the horrible stories of the punishments Nero inflicted on those who crossed him.

"Do!" roared Capsicum, when he found his voice, "do, man, do! Why follow the—thing home and take the name and address?"

Putting the Clock Ahead.

How times have changed. The old-fashioned girl who used never to sit up later than 9 o'clock has a daughter now who just starts out at 9 o'clock for the evening.—Boston Transcript.

'Twas in the Fall.

OFTEN wonder why the public look at things from so many different angles. One day, when I was over at Connor's office, waiting for an interview, Jay Gould was looking out of a window facing east. He called my attention to a scene that I shall never forget. It was a man, staggeringly drunk, carrying a demijohn of whiskey in his hand, and pointing to him Jay Gould turned to me and laughed, "What a perversion of the old saying—'United they fall, divided they would stand.'"—Magazine of Wall Street.

The Goods, All Right.

First Gossip: Don't tell a soul, but I saw a whole barrel of whisky delivered to the Topeleys' this afternoon in broad daylight.

Second Gossip: How'd you know it was whisky? Why, Topeley himself helped the delivery man handle it with care.—Buffalo Express.

For Instance.

The world can ill spare any vice which has obtained long and largely among civilized people. Such a vice must have some good along with its deformities.—Ed Howe's Monthly.

Probably Permanent This Time.

"De Croix is credited with carrying \$900 on his person when last killed."—Daily Bulletin, Valdez, Alaska.

Dogged Criticism.

"To prevent growth of similar conditions in America, Congress must take such action as will put government affairs in constructive rather than a passing or questionable position."—Charleston News and Courier.

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